OIMMERGAS

HERCULES MINI 35

ΙE

Instructions and recommendations

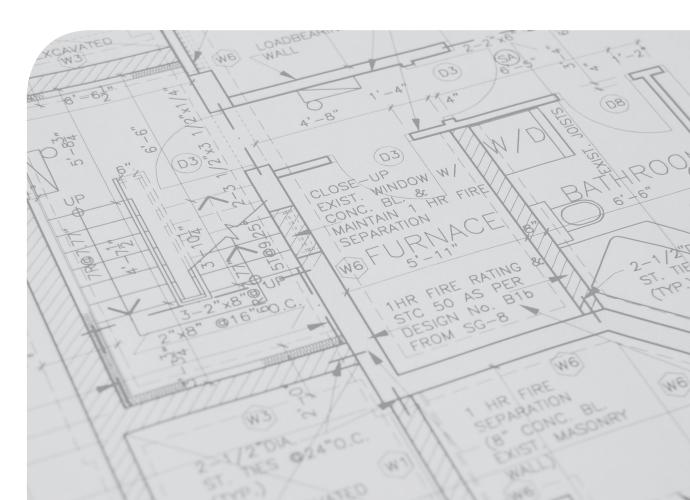
Installer

User

Maintenance technician

Technical Data





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Dear Customer

Congratulations for having chosen a top-quality Immergas product, able to assure well-being and safety for a long period of time. As an Immergas customer you can also count on a Qualified Authorised After-Sales Technical Assistance Centre, prepared and updated to guarantee constant efficiency of your appliance. Read the following pages carefully: you will be able to draw useful tips on the proper use of the device, compliance with which will confirm your satisfaction with the Immergas product.

The company IMMERGAS S.p.A., with registered office in via Cisa Ligure 95 42041 Brescello (RE), declares that the design, manufacturing and after-sales assistance processes comply with the requirements of standard UNI EN ISO 9001:2015.

For further details on the product CE marking, request a copy of the Declaration of Conformity from the manufacturer, specifying the appliance model and the language of the country.

The manufacturer declines all liability due to printing or transcription errors, reserving the right to make any modifications to its technical and commercial documents without forewarning.



GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

This book contains important information for the:

Installer(section 1);

User (section 2);

Maintenance Technician (section 3).

- The user must carefully read the instructions in the specific section (section 2).
- The user must limit operations on the appliance only to those explicitly allowed in the specific section.
- The appliance must be installed by qualified and professionally trained personnel.
- The instruction booklet is an integral and essential part of the product and must be given to the new user in the case of transfer or succession of ownership.
- It must be stored with care and consulted carefully, as all of the warnings provide important safety indications for installation, use and maintenance stages.
- In compliance with the legislation in force, the systems must be designed by qualified professionals, within the dimensional limits established by the Law. Installation and maintenance must be performed in compliance with the regulations in force, according to the manufacturer's instructions and by professionally qualified staff, meaning staff with specific technical skills in the plant sector, as provided for by Law.
- Improper installation or assembly of the Immergas device and/or components, accessories, kits and devices can cause unexpected problems for people, animals and objects. Read the instructions provided with the product carefully to ensure proper installation.
- This instructions manual provides technical information for installing Immergas products. As for the other issues related to the installation of products (e.g. safety at the workplace, environmental protection, accident prevention), it is necessary to comply with the provisions of the standards in force and the principles of good practice.
- All Immergas products are protected with suitable transport packaging.
- The material must be stored in a dry place protected from the weather.
- Damaged products must not be installed.
- Maintenance must be carried out by skilled technical staff. For example, the Authorised Service Centre that represents a guarantee of qualifications and professionalism.
- The appliance must only be destined for the use for which it has been expressly declared. Any other use will be considered improper and therefore potentially dangerous.
- If errors occur during installation, operation and maintenance, due to non-compliance with technical laws in force, standards or instructions contained in this booklet (or however supplied by the manufacturer), the manufacturer is excluded from any contractual and extra-contractual liability for any damages and the device warranty is invalidated.
- In the event of malfunctions, faults or incorrect operation, turn the appliance off and contact an authorised company (e.g. the Authorised Technical Assistance Centre, which has specifically trained staff and original spare parts). Do not attempt to modify or repair the appliance alone.



SAFETY SYMBOLS USED



GENERICHAZARD

Strictly follow all of the indications next to the pictogram. Failure to follow the indications can generate hazard situations resulting in possible harm to the health of the operator and user in general, and/or property damage.



ELECTRICAL HAZARD

Strictly follow all of the indications next to the pictogram. The symbol indicates the appliance's electrical components or, in this manual, identifies actions that can cause an electrical hazard.



MOVING PARTS

 $The \, symbol \, indicates \, the \, appliance \'s \, moving \, components \, that \, can \, cause \, hazards.$



DANGER OF HOT SURFACES

The symbol indicates the appliance's very hot components that can cause burns.



WARNINGS

Strictly follow all of the indications next to the pictogram. Failure to follow the indications can generate hazard situations resulting in possible minor injuries to the health of both the operator and the user in general, and/or slight material damage.



ATTENTION

Read and understand the instructions of the appliance before carrying out any operation, carefully following the instructions given. Failure to observe the instructions may result in malfunction of the unit.



INFORMATION

 $Indicates \, useful \, tips \, or \, additional \, information.$



EARTHTERMINAL CONNECTION

The symbol identifies the appliance's earth terminal connection point.



DISPOSAL WARNING

The user must not dispose of the appliance at the end of its service life as municipal waste, but send it to appropriate collection centres.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT



SAFETY GLOVES



EYEPROTECTION



SAFETY FOOTWEAR

1

UNITINSTALLATION

INSTALLATION WARNINGS



Operators who install and service the appliance must wear the suitable personal protective equipment required by applicable law.





This appliance has been designed for base mounted installation only, for central heating and production of domestic hot water for domestic use and similar purposes.



In the event the unit is installed in damp places, one must provide an insulation system underneath it, to insulate it from the ground.



The place of installation of the appliance and relative Immergas accessories must have suitable features (technical and structural), such as to allow for (always in safe, efficient and comfortable conditions):

- $-\ installation (according to the provisions of technical legislation and technical regulations);$
- maintenance operations (including scheduled, periodic, routine and special maintenance);
- removal (to outdoors in the place for loading and transporting the appliances and components) as well as the eventual replacement of those with appliances and/or equivalent components.



By varying the type of installation the classification of the appliance and precisely:

- $Type B_{23}$ or B_{53} appliance if installed using the relevant terminals for air intake directly from the room in which the appliance has been installed.
- **Type C appliance** if installed using concentric pipes or other types of pipes envisioned for the sealed chamber appliance for intake of air and expulsion of flue gas.



 $The \ equipment\ classification\ is\ shown\ in\ the\ illustrations\ of\ the\ various\ installation\ solutions\ on\ the\ following\ pages.$



 $Only \, professionally \, enabled \, companies \, are \, authorised \, to \, in stall \, Immergas \, gas \, appliances.$



In stall at ion must be carried out according to regulation standards, current legislation and in compliance with local technical regulations and the required technical procedures.



It is forbidden to install appliances removed from other systems.

The manufacturer declines all liability in the event of damage caused by appliances removed from other systems or for any non-conformities with such equipment.



Check the environmental operating conditions of all parts relevant to installation, referring to the values shown in the technical data table in this booklet.



Installation of the appliance when powered by LPG must comply with the rules regarding gases with a greater density than air (remember, as an example, that it is prohibited to install plants powered with the above-mentioned gas in rooms where the floor is at a lower quota than the country level).





If installing a kit or servicing the appliance, always empty the system's domestic hot water circuit first so as not to compromise the appliance's electrical safety (Par. 3.26, 2.12).

 $Always \, disconnect \, the \, appliance \, from \, voltage \, and, depending \, on \, the \, type \, of \, operation, \, decrease \, the \, pressure \, and/or \, bring \, it \, to \, zero \, in \, the \, gas \, and \, DHW \, circuits.$



Before installing the appliance, ensure that it is delivered in perfect condition; if in doubt, contact the supplier immediately. Packing materials (staples, nails, plastic bags, polystyrene foam, etc.) constitute a hazard and must be kept out of the reach of children.

If the appliance is installed inside or between cabinets, ensure sufficient space for routine servicing; for minimum installation distances, see Fig. 5.



It is just as important that the intake grids and exhaust terminals are not obstructed.



It is recommended to check that no flue gas recirculation is found in the air sample points (0.5% maximum permitted CO₂).



Keep all combustible material away from the appliance (paper, rags, plastic, polystyrene, etc.).



The minimum distance for exhaust pipes from flammable materials must be at least 25 cm.



In the event of malfunctions, faults or incorrect operation, turn the appliance off and contact an authorised company (e.g. the Authorised Technical Assistance Centre, which has specifically trained staff and original spare parts). Do not attempt to modify or repair the appliance alone.



Any modification to the appliance that is not explicitly indicated in this section of the booklet is forbidden.

Installation standards



This type of installation is possible when permitted by the laws in force in the appliance's country of destination.



This appliance must be installed in an environment where the temperature cannot fall below 0° C. Do not expose the appliance to atmospheric agents.



Installation of gas appliances, flue exhaust pipes and combustion air intake pipes is forbidden in places with a fire risk (for example: garages, closed parking stalls), and in potentially dangerous places.



Installation is forbidden in places/rooms that constitute common parts of apartment buildings such as cellars, entrance halls, attics, lofts, internal stairs or other elements making up escape routes, unless otherwise provided by local regulations.





These appliances are used to heat water to below boiling temperature in atmospheric pressure.



They must be connected to a central heating system and domestic hot water circuit suited to their performance and capacity.



Risk of damage due to corrosion caused by unsuitable combustion air and environment.



Spray, solvents, chlorine-based detergents, paints, glue, ammonium compounds, powders and similar cause product and flue duct corrosion.



Check that combustion air power supply is free from chlorine, sulphur, powders, etc.



Make sure that no chemical substances are stored in the place of installation.



If you want to install the product in beauty salons, paint workshops, carpenter's shop, cleaning companies or similar, choose a separate installation area that ensures combustion air supply that is free from chemical substances.



Make sure the combustion air is not fed through chimneys that were previously used with boilers or other central heating appliances powered by liquid or solid fuels. In fact, these may cause an accumulation of soot in the chimney

Risk of material damage after using sprays and liquids to search for leaks



Leak sprays and liquids clog the reference hole P.Ref. (Fig. 65) of the gas valve, damaging it irreparably. During installation and maintenance, do not use spray or liquids on the gas valve (electric connections side).

Filling the condensate drain trap



When the appliance is switched on for the first time, combustion products come out of the condensate drain. After a few minutes of operation, check that combustion flue gases are no longer coming out of the condensate drain; this means that the drain trap has filled to a correct condensate height that the flue gases cannot pass through.

"Anti-legionella" thermal treatment of the accumulation storage tank.



"Anti-Legionella" heat treatment of the Immergas storage tank (can be activated both from the boiler panel and from the external temperature control systems provided).

 $During this phase, the temperature of the water inside the tank exceeds 60 ^{\circ}C with the subsequent risk of burns.$

Keep this domestic hot water treatment under control (and inform the users) to prevent unforeseeable damage to people, animals, things.

If required install a thermostatic valve on the domestic hot water outlet to prevent scalding.



Open chamber appliances type B_{23} and B_{53} must not be installed in rooms in which commercial, craft or industrial activities are carried out where products are used that are capable of developing vapours or volatile substances (e.g. acid vapours, glues, paints, solvents, fuels, etc.), as well as dust (e.g. dust from wood processing, coal dust, cement dust, etc.) that could be harmful to the appliance's components and impair its operation.



In configuration B_{23} and B_{53} , unless local regulations are in force, the appliances must not be installed in bedrooms, bathrooms, toilets or studios; they must neither be installed in rooms containing solid fuel heat generators nor in rooms communicating with said rooms.



The installation rooms must be permanently ventilated, in compliance with the local regulations in force (at least 6 cm² for every kW of installed heat input, except in the event of any increases needed for electro-mechanical vacuum cleaners or other devices that could put the installation room under vacuum).



 $In stall \, the \, appliances \, in \, B_{23} \, and \, B_{53} \, configuration \, in \, non-residential \, premises \, and \, which \, are \, permanently \, ventilated.$

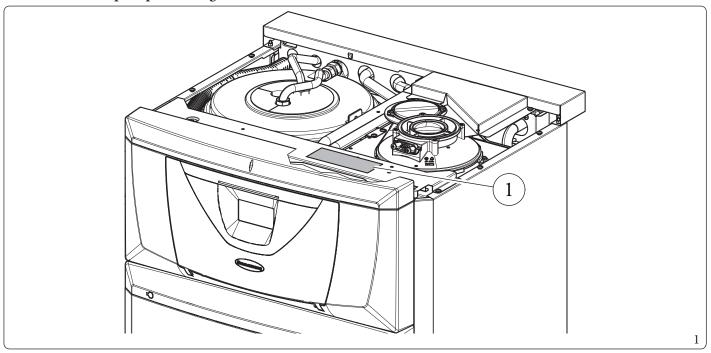


Failure to comply with the above implies personal responsibility and invalidates the warranty.

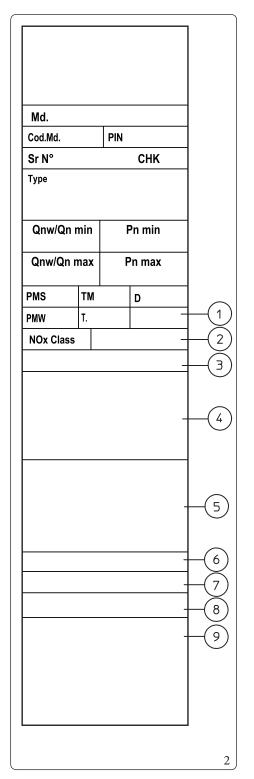


1.2 DATA NAMEPLATE AND INSTALLATION INFORMATION STICKER

1.2.1 Data nameplate positioning



1.2.2 Key for data nameplate



	ENG
Md.	Model
Cod. Md.	Model code
PIN	PINcode
Sr N°	Serial Number
СНК	Check
Type	Type of installation (ref. UNI EN 1749)
Qnwmin	Minimum DHW heat input
Qnmin	Central heating minimum heat input
Pnmin	Minimum heat output
Qnwmax	DHW maximum heat input
Qnmax	Central heating maximum heat input
Pnmax	Maximum heat output
PMS	Maximum system pressure
TM	Maximum operating temperature
D	Specific flow rate
PMW	Maximum domestic hot water pressure
T.	Minimum and maximum installation temperature
1	IP protection rating
NOx Class	NOx Class
2	Rated voltage - Power supply symbol - Rated frequency - Rated output (Absorption)
3(*)	Maximum additional absorption of kits that can be installed (to be added to the Rated output)
4	Logos and markings
5	Gas categories and countries of destination
6(*)	Specific information for Belgium
7	Factory calibration
8(*)	Hydrogen ready
9	Type of appliance

(*) = if present.



 $The \, technical \, data \, are \, provided \, on \, the \, data \, plate \, on \, the \, appliance.$



1.2.3 Installation information sticker

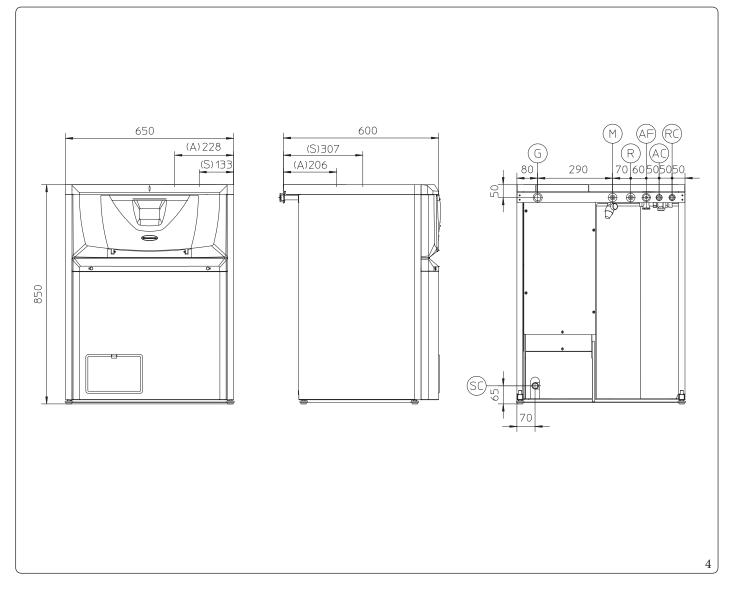
Md.			
Sr N°			
Qr	kW		
Qrw	kW		(
Typ-ins		_	-(1)

	ENG
Md.	Model
SrN°	Serial Number
Qr	Central heating output set
Qrw	DHW output set
Typ-ins	Type of flue installed
1	Adhesive item code



At the time of installation, the authorised technician must fill in the facsimile of the installation information sticker in the booklet with the information indicated. This sticker is inside the warranty group; it must be filled out and applied visibly outside the appliance (see Par. 3.2).

1.3 MAIN DIMENSIONS



Key (Fig. 4):

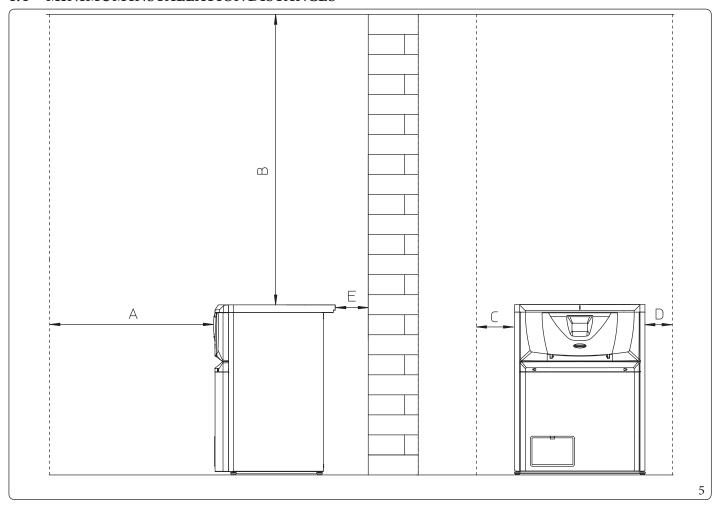
G - G1/2"Gassupply
AC - DHW outlet G1/2"
AF - DHW inlet G1/2"
M - System flow G1"
R - System return G1"

RC - Recirculation G 1/2" (optional)

SC - Condensate drain (minimum internal diameter Ø 13 mm)

A - Intake S - Exhaust

1.4 MINIMUM INSTALLATION DISTANCES



Key (Fig. 5):

A - 450 mm B - 350 mm C - 30 mm D - 200 mm E - 10 mm

1.5 GAS CONNECTION

Our appliances are built to work with natural gas (G20), LPG and mixtures of methane and hydrogen at 20% in volume (20%H2NG), referred to the gas distributed in the network. Power supply pipes must be the same as or larger than the appliance fitting.



Before connecting the gas line, carefully clean inside all the fuel feed system pipes to remove any residue that could impair appliance efficiency.

Also make sure the gas corresponds to that for which the appliance is prepared (see appliance data nameplate). If different, the boiler must be converted for operation with the other type of gas (see converting appliance for other gas types).



It is also important to check the dynamic pressure of the mains (methane or LPG) used to supply the boiler, which must comply with EN 437 and its attachment, as insufficient levels may reduce generator output and cause discomfort to the user. Static/dynamic network pressures higher than those required for regular operation may cause serious damage to the appliance control elements; in this case shut the gas line off.

Do not operate the device.

Have the device checked by experienced personnel.



According to the local regulation in force, make sure that a gas isolation valve is installed upstream of each connection between the appliance and the gas system. This valve, if supplied by the appliance's manufacturer, can be directly connected to the appliance (i.e. downstream from the pipes connecting the system to the appliance), according to the manufacturer's instructions.

The Immergas connection unit, supplied as an optional kit, also includes the gas isolation valve, whose installation instructions are provided in the kit. In any case, make sure the gas isolation valve is connected properly.

The coupling system must conform to standards in force (EN 1775).

The gas supply pipe must be suitably dimensioned according to current regulations in order to guarantee correct gas flow rate to the burner even in conditions of maximum generator output and to guarantee appliance efficiency (technical specifications).



The appliance is designed to operate with fuel gas free from impurities; otherwise it is advisable to fit special filters upstream of the appliance to restore the purity of the fuel.

Storage tanks (in case of supply from LPG depot).

- New LPG storage tanks may contain residual inert gases (nitrogen) that degrade the mixture delivered to the appliance casing functioning anomalies.
- Due to the composition of the LPG mixture, layering of the mixture components may occur during the period of storage in the tanks. This can cause a variation in the calorific value of the mixture delivered to the appliance, with subsequent change in its performance.



1.6 HYDRAULIC CONNECTION



In order not to void the condensation module warranty, before making the device connections, carefully clean the heating system (pipes, radiators, etc.) with special pickling or descaling products to remove any deposits that could compromise correct device operation.

The current technical standards in force prescribes the washing and treatment of the water in the heating and water system, in order to protect the system and the appliance from deposits (e.g. scale), slurry or other hazardous deposits.

Hydraulic connections must be made in a rational way using the couplings on the appliance template.

3 and 8 bar safety valve



The appliance safety valves outlet must be connected to a tundish.

Otherwise, the appliance's manufacturer declines any responsibility in case of flooding if the drain valves cut.



The manufacturer declines all liability in the event of damage caused by the installation of an automatic filling system.

In order to meet the system requirements established by EN 1717 in terms of pollution of drinking water, we recommend installing the IMMERGAS anti-backflow kit to be used upstream of the cold water inlet connection of the appliance. We also recommend using category 2 heat transfer fluid (e.g.: water+ glycol) in the appliance's primary circuit (C.H. circuit), as defined in standard EN 1717.

Condensate drain

To drain the condensate produced by the appliance, it is necessary to connect to the drainage system by means of acid condensate resistant pipes, with an internal \emptyset of at least 13 mm.

The system connecting the appliance to the drainage system must be carried out in such a way as to prevent occlusion and freezing of the liquid contained in it.

Before appliance ignition, ensure that the condensate can be correctly removed. After first ignition, check that the drain trap is filled with condensate (Parag. 1.30).

Also, comply with national and local regulations on discharging waste waters.

In the event condensate is not discharged into the wastewater drainage system, a condensate neutraliser must be installed to ensure compliance with the parameters established by the legislation in force.

1.7 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

The appliance has an IPX5D protection degree; electrical safety of the appliance is achieved only when it is connected properly to an efficient earthing system, as specified by current safety standards.



The manufacturer declines any responsibility for damage or physical injury caused by failure to connect the appliance to an efficient earthing system or failure to comply with the IEC reference standards.

Control panel connections compartment opening (Fig. 6).

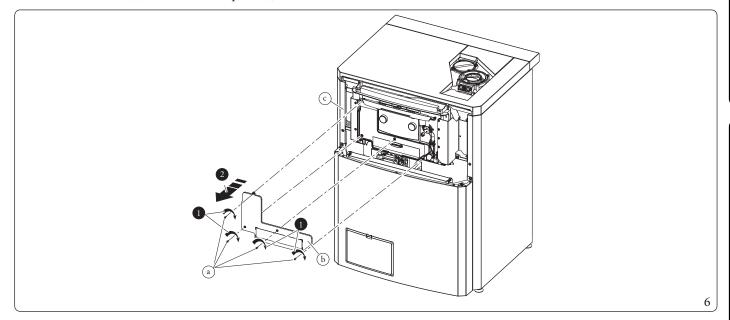


The power supply cable must be connected to a 230V $\pm 10\%$ / 50Hz mains supply respecting L-N polarity and earth connection; this network must also have a multipole circuit breaker with class III overvoltage category in compliance with installation regulations.

 $To \ disassemble \ the \ casing \ to \ have \ access \ to \ the \ connections \ compartment, follow \ the \ instructions \ in \ Par. \ 3.28).$

To carry out electrical connections, all you have to do is open the connections compartment as follows.

- 1. Disassemble the front (Fig. 6)
- 2. Loosen the screws (a).
- 3. Remove the cover (b) from the control panel (c).



At this point, you can access the terminal board.

Also ensure that the electrical installation corresponds to maximum absorbed power specifications as shown on the appliance data nameplate.

The boilers are supplied complete with a "Y" type H 05 VVF 3 x 0.75 mm² power supply cable, without plug.





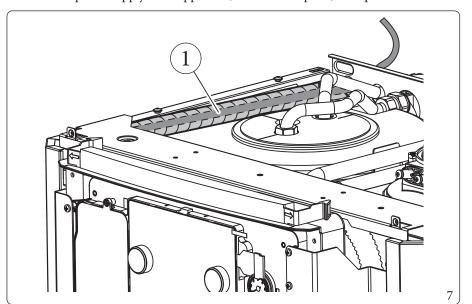
To protect from possible leakage of DC voltage, it is necessary to provide a type A or type F residual current safety device with 30 mA sensitivity.



If the power cable is damaged, contact a qualified company (e.g. the Authorised Technical Assistance Centre) for its replacement to avoid a hazard.

The power cable must be laid as shown (Fig. 7).

If the network fuse on the P.C.B. needs replacing, this must also be done by qualified personnel: use a 5x20250V3.15 A fast fuse. For the main power supply to the appliance, never use adapters, multiple sockets or extension leads.



Key (Fig. 7)
1 - Power supply cable

Installation with system operating at direct low temperature

The appliance can directly feed a low temperature system by acting on the "MENU - SUPPORT - C.H." parameter (Par. 3.15) and setting the flow temperature adjustment range "MAXIMUM FLOW SET" and "MINIMUM FLOW SET"; in this situation, it is advisable to insert a safety device consisting of a thermostat with a limit temperature of 55° C.

Execute connection to terminal boards 14 and 15, eliminating jumper X70 (Fig. 61).

To position the thermostat on the system flow pipe on the appliance, see the kit's instruction sheet.

1.8 REMOTE CONTROLS AND ROOM CHRONO-THERMOSTATS (OPTIONAL)

The appliance is set up for room chrono-thermostats or remote controls, available as optional kits.

All Immergas chrono-thermostats are connected with 2 wires only.

Carefully read the user and assembly instructions contained in the accessory kit.



Disconnect power to the unit before making any electrical connections.

On/OffImmergas digital chrono-thermostat.

The chrono-thermostat allows:

- set two room temperature value: one for day (comfort temperature) and one for night (reduced temperature);
- set a weekly programme with four daily switch on and switch off times;
- selecting the required function mode from the various possible alternatives:
- manual mode (with adjustable temperature);
- automatic mode (with set programme);
- forced automatic operation (momentarily changing the temperature of the automatic program).

The chrono-thermostat is powered by two 1.5V LR 6 type alkaline batteries.

"Comando Amico Remoto" (Remote Control Device) V2 (CARV2) with climate chrono-thermostat function.

In addition to the functions described in the previous point, the CAR^{v_2} panel enables the user to control all the important information regarding operation of the appliance and the heating system with the opportunity to easily intervene on the previously set parameters, without having to go to where the appliance is installed.

The panel is equipped with self-diagnosis to show any appliance operating anomalies on the display.

The climate chrono-thermostat incorporated into the remote panel enables the system flow temperature to be adjusted to the actual needs of the room being heated, in order to obtain the desired room temperature with extreme precision and therefore with evident saving in running costs.

The CAR^{v_2} is fed directly by the appliance by means of the same 2 wires used for the transmission of data between the appliance and device.



"Comando Amico Remoto" (Remote Control Device) V^2 or On/Off chrono-thermostat electrical connection (Optional).



The operations described below must be performed after having removed the voltage from the appliance.

Any room thermostat or ON-OFF must be connected to terminals 40 and 41 eliminating link X40.

Any CAR^{v_2} must be connected to terminals 44-C and 41 complying with the polarity without eliminating jumper X40.

Make sure that the On/Off thermostat contact is of the "clean" type, i.e. independent of the mains voltage, otherwise the P.C.B. would be damaged.



 $If the Comando Amico Remoto remote control \ ^{v_2} or any other On/Off chrono-thermostat is used arrange two separate lines in compliance with current regulations regarding electrical systems.$

 $All \, appliance \, pipes \, must \, never \, be \, used \, to \, earth \, the \, electric \, or \, telephone \, system.$

 $Ensure\,elimination\,of\,this\,risk\,before\,making\,the\,appliance\,electrical\,connections.$

Dialogue to remote devices (Optional)



Any remote devices must be connected to terminals 44-C-41 without eliminating jumper X40.

On this path it is possible to select different remote control modes:

Support/Inputs/Remote control

- **Remote control = IMG BUS**: it is the default condition for correct dialogue with the CAR^{v2} devices. In this condition, the selection of the operating mode, DHW (Domestic hot water) set, central heating / C.H. set and the central heating / C.H. request (for zone 1 in case of system divided into several zones) are fully managed by CAR^{v2}. The anti-legionella function can be activated on the appliance in the usual way.
- Remote control = 1: it is possible to manage the DHW Mode entirely and solely via the appliance (set, boost, anti-legionella management). This type of dialogue is recommended for commercial remote devices, other than CAR^{v_2} . The remote control will remain in control of the "Operating mode", "Set Central heating / C.H." and "Central heating / C.H. demand".
- **Remote control = 2**: not used on this model.

1.9 EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE PROBE (OPTIONAL)

The appliance is prepared for the application of the external probe (Fig. 8), which is available as an optional kit.

Refer to the relative instruction sheet for positioning of the external probe.

The probe can be connected directly to the appliance electrical system and allows the max. system flow temperature to be automatically decreased when the external temperature increases, in order to adjust the heat supplied to the system according to the change in external temperature.

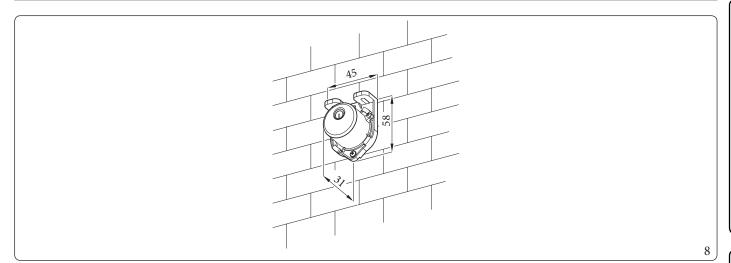
 $The \, external \, probe \, always \, operates \, when \, connected, regardless \, of the \, presence \, or \, type \, of room \, chrono-thermostat \, used \, and \, can \, work \, in \, combination \, with \, Immergas \, chrono-thermostats.$

If wireless room probes are used, it is possible to activate or deactivate the action of the external probe for each individual zone in use, by acting on the parameter in the zone menu.

The electric connection of the external probe must be made on terminals 38 and 39 on the terminal board on the appliance control panel (Fig. 61).



If the probe is used, it is mandatory to set up two separate lines in compliance with current regulations regarding electrical systems.

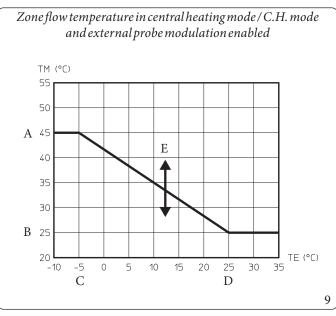


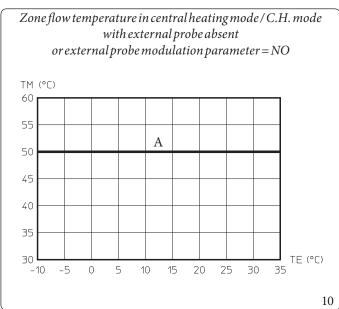
1.10 TEMPERATURE CONTROL SETTING

By setting the parameters in the "Zones/Configuration/Regulation" menus (with Service access), it is possible to automatically adjust the flow temperature of each zone according to the outdoor temperature.

This can be done by enabling the external probe modulation in the menu "Zones/Configuration/Regulation" (Default = Yes.

The curves (Fig. 9, 10) show examples of central heating flow temperature settings in the various operating modes available both with external probe and without.





Key (Fig. 9, 10)

TE - External temperature
TM - Flow temperature
A - Maximum flow set
B - Minimum flowset*

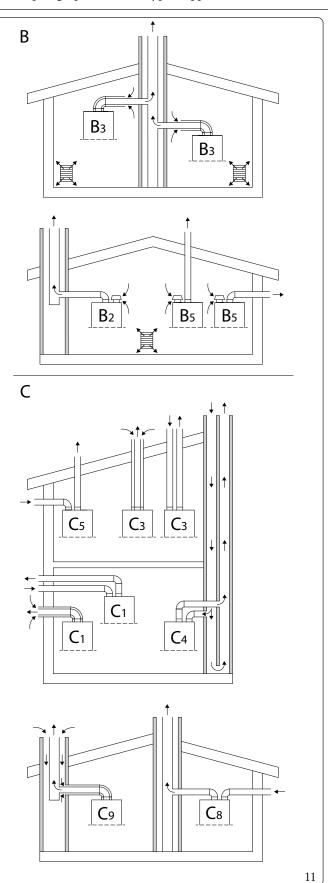
C - Minimum external temperature*
D - Maximum external temperature *

E - Climatic curve offset *Functions reserved for Service

1.11 GENERALEXAMPLES OF TYPES OF INSTALLATION OF FLUE SYSTEMS

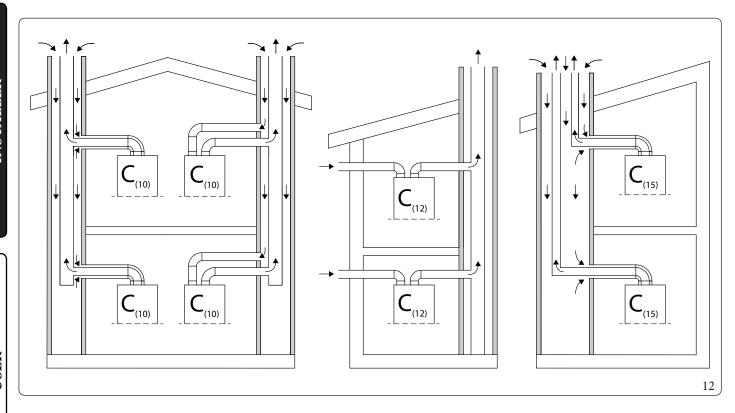


For the types of installation of the flue systems approved for this product, scrupulously follow what is indicated in the table in paragraph 4.3, in the "type of appliance" line.



	Installation types summarised table (Fig. 11):
В	Appliance that withdraws air from the environment where it is installed and releases combustion products outside (either directly or through the flue).
B_2	Appliance that withdraws air from the environment where it i installed and releases combustion products in the flue.
B_3	Appliance connected to a conventional flue. A concentric pipe connects the flue to the appliance, in which the pressurised exhaust pipe is completely enveloped by combustion air withdrawn from inside the room. The combustion air is withdrawn by calibrated orifices present in the intake pipe.
B ₅	Appliance that withdraws air from the environment where it installed and directly releases combustion products outside (through wall or roof).
	T. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
С	Appliance whose combustion circuit (air feed, combustion chamber, heat exchanger and exhaust of combustion product is sealed with respect to the room where the appliance is installed.
C ₁	Appliance with pipes connecting to a horizontal terminal, which simultaneously allows the inlet of combustion air and t release of flue gas through concentric orifices or close enough be in similar wind conditions.
C ₃	Appliance with pipes connecting to a vertical terminal, which simultaneously allows the inlet of combustion air and the release of flue gas through concentric orifices or close enough be in similar wind conditions.
C_4	Appliance with two separate pipes connecting to a collective conventional flue. The flue consists of two pipes, concentric or separate, with air intake in one and flue gas release in the other and are in similar wind conditions.
C ₅	Appliance that withdraws air from outside and directly releas combustion products outside (through wall or roof). These pipes can end up in different pressure zones.
C ₆	Type Cappliance intended to be connected to an approved system and sold separately.
C ₈	Appliance connected, through the exhaust pipe, to an individ all or collective conventional flue. A second pipe is provided for the intake of combustion air from outside.
C ₉	Appliance connected, through a ducted exhaust pipe, to a vertical terminal. The exhaust pipe, by means of the cavity, als acts as a combustion air intake pipe.





	Installation types summarised table (Fig. 12):			
	Appliance intended for connection, via its ducts, to a collective flue designed for more than one appliance. This flue consists of two ducts			
$C_{(10)}$	connected to a terminal, which simultaneously allows combustion air to enter and flue gas to be exhausted through orifices that are concen-			
	tric or close enough to be in similar wind conditions.			
	Appliance intended for connection, via its exhaust duct, to a collective flue designed for more than one appliance. A second duct, an integral part of the appliance, is provided for the intake of combustion air from outside.			
$C_{(12)}$	part of the appliance, is provided for the intake of combustion air from outside.			
	Appliance connected to a vertical flue exhaust terminal and a common vertical duct, designed for more than one appliance, for air intake. This			
$C_{(15)}$	duct simultaneously allows the inlet of combustion air and the release of flue gas through concentric orifices or close enough to be in similar			
	wind conditions.			

1.12 IMMERGAS FLUE SYSTEMS

Immergas supplies various solutions separately from the appliances regarding the installation of air intake and flue exhaust terminals, which are fundamental for appliance operation.

These solutions forman integral part of the product.



The appliance must be installed with an original Immergas "Green Range" inspectionable air intake system and flue gas extraction system made of plastic, with the exception of configuration C_6 in the configurations envisaged in Parag. 1.11, as required by the regulations in force and by the product's approval. This flue can be identified by an identification mark and special distinctive marking bearing the note "only for condensation boilers".

For non-original flue system, refer to the technical data of the appliance.



 $The plastic pipes cannot be installed outdoors, for tracts longer than 40\,cm, without suitable protection from UV rays and other atmospheric agents.$

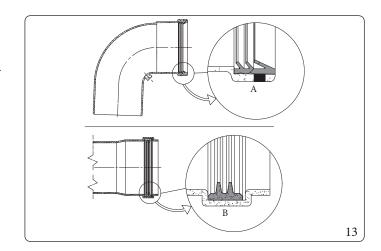


Positioning the gaskets (black) for "green range" flue systems.

Position the gasket correctly (for bends and extensions) (Fig. 13):

- gasket (A) with notches, to use for bends;
- gasket (B) without notches, to use for extensions.

If necessary, to ease the push-fitting, spread the supplied lubricants on the parts.



Extension pipes and concentric elbows push-fittings.

To install push-fitting extensions with other elements of the flue, proceed as follows:

- Install the concentric pipe or elbow with the male side (smooth) on the female side (with lip seal) to the end stop on the previously installed element in order to ensure sealing efficiency of the coupling.



USER

If the exhaust terminal and/or extension concentric pipe needs shortening, consider that the internal duct must always protrude by 5 mm with respect to the external duct.



For safety purposes, do not even temporarily obstruct the appliance intake/exhaust terminal.

The various parts of the flue system must be checked to ensure that they have been laid in such a way as to prevent the coupled parts from detaching, in particular, the flue exhaust duct in the Ø80 separator kit configuration. If the condition described above is not adequately guaranteed, it will be necessary to use the appropriate retaining clamp kit.



When installing horizontal pipes, a minimum inclination of 5% towards the appliance must be maintained, and a section clamp with plug must be installed every 3 metres.

1.13 EQUIVALENT LENGTHS OF "GREEN RANGE" FLUE SYSTEM COMPONENTS.

Equivalent concentric lengths Ø 60/100						
Ø duct [mm]	Type of duct	Picture	Equivalent length in [m] of concentric pipe Ø 60/100 mm			
	Pipe Ø 60/100 mm L = 1 m			1,0		
	90° bend Ø 60/100 mm			1,3		
	45° bend Ø 60/100 mm			1,0		
60/100	Horizontal terminal Ø 60/100 mm $L = 1 m$					
	Horizontal terminal Ø 60/100 mm		0°spout			
	L = 1 m adjustable		45° spout			
	Vertical terminal Ø 60/100 mm $L=1,25~\text{m}$					

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The values of the equivalent lengths in metres of concentric pipe of the \emptyset 60/100 terminals are not the actual ones, but are weighted values to be used for the calculation of the flue.

Equivalent concentric lengths Ø 80/125						
Ø duct [mm]	Type of duct	Picture	Equivalentlengthin [m] of concentric pipe Ø 80/125 mm			
	Pipe Ø 80/125 mm L = 1 m			1,0		
	90° bendØ 80/125 mm			1,4		
	45° bend Ø 80/125 mm			1,0		
80/125	Reduction kit from Ø 60/100 to Ø 80/125 mm			0,5		
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80/125 mm $L = 0.75$ m					
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80/125 mm $L = 1 \text{ m}$					
	Vertical terminal Ø 80/125 mm $L = 1 \text{ m}$					

Ø duct [mm]	Type of duct	Picture	Equivalent leng Ø 80	gthin [m] of pipe mm
	PipeØ 80 mm	75.00	Exhaust	1,0
	L = 1 m		Intake	0,7
	90° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	2,1
	90 Deng 9 80 mm		Intake	1,6
	45° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	1,3
	45 bendy 80 mm		Intake	1,0
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80 mm	227	Exhaust	3,5
	L = 1 m		Intake	2,5
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80 mm grid part	and a second	Exhaust	2,5
		<u> </u>	Intake	1,8
	Vertical terminal \emptyset 80 mm L = 1 m	(d)	Exhaust	3,0
80/80 and rigid 80	Stainless steel vertical terminal \emptyset 80 mm $L = 1$ m		Exhaust	3,0
	Suction kit Ø 80 mm for configuration B		Intake	4,3
	Vertical terminal \emptyset 80 mm L = 1,25 m		Exhaust	4,6
	Pipe∅ 80/125 mm L = 1 m			1,8
	90° bendØ 80/125 mm			2,5
	45° bendØ 80/125 mm			1,8
	Reduction kit from Ø 60/100 to Ø 80/125 mm			0,9
	Thermoformed kit for type B installation		Intake	4,0

Equivalent leng	ths Ø 50 flexible ducting		I	
Ø duct [mm]	Type of duct	Picture	Equivalent length in [m] of flexible hose Ø 50 mm	
	Corrugated hose Ø 50 mm L = 1 m		Exhaust	1,0
	KitTØ 80 mm+reduction to Ø 50 mm		Exhaust	0,6
	Exhaust T-terminal kit Ø 80 mm+ reduction to Ø 50 mm		Exhaust	1,0
	Ø 80 mm bend kit + reduction to Ø 50 mm		Exhaust	1,2
	Vertical terminal Ø 80 mm+ reduction to Ø 50 mm		Exhaust	0,5
	Female/female kit Ø 50 mm		Exhaust	0,4
	PipeØ80 mm	101/2	Exhaust	0,1
	L = 1 m	Intake	0,1	
	90° bend Ø 80 mm	0	Exhaust	0,3
			Intake	0,2
	45° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	0,2
50 Hose	45 bendy 60 mm		Intake	0,1
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80 mm L = 1 m		Intake	0,3
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80 mm grid part		Intake	0,2
	PipeØ 60/100 mm L = 1 m			0,6
	90° bend Ø 60/100 mm			0,8
	45° bend Ø 60/100 mm			0,6
	PipeØ 80/125 mm L = 1 m			0,2
	90° bend Ø 80/125 mm			0,3
	45° bend Ø 80/125 mm			0,2
	Reduction kit from Ø 60/100 to Ø 80/125 mm			0,1
	Suction kit Ø 80 mm for configuration B		Intake	0,5

Equivalent duc	ting lengths Ø 60 rigid		T	
Ø duct [mm]	Type of duct	Picture		ngth in [m] of Ø 60 mm
	Pipe Ø 60 mm L = 1 m		Exhaust	1,0
	90° bend Ø 60 mm		Exhaust	1,1
	45° bend Ø 60 mm		Exhaust	0,6
	Vertical terminal \emptyset 60 mm L = 1 m		Exhaust	3,7
	Reduction Ø 80 to Ø 60 mm		Exhaust	0,8
	Pipe Ø80 mm L = 1 m		Exhaust Intake	0,4
			Exhaust	0,8
	90° bend Ø 80 mm		Intake	0,6
60 rigid	4501 10000		Exhaust	0,5
	45° bend Ø 80 mm		Intake	0,4
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80 mm	1111		
	L = 1 m		Intake	0,9
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80 mm grid	GAR		
	part	- tit	Intake	0,7
	Pipe Ø 60/100 mm L = 1 m		Exhaust	2,0
	90° bend Ø 60/100 mm		Exhaust	2,5
	45° bend Ø 60/100 mm		Exhaust	2,0
	Suction kit Ø 80 mm for configuration B	9	Intake	1,6

Ø duct [mm]	s Ø 80 flexible ducting Type of duct Picture		Equivalent length in [m] of flexible hose Ø 80 mm	
80 Hose	Corrugated hose Ø 80 mm L = 1 m		Exhaust	1,0
	70° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	1,0
	T-kit∅ 80 mm	a 9	Exhaust	1,1
	T-shaped exhaust terminal Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	1,6
	Vertical terminal Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	0,7
	Adapter Ø 80 mm flexible/male		Exhaust	0,2
	Adapter Ø 80 mm flexible/flexible			
	Adapter Ø 80 mm flexible/flexible		Exhaust	0,3
	Vertical terminal Ø 80mm L = 1,25 m		Exhaust	1,7
	PipeØ80 mm		Exhaust	0,4
	L = 1 m		Intake	0,3
	90° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	0,8
			Intake	0,6
	45° bendØ 80 mm		Exhaust	0,5
			Intake	0,4
	Horizontalterminal∅80 mm L = 1 m		Intake	0,9
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80 mm grid part		Intake	0,7
	Pipe Ø 80/125 mm L = 1 m			0,7
	90° bend Ø 80/125 mm			0,9
	45° bend Ø 80/125 mm			0,7
	Reduction kit from Ø 60/100 to Ø 80/125 mm			0,3
	Suction kit Ø80 mm for configuration B	9	Intake	1,6



Ø duct [mm]	Type of duct	Picture	Equivalent length in [m] of pi C ₍₁₀₎₃ - C ₍₁₂₎₃ concentric Ø 80/125 mm	
	Clapet∅ 80 mm		Exhaust	
	Pipe Ø 80/125 mm L = 1 m			1,0
	90° bend Ø 80/125 mm			1,4
$C_{(10)3}$ - $C_{(12)3}$ 80/125	45° bend Ø 80/125 mm			1,0
	Reduction kit from Ø 60/100 to Ø 80/125 mm			0,5
	PipeØ80 mm L = 1 m		Exhaust	0,6
	90° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	1,2
	45° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	0,7

Equivalent lengths C ₍₁₀₎₃ - C ₍₁₂₎₃ split Ø 80/80 mm					
Ø duct [mm]	Type of duct	Picture	Equivalent length in [m] of pipe $C_{(10)3}$ - $C_{(12)3}$ split Ø 80/80 mm		
	Clapet∅ 80 mm		Exhaust		
	Pipe Ø80 mm		Exhaust	1,0	
	L = 1 m		Intake	0,7	
	90° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	2,1	
C ₍₁₀₎₃ - C ₍₁₂₎₃			Intake	1,6	
80/80	45° bend Ø 80 mm		Exhaust	1,3	
	45 bend (2) 80 mm		Intake	1,0	
	Horizontal terminal Ø 80 mm	(2)			
	L = 1 m		Intake	2,5	
	HorizontalterminalØ 80 mm grid				
	part		Intake	1,8	

1.14 MAXIMUMFLUELENGTH



The maximum flue length (L max)) is understood to include the terminal.



To calculate the equivalent length of the flue (L), simply add, for each component you intend to use, the corresponding value indicated in the column "Length equivalent to m of pipe" in the table in par. 1.13, and check that the resulting sum is equal to or less than the maximum length $(L \max)$ indicated in par. 1.14. $(L \le L \max)$.



 $Should\,L\,be\,higher\,than\,L\,max, consider\,using\,another\,type\,offlue.$

TT.	Y W		HERCULES MINI 35	
Туре		Installation	Lmax=Maximumlength(m)	
Ø 60/100 ··· ···	C ₁₃ (horizontal+elbow)		13	
Ø 60/100mm	C_{33} (vertical)		14,5	
Ø 00/125	C ₁₃ (horizontal+elbow) C ₃₃ (vertical)		35	
Ø 80/125mm	$C_{(10)3}$ - $C_{(15)3}$		9	
	C_{43} - C_{53} - C_{83} (split)		35	
Ø 80/80mm	$C_{(10)3}$ - $C_{(12)3}$		10	
	$B_{23} - B_{23p} - B_{33} - B_{53} - B_{53p}$		30	
Ø 50 flexible		Split 80/80 with intake by own terminal and exhaust in exposed or ducted Immergas pipe.	13	
Ø60mmrigid			25	
Ø 80 flexible	C_{53}		30	
Ø80mmrigid			35	
Ø 50 flexible		Concentric 60/100 or 80/125 with exhaust in ducted pipe and intake from technical slot.	13	
Ø60mmrigid			25	
Ø80 flexible	$C_{93}C_{(15)3}$		30	
Ø80mmrigid			35	



The values indicated in the table are the maximum available lengths.

Adjustment of the maximum boiler speed depending on the length of the actual pipes installed must refer to the Table in Par. 3.14.

The flue parameter (heat output) must be calibrated by the maintenance technician at initial testing.

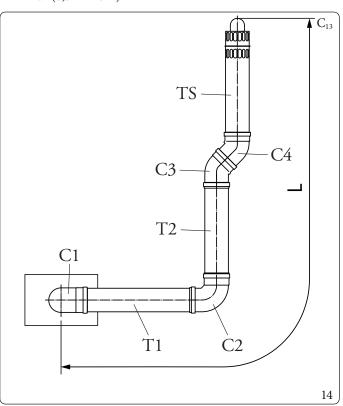
Example of flue length calculation.

In the example of a concentric system (Fig. 14), the following dimensions must be added together to calculate the equivalent length of the flue (L):

L = T1 + C2 + T2 + C3 + C4 + TS

L = 1 + 1,3 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 6,3m

 $L \le L \max(6.3m \le 13m)$



Key (Fig. 14):

L

 $T1 \quad - \quad Concentric pipe \emptyset \, 60/100$

T2 - Concentric pipe Ø 60/100

C1 - 90° concentric elbow Ø 60/100 (do not consider when calcu-

lating the equivalent length)

C2 - Ø60/10090°concentricelbow C3 - Concentricelbow45°Ø60/100

C4 - Concentricelbow 45° Ø 60/100

TS - Horizontal terminal complete with concentric intake-ex-

haust Ø 60/100 - Equivalent length

Lmax - Maximum length

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To calculate the flue length of other types of installations, follow the logic illustrated in this example.

1.15 INSTALLATION OF BOILER TYPE B WITH OPEN CHAMBER AND FAN ASSISTED (OPTIONAL).

Configuration type B, open chamber and fan assisted (B_{23} or B_{53}).

In this configuration the relevant terminal must be used (present in the intake kit for the installation in question) to be placed on the intake hole above the sealed chamber (Fig. 15).

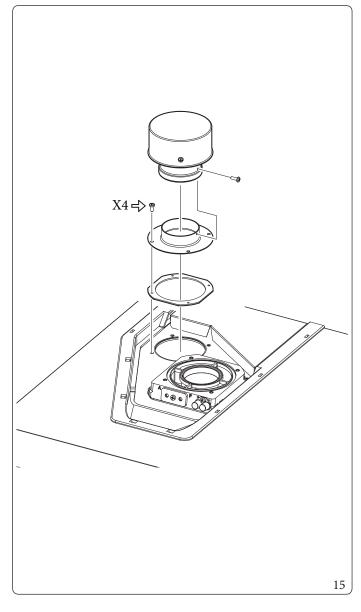
Air intake takes place directly from the environment and flue exhaust in individual chimney or to the outside.

The boiler in this configuration, following the assembly instructions stated on the relative instruction sheet, is classified as type B_{23} or B_{53} (according to the applicable regulations).

With this configuration;

- air intake takes place directly from the environment in which the appliance is installed and only functions in permanently ventilated rooms, according to the regulations in force;
- the flue exhaust must be connected to its own individual chimney or channelled directly into the external atmosphere;
- type B open chamber boilers must not be installed in places where commercial, artisan or industrial activities take place, which use products that may develop volatile vapours or substances (e.g. acid vapours, glues, paints, solvents, combustibles, etc.), as well as dusts (e.g. dust deriving from the working of wood, coal fines, cement, etc.), which may be damaging for the components of the appliance and jeopardise functioning.;
- in B_{23} or B_{53} configuration, the boilers must not be installed in bedrooms, bathrooms or in studio flats;
- installation of appliances in B_{23} or B_{53} configuration is recommended in non-residential premises and which are permanently ventilated.

The following technical regulations in force must therefore be adhered to.



1.16 CONCENTRICHORIZONTALKITINSTALLATION

Type C configuration, sealed chamber and fan assisted

 $The position of the terminal (in terms of distances from openings, overlooking buildings, floor, etc.) \ must be in compliance with the regulations in force.$

This terminal is connected directly to the outside of the building for air intake and flue gas exhaust.

The horizontal kit can be installed with the rear, right side, left side or front outlet.

For installation with frontal outlet, one must use the fixing plate and a concentric bend coupling in order to ensure sufficient space to carry out the tests required by law upon commissioning.

External grid

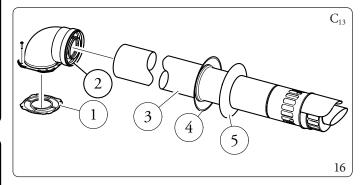
Make sure that the external silicone wall sealing plate is properly inserted in the wall.



For correct functioning of the system the terminal with grid must be installed correctly ensuring that, the "high" indication present on the terminal is respected on installation.

Horizontal intake/exhaust assembly kits Ø 60/100 (Fig. 16)

- 1. Install the curve with flange (2) on the central hole of the appliance, positioning gasket (1) with the circular projections downwards in contact with the appliance flange, and tighten using the screws contained in the kit.
- 2. Fit the Ø 60/100 (3) concentric terminal pipe with the male side (smooth) to the female side of the bend (2) up to the end stop, making sure that the internal and external wall sealing plates have been fitted; this will ensure sealing and joining of the elements making up the kit.



The kit includes (Fig. 16):

N°1 Gasket (1)

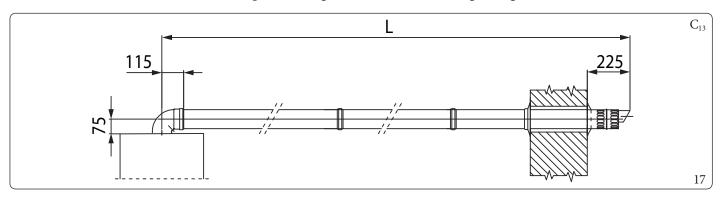
N°1 Concentric bend Ø 60/100 (2)

N°1 Int./exhaust concentric terminal Ø 60/100 (3)

 $N^{\circ}1$ Internal wall sealing plate (4)

N°1 External wall sealing plate (5)

Extensions for horizontal kit Ø 60/100 (L = Equivalent length - L max = Maximum length) (Fig. 17).

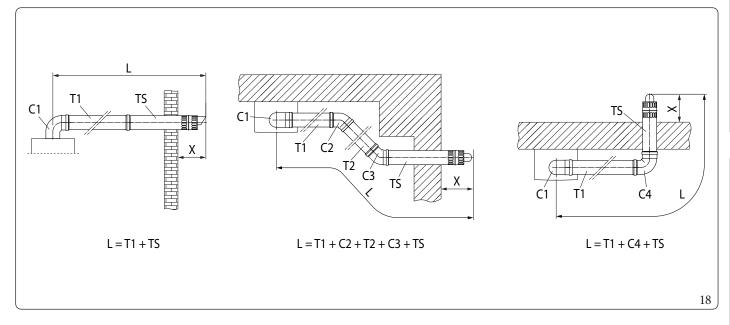




The maximum lengths ((L max) of the various flues that can be installed are given in the summary table in parag. 1.14.

Installation examples

Type of Duct	Minimum outlet height roof/wall (m)	
	X	
Concentric Ø 60/100 Horizontal	0,225	



Key Fig. 18:

T1 - Concentric pipe Ø60/100

C1 - 90° concentric elbow Ø60/100 (do not consider when calcu-

lating the equivalent length)

T2 - Concentric pipe Ø60/100

C2 - Ø60/10045° concentric elbow

C3 - Ø60/10045° concentric elbow C4 - Ø60/10090° concentric elbow

TS - Concentric intake/exhaust terminal Ø 60/100

L - Equivalent length Lmax - Maximum length

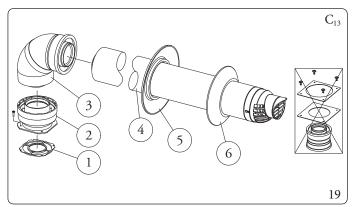


To calculate the equivalent length of the flue (L), simply add, for each component you intend to use, the corresponding value indicated in the column "Length equivalent to m of pipe" in the table in par. 1.13, and check that the resulting sum is equal to or less than the maximum length (L max) indicated in par. 1.14. ($L \le L \max$).

Horizontal intake/exhaust assembly kits Ø 80/125 (Fig. 19)

To install the kit Ø 80/125 one must use the flanged adapter kit (pos. 2, Fig. 19).

- 1. Install the flanged adaptor (2) on the central hole of the Indoor Unit, positioning gasket (1) with the circular projections downwards in contact with the Indoor Unit flange, and tighten using the screws contained in the kit.
- 2. Engage the bend (3) with the male side (smooth) to the end stop on the adapter (2).
- 3. Fit the Ø 80/125 (4) concentric terminal pipe with the male side (smooth) to the female side of the bend (3) (with lip seals) up to the end stop, making sure that the internal (5) and external wall sealing plates (6) have been fitted; this will ensure sealing and joining of the elements making up the kit.



The adapter kit includes (Fig. 19):

N°1 Gasket (1)

N°1 Adapter Ø 80/125 (2)

The Ø 80/125 *kit includes* (Fig. 19):

N°1 Concentric bend Ø 80/125 at 87° (3)

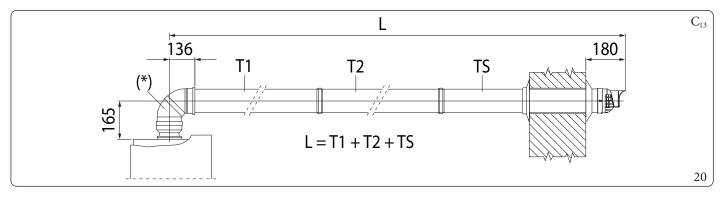
N°1 Int./exhaust concentric terminal Ø 80/125 (4)

N°1 Internal wall sealing plate (5)

N°1 External wall sealing plate (6)

The remaining kit components must not be used

Extensions for horizontal kit Ø 80/125 (L = Equivalent length - L max = Maximum length) (Fig. 20).

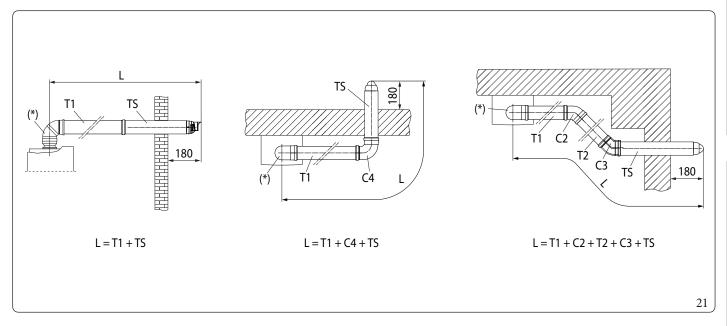


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 $The \, maximum \, lengths \, ((L\, max) \, of \, the \, various \, flues \, that \, can \, be \, in stalled \, are \, given \, in \, the \, summary \, table \, in \, parag. \, 1.14.$

Installation examples

Type of Duct	Minimum outlet height roof/wall (m)	
	X	
Concentric Ø 80/125 Horizontal	0,18	



Key Fig. 21:

T1 - Concentric pipe Ø80/125

(*) - 90° concentric elbow Ø80/125 (do not consider when calcu-

lating the equivalent length)

T2 - Concentric pipe Ø80/125

C2 - Ø80/12545° concentric elbow

C3 - Ø80/12545° concentric elbow C4 - Ø80/12590° concentric elbow

TS - $Concentric intake/exhaust terminal \emptyset 80/125$

L - Equivalent length Lmax - Maximum length



To calculate the equivalent length of the flue (L), simply add, for each component you intend to use, the corresponding value indicated in the column "Length equivalent to m of pipe" in the table in par. 1.13, and check that the resulting sum is equal to or less than the maximum length (L max) indicated in par. 1.14. ($L \le L$ max).

1.17 CONCENTRIC VERTICAL KIT INSTALLATION

Type C configuration, sealed chamber and fan assisted

Concentric vertical intake and exhaust kit.

This vertical terminal is connected directly to the outside of the building for air intake and flue gas exhaust.



The vertical kit with aluminium slate enables installation on terraces and roofs with a maximum slope of 45% (approx 25°) and the height between the terminal cap and half-shell (374 mm for \emptyset 60/100 and 260 mm for \emptyset 80/125) must always be observed.

Vertical kit assembly with a luminium slate Ø60/100 (Fig. 22)

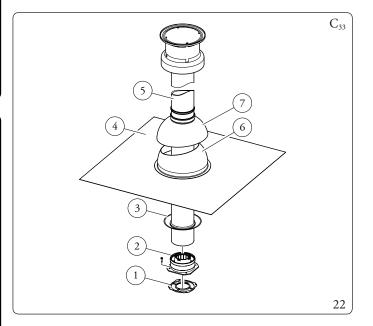
- $1. \ \ In stall the concentric flange (2) on the flue exhaust of the appliance, positioning gasket (1) with the circular projections downwards in contact with the appliance flange.$
- 2. Tighten the concentric flange with the screws in the kit.

Imitation aluminium slate installation:

- 3. Replace the slates with the aluminium sheet (4), shaping it to ensure that rainwater runs off.
- 4. Position the fixed half-shell (6) on the aluminium slate.
- 5. Insert the intake-exhaust pipe (5).
- 6. Fit the Ø 60/100 concentric terminal pipe with the male side (5) (smooth) into the flange (2) up to the end stop, making sure that the wall sealing plate has been fitted (3); this will ensure sealing and joining of the elements making up the kit.



When the appliance is installed in areas where very rigid temperatures can be reached, a special anti-freeze kit is available that can be installed as an alternative to the standard kit.



The kit includes (Fig. 22):

N°1 Gasket (1)

 $N^{\circ}1$ Female concentric flange (2)

N°1 Wall sealing plate (3)

N°1 Aluminium slate (4)

N°1 Concentric intake/exhaust pipe Ø 60/100 (5)

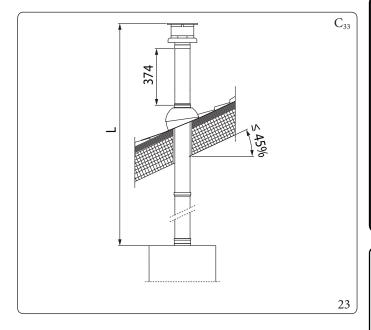
N°1 Fixed half-shell (6)

N°1 Mobile half-shell (7)

 $Extensions for vertical kit \varnothing 60/100 \ (L=Equivalent length-L max=Maximum length) \ (Fig. 23).$

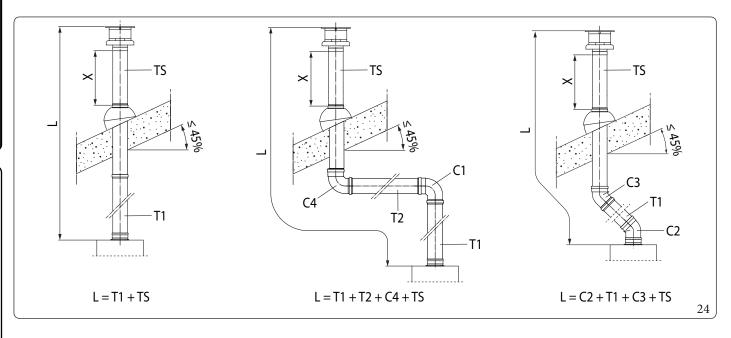


The maximum lengths ((L max) of the various flues that can be installed are given in the summary table in parag. 1.14.



Installation examples

Type of Duct	Minimum outlet height roof/wall (m)	
	X	
Concentric Ø 60/100 Vertical	0,374	



Key Fig. 24:

T1 - Concentric pipe Ø60/100

C1 - Ø60/10090° concentric elbow T2 - Concentric pipe Ø60/100

C2 - Ø60/10045° concentric elbow

C3 - Ø60/10045° concentric elbow

C4 - Ø60/10090°concentricelbow

TS - Concentricintake/exhaust terminal Ø 60/100

L - Equivalent length

Lmax - Maximum length



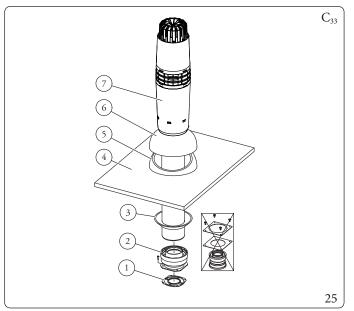
To calculate the equivalent length of the flue (L), simply add, for each component you intend to use, the corresponding value indicated in the column "Length equivalent to m of pipe" in the table in par. 1.13, and check that the resulting sum is equal to or less than the maximum length (L max) indicated in par. 1.14. ($L \le L$ max).

To install the kit Ø 80/125 one must use the flanged adapter kit (pos. 2, Fig. 19).

- 1. Install the concentric flange (2) on the flue exhaust of the appliance, positioning gasket (1) with the circular projections downwards in contact with the appliance flange.
- 2. Tighten the concentric flange with the screws in the kit.

Imitation aluminium slate installation:

- 3. Tighten the concentric flange with the screws in the kit.
- 4. Replace the slates with the aluminium sheet (4), shaping it to ensure that rainwater runs off.
- 5. Position the fixed half-shell (5) on the aluminium slate;
- 6. Insert the intake-exhaust terminal (7);
- 7. Fit the Ø 80/125 concentric terminal pipe with the male side (smooth) to the female side of the adapter (1) (with lip seals) up to the end stop, making sure that the wall sealing plate (3) has been fitted; this will ensure sealing and joining of the elements making up the kit.



The adaptor kit includes (Fig. 25):

N°1 Gasket (1)

N°1 Adapter Ø 80/125 (2)

The \emptyset 80/125 kit includes (Fig. 25):

N°1 Wall sealing plate (3)

N°1 Aluminium slate (4)

N°1 Fixed half-shell (5)

N°1 Mobile half-shell (6)

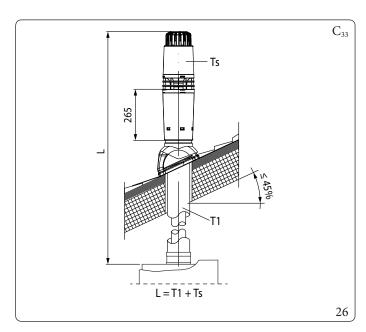
N°1 Concentric intake/exhaust pipe Ø 80/125 (7)

The remaining kit components must not be used

Extensions for vertical kit \emptyset 80/125 (L = Equivalent length - L max = Maximum length) (Fig. 26).

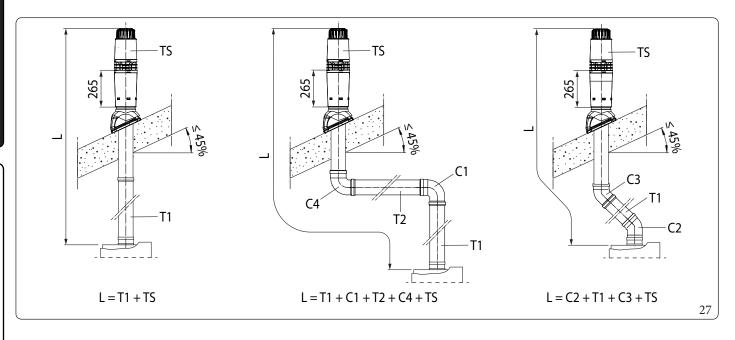


The maximum lengths ((L max) of the various flues that can be installed are given in the summary table in parag. 1.14.



Installation examples

Type of Duct	Minimum outlet height roof/wall (m)	
	X	
Concentric Ø 80/125 Vertical	0,26	



Key Fig. 27:

Ø80/12545° concentric elbow *C3 C3* Ø80/12590° concentric elbow T1Concentric pipe Ø80/125

C1 $\emptyset 80/125\,90°concentricelbow$ Concentric intake/exhaust terminal Ø80/125 T2Concentric pipe Ø80/125 L Equivalent length C2Ø80/12545° concentric elbow

Lmax -Maximum length



 $To \ calculate \ the \ equivalent \ length \ of \ the \ flue \ (L), simply \ add, for \ each \ component \ you \ intend \ to \ use, the \ corresponding \ value$ $indicated in the column "Length \ equivalent \ to \ mofpipe" \ in the table \ in par.\ 1.13, and \ check \ that \ the \ resulting \ sum \ is \ equal \ to \ or$ less than the maximum length (L max) indicated in par. 1.14. ($L \le L$ max).

1.18 SEPARATORKITINSTALLATION

$Type\ C\ configuration, sealed\ chamber\ and\ fan\ assisted\ separator\ kit\ \emptyset\ 80/80$

This kit allows air to come in from outside the building and the exhaust to exit from the chimney, flue or intubated duct through divided flue exhaust and air intake pipes.

Combustion products are expelled from pipe (S) (in plastic, so as to resist acid condensate).

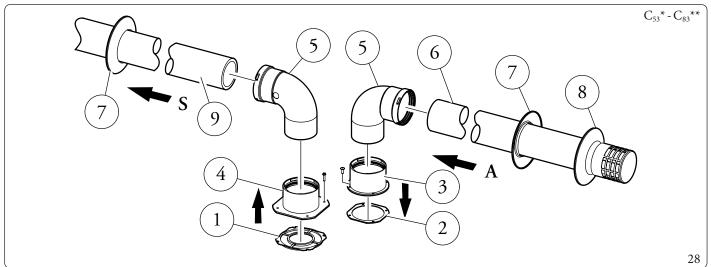
Air is taken in through duct (A) for combustion (this is also in plastic).

The intake pipe (A) can be installed either on the right or left hand side of the central exhaust pipe (S).

Both ducts can be routed in any direction.

Assembly of separator kit Ø 80/80 (Fig. 28):

- 1. Install the flange (4) on the central hole of the appliance, positioning gasket (1) with the circular projections downwards in contact with the appliance flange.
- 2. Tighten with the hexagonal head and flat point screws provided in the kit.
- 3. Replace the flat flange present in the lateral hole with respect to the central one (according to needs) with the flange (3), positioning the gasket (2) already present in the appliance in between.
- 4. Tighten with the supplied self-tapping screws with drill bit.
- 5. Fit the bends with male side (smooth) (5) in the female side of the flanges (3 and 4).
- 6. Fit the intake terminal (6) with the male side (smooth) in the female side of the bend (5) up to the end stop, ensuring that the internal and external wall sealing plates are fitted
- 7. Fit the exhaust pipe (9) with the male end (smooth) to the female end of the bend (5) up to the end stop; making sure that the internal wall sealing plate has been fitted, this will ensure sealing and joining of the elements making up the kit.



The kit includes (Fig. 28):

- N°1 Exhaust gasket (1)
- N°1 Flange gasket (2)
- N°1 Female intake flange (3)
- N°1 Female exhaust flange (4)
- N°2 Ø 80 90° bend (5)
- N°1 Intake terminal Ø 80 (6)
- N°2 Internal wall sealing plates (7)
- N°1 External wall sealing plate (8)
- N°1 Exhaust pipe Ø 80 (9)

- * to complete C_{53} configuration, also provide for a "green range" roof discharge terminal. The configuration on walls opposite the building is not allowed.
- ** configuration C_8 envisages connection to flues working with natural draught.



 $For technical \, data \, concerning \, the \, C_8 \, configuration, please \, refer \, to \, the \, table \, in \, par. \, 4.2.$



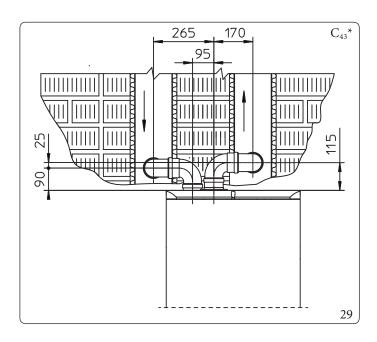
Installation clearances (Fig. 29)

The minimum installation clearance measurements of the \emptyset 80/80 separator terminal kit have been stated in some limit conditions.

* Configuration C_4 envisages connection to flues working with natural draught.

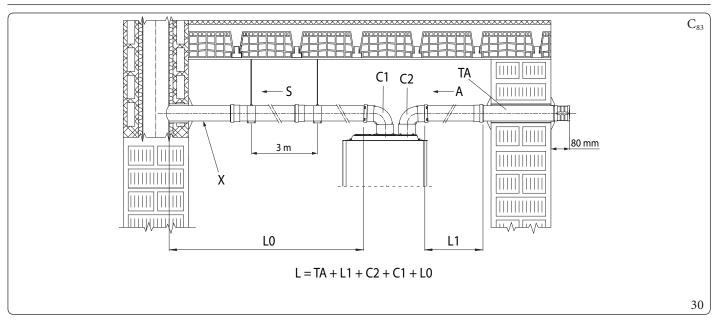


For technical data concerning the C_4 configuration, please refer to the table in par. 4.2.



$Extensions for separator kit \varnothing 80/80 \ (L=Equivalent \, length - L\, max = Maximum \, length).$

To aid in the removal of possible condensate forming in the exhaust pipe, tilt the pipes towards the appliance with a minimum slope of 5% (Fig. 30).



Key (Fig. 30):

A - Intake

X - Minimum slope 5%

S - Exhaust

TA - Intake terminal Ø80

C1 - Ø8090°elbow

C2 - Ø8090°elbow

L - Equivalent length Lmax - Maximum length T1 - Pipe Ø80

T2 - Pipe Ø80

T3 - Pipe Ø80

T4 - Pipe Ø80

C1 - Ø8090°elbow

C2 - $\emptyset 8090^{\circ} elbow$

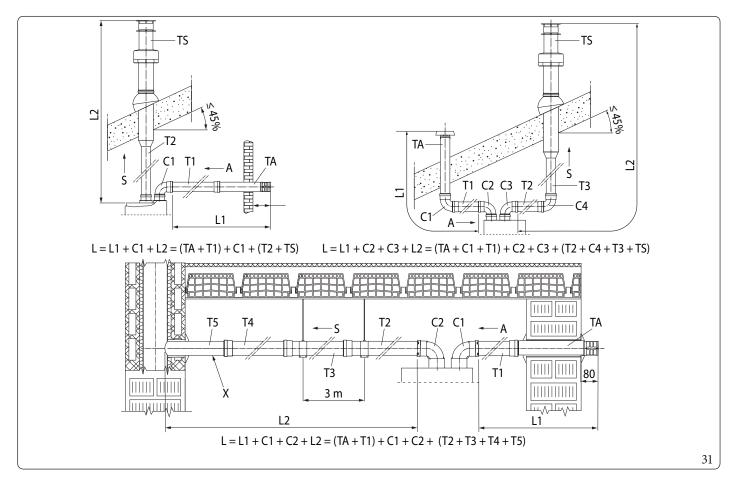
L - Equivalent length Lmax - Maximum length



The maximum lengths ((L max) of the various flues that can be installed are given in the summary table in parag. 1.14.

Installation examples

Type of Duct	Minimum outlet height roof/wall (m)
	X
Split Ø 80/80 Horizontal (with intake and exhaust bend)	0,08
Split Ø 80/80 Vertical (without bends)	-



Key Fig. 31:

TAIntake terminal Ø80 TSExhaust terminal Ø80

T1Pipe Ø80 T2Pipe Ø80 T3Pipe Ø80 T4Pipe Ø80 A Intake S Exhaust

Equivalent length L Maximum length Lmax -

Pipe Ø80 *T*5

C1

Ø8090°elbow

Ø8090°elbow C2Ø8090°elbow *C3*

Ø8090°elbow C4

Minimum slope 5% X

Intake AS

Exhaust

L Equivalent length

Maximum length Lmax -



To calculate the equivalent length of the flue (L), simply add, for each component you intend to use, the corresponding value indicated in the column "Length equivalent to m of pipe" in the table in par. 1.13, and check that the resulting sum is equal to or less than the maximum length (L max) indicated in par. 1.14. ($L \le L$ max).



1.19 ADAPTORKITINSTALLATION C₉

This kit allows an Immergas appliance to be installed in C_{93} configuration, with combustion air intake directly from the shaft where the flue gas exhaust is, obtained by means of a ducting system.

System composition

The system must be combined with the following components (sold separately) to be functional and complete:

- kit C₉₃"Ø 100 or Ø125 version;
- ducting kit rigid Ø 60 and Ø 80 and flexible Ø 50 and Ø 80;
- flue exhaust kit Ø 60/100 or Ø 80/125 configured according to the installation and type of appliance.

Mounting adapter kit C₉ (Fig. 32)



(Version \emptyset 125 only) before assembly check the gaskets are in the right position.

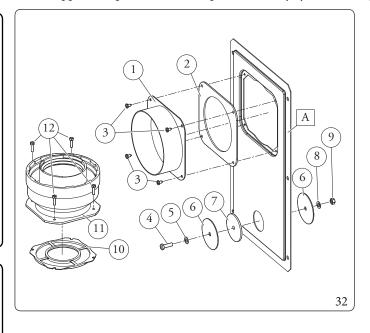
If component lubrication is not sufficient (applied previously by the manufacturer), remove the residual lubricant using a dry cloth, then grease the parts with the supplied lubricant in order to ease the push-fitting operations.



To aid in the removal of possible condensate forming in the exhaust pipe, tilt the pipes towards the appliance with a minimum slope of 5% (Fig. 30).

- 1. Mount the components of kit C₉ on the door (A) of the ducting system (Fig. 32).
- 2. (Version Ø 125 only) mount the flanged adaptor (11) interposing the concentric gasket (10) on the appliance, fitting it with the screws (12).
- 3. Mount the ducting system as described in the relative instructions sheet.
- 4. Calculate the distances between the appliance drain and the bend of the ducting system.
- 5. Prepare the appliance flue system, making sure that the internal pipe of the concentric kit is fitted up to the end stop in the ducting system curve (Quota "X" Fig. 34), whereas the external pipe must reach the end stop of the adapter (1).
- 6. Mount the cover (A) complete with adaptor (1) and caps (6) on the wall.
- 7. Assemble the flue system to the ducting system.

Once all components have been assembled properly, the exhaust fumes will be expelled via the ducting system; the combustion air for normal appliance operation will be aspirated directly by the shaft (Fig. 34).



The adapter kit includes (Fig. 32):

 $N^{\circ}1$ Door adaptor \emptyset 100 or \emptyset 125 (1)

N°1 Doorgasket made of neoprene (2)

 $N^{\circ}4$ Screws $4.2 \times 9 AF(3)$

N°1 Hexheaded screw M6x20(4)

N°1 Flat nylon washer M6 (5)

N°2 Doorhole closure metal-sheet plate plug (6)

N°1 Pluggasket made of neoprene (7)

N°1 Toothed washer M6 (8)

N°1 Nut M6 (9)

N°1 (Ø 80/125 kit) Concentric gasket Ø 60/100 (10)

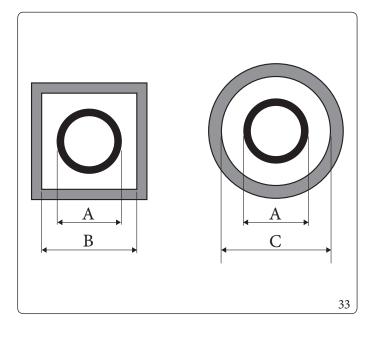
N°1 (Ø 80/125 kit) Flanged adapter Ø 80/125 (11)

 $N^{\circ}4$ (Ø 80/125 kit) M4 hex headed screws x 16 slotted screwdriver (12)

N°1 (Ø 80/125 kit) Lubricant bag

Supplied separately (Fig. 32):

N°1 Ducting kit door (A)

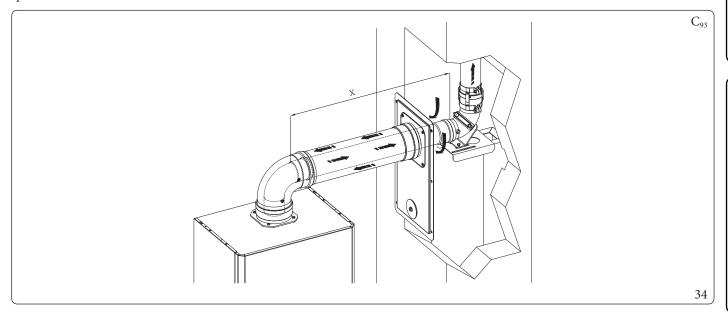


Ducting	ADAPTOR (A) mm	SHAFT (B) mm	SHAFT (C) mm
Ø60 Rigid	66	106	126
Ø 50 Flexible	66	106	126
Ø80 Rigid	86	126	146
Ø80 Flexible	103	143	163

Technical data

The dimensions of the shafts must ensure a minimum gap between the outer wall of the smoke duct and the inner wall of the shaft: $30 \, \text{mm}$ for circular section shafts and $20 \, \text{mm}$ in the event of a square section shaft (Fig. 33).

 $Maximum\ 2\ changes\ of\ direction\ are\ allowed\ on\ the\ vertical\ section\ of\ the\ flue\ system\ with\ a\ maximum\ clearance\ angle\ of\ 30^\circ\ with\ respect\ to\ the\ vertical.$

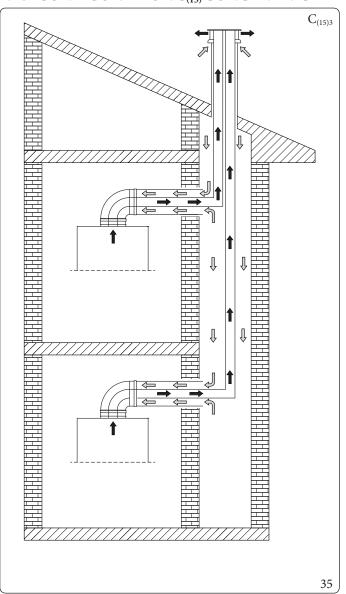


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 $The \, maximum \, lengths \, ((L\, max) \, of \, the \, various \, flues \, that \, can \, be \, in stalled \, are \, given \, in \, the \, summary \, table \, in \, parag. \, 1.14.$



1.20 CONFIGURATION C(15) CONCENTRIC KIT



Installation in $C_{(15)3}$ configuration of an Immergas appliance, makes it possible to extract combustion air directly from the shaft where the flue gas exhaust is present in the dedicated flue.

Information for $C_{(15)3}$ installations

The appliance is suitable for operating in a $C_{(15)3}$ or $C_{(15)3X}$ system, correctly sized by a thermotechnical designer.

The roof terminal, which is an integral part of the project, must also meet the legislative and regulatory obligations prescribed for this component. In particular, it must ensure that the degree of recirculation of the flue gas is always below 10%.

The common supply shaft must be sized so that, in combination with the intake part of the roof terminal, a vacuum greater than 5 Pa is not generated at the point of the shaft where the appliance draws the combustion air from the shaft itself, when the appliance works at maximum heat output and the entire multiple ducting system works at maximum design power.

If the single terminal complies with the following head losses conditions at the maximum appliance heat input:

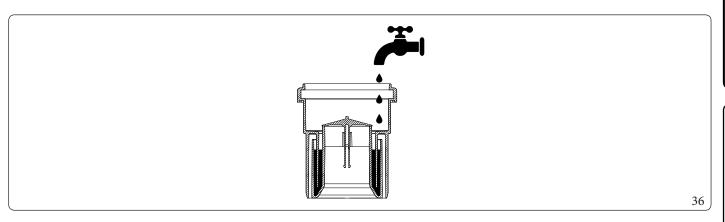
Model	Pa
HERCULES MINI 35	10

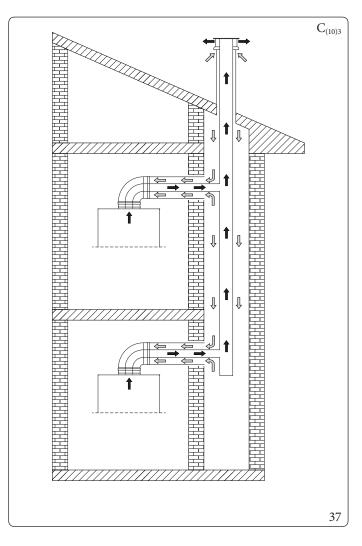
in compliance with the conditions described above, the maximum extensions that can be achieved in the shaft are those defined in this manual with C_{93} configuration, using the same appliance settings.

1.21 CONFIGURATION C(10) CONCENTRIC KIT (Ø 80/125)



In the $C_{(10)3}$ and $C_{(12)3}$ installations, the appliance flue exhaust must mandatorily be fitted with a flue gas non-return valve kit, consisting of the valve itself with instructions, specification and relative sticker with additional safety information (Fig. 36).





Installation in $C_{(10)3}$ configuration of an Immergas appliance (only permitted with type-approved original flue, including the specific non-return valve), makes it possible to extract combustion air directly from the shaft where the flue gas exhaust is present in the collective flue.



Coupling to the shaft for intake is possible with male flue \emptyset 125 or \emptyset 125 cut female.

The collective flue coupling for the exhaust is possible with female Ø 80 flue with gasket (Fig. 39).



USER

Concentric kit assembly in $C_{(10)3}$ configuration (Fig. 39)



To aid in the removal of possible condensate forming in the exhaust pipe, tilt the pipes towards the appliance with a minimum slope of 5% (Fig. 38).



Before installation, in the absence of a shut-off flue adjusting device at the coupling point of the flue in the pressurised collective flue, it will be necessary to turn off all the boilers connected to the pressurised collective flue itself, or make sure to intercept the connection point to avoid the dispersion of combustion products into the environment.

- 1. Position the flanged adaptor (14) interposing the concentric gasket (15) on the appliance, fitting it with the screws (13) (see Fig. 39).
- 2. Insert the non-return valve kit on flue gas \emptyset 80 in the flanged adapter, taking care to remove the spacer \emptyset 80 th. 5 mm (see Fig. 39).



Make sure to fill the flue gas non-return valve siphon with water (Fig. 36):

- 3. Fit the Ø 125 extension in the flanged adapter.
- 4. Insert the Ø 80/125 bend on the non-return valve.
- 5. Calculate the distances between the bend and the connection to the collective flue and the shaft.
- 6. Adapt the extension (10), calculating that the inner pipe of the concentric kit must fit as far as it will go into the collective flue. The outer pipe must engage up to the door.

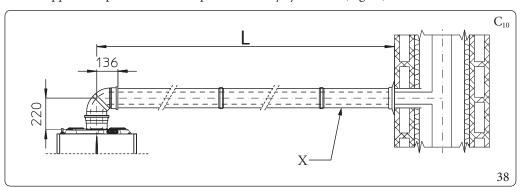


Before mounting it, ensure that the gaskets are in the correct position.

If component lubrication is not sufficient (applied previously by the manufacturer), remove the residual lubricant using a dry cloth, then grease the parts with the supplied lubricant in order to ease the push-fitting operations.

- 7. Mount the cover (A) complete with adaptor (1) and caps (6) on the wall.
- 8. Assemble the flue to the collective flue exhaust system.
- 9. Go to the display and through the path Menu/General settings/Access level, upon request "Access code request", enter the code 1122 (using knobs "Set DHW" and "Set CH") and press "Ok" after which, the "Access level" menu will open, where you will need to select the type of access: "Service".
- 10. Refer to the path Menu/Support/Boiler/Flue
- 11. At item Enable klapet valve-, set "Yes".
- 12. Carry out the quick calibration procedure (Par. 3.13).

Once all components have been assembled properly, the exhaust flue gas will be expelled in the collective flue, the combustion air for normal appliance operation will be aspirated directly by the shaft (Fig. 34).



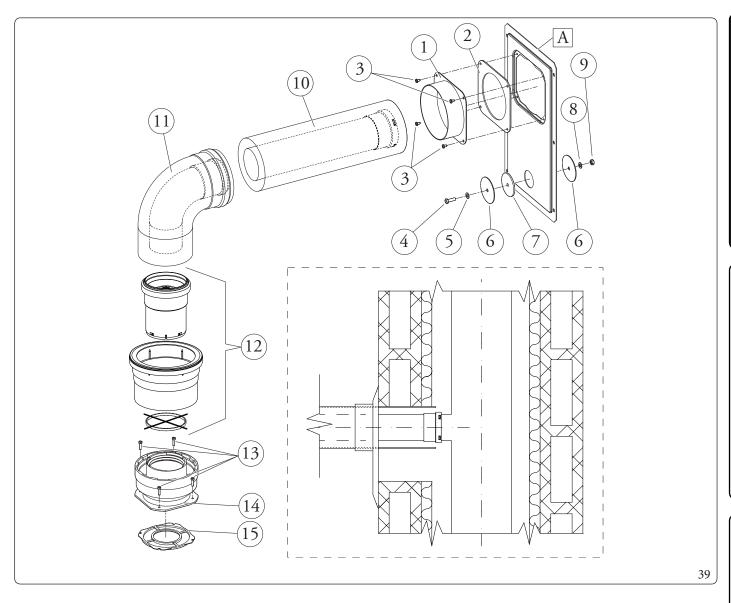
Key (Fig. 38):

X - Minimum slope 5% L - Equivalent length Lmax - Maximum length



The maximum lengths ((L max) of the various flues that can be installed are given in the summary table in parag. 1.14.





Key (Fig. 39):

The $C_{(10)}$ adaptor kit includes:

- 1 Door adaptor Ø 100 or Ø 125 (1)
- No.1 Door gasket made of neoprene (2)
- No.4 Screws 4.2 x 9 ST (3)
- No.1 Hexheaded screw M6x20(4)
- No.1 Flat nylon washer M6 (5)
- No.2 Doorhole closure metal-sheet plate plug (6)
- No.1 Pluggasket made of neoprene (7)
- No.1 Toothed washer M6 (8)
- No.1 M6 nut (9)

The \emptyset 80/125 extension pipe kit includes:

1 Extension pipe unit \emptyset 80/125 (10)

The bend kit \emptyset 80/125 includes:

1 Concentric bend Ø 80/125 at 87° (11)

The non-return valve kit on the flues \emptyset 80 (12) includes:

- 1 Gasket Ø 80
- Non-return valve on flues Ø 80
- 1 Extension Ø 125
- 1 Spacer Ø 80 th. 5 mm (to be excluded for this configuration)
- No.1 Information sticker

The adaptor kit includes:

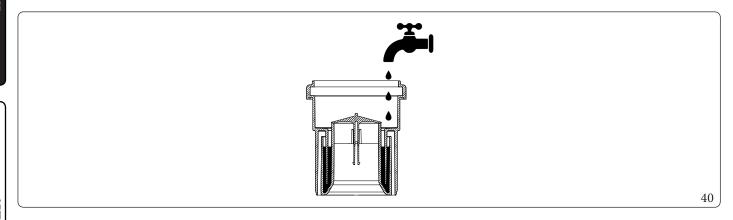
- (kit Ø 80/125) M4 hex headed screws x 16 slotted screwdriver (13)
- 1 (kit Ø 80/125) Flanged adapter Ø 80/125 (14)
- 1 (kit Ø 80/125) Concentric gasket (15)

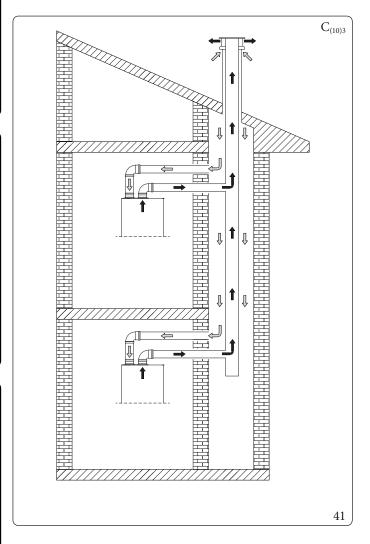
Supplied separately (Fig. 39):

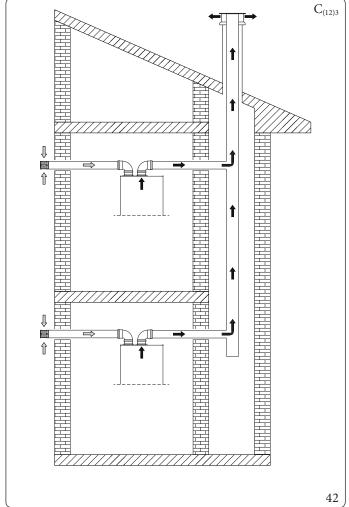
No.1 Ductingkit door (A)



In the $C_{(10)3}$ and $C_{(12)3}$ installations, the appliance flue exhaust must mandatorily be fitted with a flue gas non-return valve kit, consisting of the valve itself with instructions, specification and relative sticker with additional safety information (Fig. 36).







This configuration (allowed only with the approved original flue, including the specific non-return valve), makes it possible to suck the air outside the home or directly from the shaft where the flue gas exhaust is present and the evacuation of the flue gas itself inside a collective flue.



 $C_{(10)3}$ (Fig. 41):

Coupling to the shaft for intake is possible with male flue Ø 80 or Ø 80 cut female.

 $C_{(10)3}$ - $C_{(12)3}$ (Fig. 41 - 42)

The collective flue coupling for the exhaust is possible with female Ø80 flue with gasket.

Assembly of separator kit Ø 80/80 (Fig. 43):



Before installation, in the absence of a shut-offflue adjusting device at the coupling point of the flue in the pressurised collective flue, it will be necessary to turn off all the boilers connected to the pressurised collective flue itself, or make sure to intercept the connection point to avoid the dispersion of combustion products into the environment.

- 1. Install the discharge flange (4) on the appliance sample point flange, positioning the relative gasket (1) with the circular projections downwards in contact with the appliance flange, and tighten using the hex screws with flat tip contained in the kit.
- 2. Remove the flat flange present in the intake hole and replace it with the intake flange (3), positioning the gasket (2) contained in the separator kit \emptyset 80/80 and tighten using the supplied self-threading screws.
- 3. Eliminate the extension Ø 125 from the non-return valve kit on the flue gas.
- 4. Insert the spacer Ø 80 th. 5 mm into the flue exhaust flange.
- 5. Insert the flue gas non-return valve on the \emptyset 80 flues inside the flue exhaust flange.

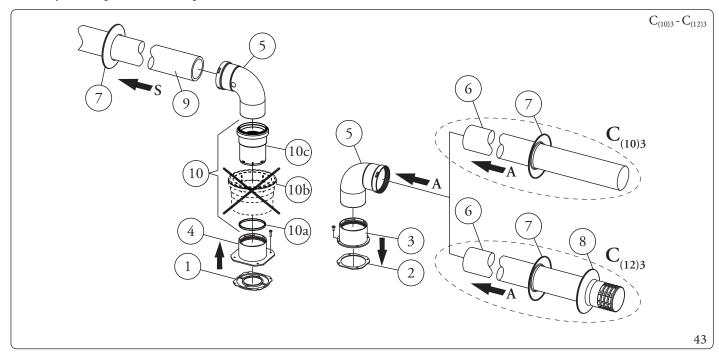


Make sure to fill the flue gas non-return valve siphon with water (Fig. 36):

- 6. Fit the bends with male side (smooth) (5) in the female side of the flanges (3 and 4).
- 7. For intake from shaft $(C_{(10)3})$ i.e. from common intake duct, connect the intake ducts \emptyset 80 (6) to the bend (5), making sure that the internal wall sealing plate (7) has already been inserted. For wall intake $(C_{(12)3})$, fit the intake terminal (6) with the male side (smooth) in the female side of the bend (5) up to the end stop, ensuring that the internal (7) and external (8) wall sealing plates are fitted.
- 8. Connect the Ø80 drain pipe making sure to have already inserted the internal wall sealing plate (7) inside the end section of the pipe.



- 9. Refer to the path Menu/Support/Boiler/Flue
- 10. At item Enable klapet valve-, set "Yes".
- $11. \ Carryout the \ quick \ calibration \ procedure \ (Par. 3.13).$



The kit includes (Fig. 43):

No.1 Exhaust gasket (1)

No.1 Flange gasket (2)

No.1 Female intake flange (3)

No.1 Female exhaust flange (4)

No.2 Bend 90° Ø 80 (5)

No. 1 Extension \emptyset 80 (6) (only $C_{(10)}$)

No. 1 Intake terminal \emptyset 80 (6) (only $C_{(12)}$)

No.2 Internal wall sealing plates (7)

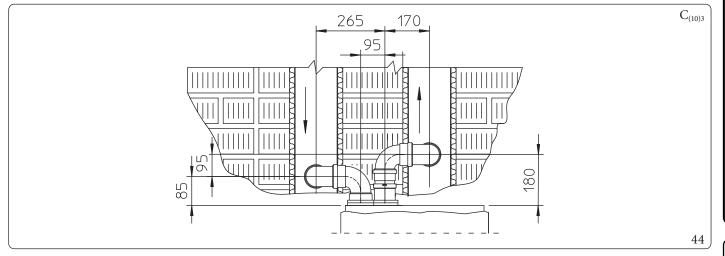
1 External wall sealing plate (8) $(C_{(12)})$ only)

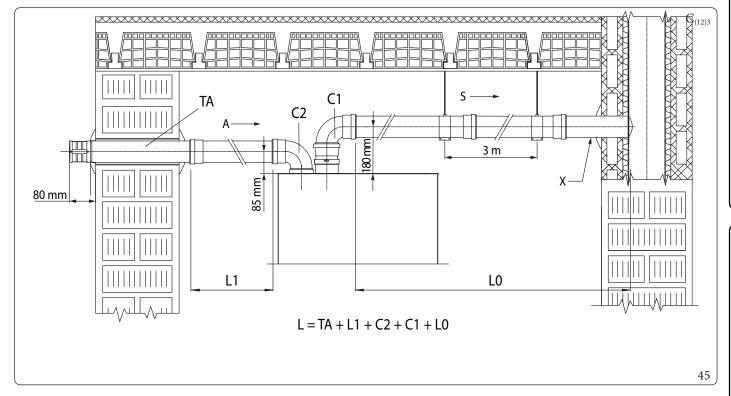
No.1 Exhaust pipe Ø 80 (9)

 $N^{\circ}1$ Non-return valve on flue gas \emptyset 80) (10)

N.B.: remove extension Ø 125

 $The \, configuration \, on \, walls \, opposite \, the \, building \, is \, not \, allowed.$





Key (Fig. 45):

A - Intake X - Minimum slope 5%

T2 - Pipe Ø80 T3 - Pipe Ø80 T4 - Pipe Ø80 C1 - Ø80 90° elbow C2 - Ø80 90° elbow

L - Equivalent length Lmax - Maximum length S - Exhaust

TA - Intake terminal Ø80

T1 - Pipe Ø80

T2 - Pipe Ø80

T3 - Pipe Ø80

T4 - Pipe Ø80

C1 - Ø80 90° elbow

C2 - Ø80 90° elbow

L - Equivalent length

Lmax - Maximum length

•

 $The \, maximum \, lengths \, ((L\, max) \, of \, the \, various \, flues \, that \, can \, be \, in stalled \, are \, given \, in \, the \, summary \, table \, in \, parag. \, 1.14.$



Information for installations $C_{(10)3}$ and $C_{(12)3}$



 $The appliance is suitable for operation in a \ C_{(10)3} \ or \ C_{(12)3} \ system \ only \ with the supply of methane gas \ (2H \ and \ 2E \ categories).$

The appliances are developed to operate on collective pressurised flues with a safety pressure at the minimum heat input of 25 Pa and a safety pressure at the maximum heat input of 100 Pa.



In boilers installed in type $C_{(10)}$ or $C_{(12)}$ flue systems, the parameter "Enable klapet valve" must be enabled, which will require quick calibration. This is the only calibration operation permitted as CO_2 emission levels are affected by the operating pressures induced in the collective flue, with particular reference to the minimum heat input or any recirculation phenomena induced by the flue system.

The appliance must be connected to a flue system designed by a heating engineer in compliance with the local regulation in force. The collective flue system must be suitably sized to allow the appliance to operate with the following specifications with which it was designed:

- the maximum pressure, when n-1 appliance is working at maximum heat input (with n= number of total appliances connected or that can be connected to the same collective duct), and a boiler works at minimum heat input, is 25 Pa;
- the minimum pressure difference allowed between the combustion product outlet and the combustion air inlet is -200 Pa (- 400 Pa for $C_{12)3}$ including 100 Pa (-300 Pa $C_{(12)3}$) of pressure generated by wind;
- the duct must have been sized with a nominal temperature of the combustion products of 25°C.
- the maximum allowed recirculation rate for wind action is 10%;
- the common flue must be certified to admit an overpressure of at least 200 Pa (minimum pressure class P1);
- no draught-breaker devices must be provided in the duct system.

In particular, at the coupling point to the pressurised collective flue, a plate must be visible showing at least the following technical information:

- the name and trademark of the common flue gas pipe manufacturer;
- suitability for operation with certified boilers $C_{(10)3}$ or $C_{(12)3}$;
- the maximum flue gas mass value allowed in kg/h;
- the dimensions of the common duct (collective pipe) for each push fit point;



The openings for combustion air and the inlet of combustion products of the pressurised collective flue must be closed and their tightness must be checked when the appliance is disconnected.

The appliance connection to the pressurised collective flue must be made as instructed, without exceeding the specific maximum extensions stated.

The flue pipe must be inclined (5% slope) towards the appliance to facilitate the evacuation of condensate.



 $The appliance flue \ gas \ outlet \ must be installed \ with the flue \ gas \ non-return \ valve \ kit, \ which \ ensures \ correct \ operation \ of the \ appliance \ and \ facilitates \ its \ maintenance \ operations.$

Furthermore, the safety sticker must be affixed on the front casing. This sticker is contained in the appropriate Kit $C_{(10)3}$ $C_{(12)3}$, which contains the additional exhaust flue gas non-return valve, necessary for the pressurised collective flues.



It is advisable to affix the sticker in a clearly visible position on the front casing.

		HERCULES MINI 35	
		Qmin	Qn max
Heatinput	kW	3,0	34,9
CO2% of reference	%	8,8	8,8
Maximum boiler outlet pressure	Pa	25	93
Minimum boiler outlet pressure $C_{(10)3}$	Pa	-200	-200
Minimum boiler outlet pressure $C_{(12)3}$	Pa	-400	-400
Maximum flue gas flow rate	kg∖h	59	
Minimum flue gas flow rate	kg∖h	5	
Flue gas temperature 80°C\60°C	°C	71	
Maximum flue duct length 80\125	m	9	
Maximum flue duct length 80\80	m	10	
Available head with maximum duct length	Pa	59,0	
Boiler settings (as indicated in the instruction booklet)	-	See Par. 1.22 from point 9 on.	

1.23 DUCTING OF FLUES OR TECHNICAL SLOTS

Ducting is an operation through which, via the introduction of one or more relevant pipes, one achieves a system for the evacuation of the combustion products of a gas appliance, made up from the coupling of an existing or new ducting pipe with a chimney, flue or technical slot (also in new buildings) (Fig. 46).

Ducting requires ducts declared to be suitable for the purpose by the manufacturer, following the installation and user instructions, provided by the manufacturer and the requirements of the regulations in force.

Immergas ducting systems



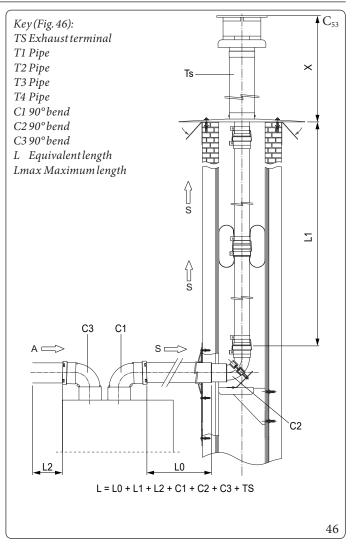
The \emptyset 60 rigid, \emptyset 50 and \emptyset 80 flexible and \emptyset 80 rigid "Green Range" ducting systems must only be used for domestic use and with Immergas condensing boilers.

In any case, ducting operations must respect the provisions contained in the standard and in current technical regulations; in particular, the declaration of conformity must be compiled at the end of work and on commissioning of the ducted system.

The instructions in the project or technical report must likewise be followed, in cases provided for by the standard and current technical regulations.

To guarantee reliability and operation over time of the ducting system, make sure:

- it is used in average atmospheric and environmental conditions, according to current regulations (absence of combustion products, dusts or gases that can alter the normal thermophysical or chemical conditions; existence of temperatures coming within the standard range of daily variation, etc.).
- Installation and maintenance must be performed according to the indications supplied by the manufacturer included with the "green range" ducting system chosen and in compliance with the regulations in force.
- To guarantee long-time reliability and functionality of the ducting system, the maximum length specified by the manufacturer (Par. 1.14) must be complied with.



In flexible and rigid ducting configurations C_{53} , the maximum length (Lmax) does not include the 3 elbows and the exhaust terminal. They must therefore be considered when calculating the equivalent length (L).



The maximum lengths ((L max) of the various flues that can be installed are given in the summary table in parag. 1.14.

1.24 CONFIGURATION FOR C₆ FLUE INSTALLATION



Appliance designed to be connected to a commercial exhaust/intake system.

Hercules Mini 35

Gastype		G20	G31
Flue temperature at maximum output	°C	71	70
Flue gas mass at maximum power	kg/h	59	58
Flue temperature at minimum output	°C	66	66
Flue gas mass at minimum power	kg/h	5	5
CO ₂ at Q. max.	%	$8,8 (8,3 \div 9,3)$	10,5 (10,0 ÷ 11,0)
CO ₂ aQ.minimum	%	$8,8 (8,3 \div 9,3)$	10,3 (9,8 ÷ 10,8)
Maximum head available at maximum power (maximum resistance value of the commercial flue system)	Pa	268	
Maximum head available at minimum power	Pa	2	
Maximum flue gas circuit temperature	°C	120	



- Ducts must withstand condensation (only for condensing models);
- Air intake ducts must withstand working air temperatures of up to 60°C;
- The maximum permissible percentage of flue gas recirculation in windy conditions is 10%;
- Suction and exhaust pipes cannot be installed on opposing walls;
- With flues in configuration C_6 discharge into pressurised flues is not permitted.

1.25 CONFIGURATION TYPE B, OPEN CHAMBER AND FAN ASSISTED FOR INDOORS

The appliance can be installed inside buildings in B_{23} or B_{53} mode; in this case, all technical rules and national and local regulations in force, must be complied with.

1.26 FLUEEXHAUST TO FLUE/CHIMNEY.

Flue exhaust does not necessarily have to be connected to a branched type traditional flue for type B appliances with natural draught (CCR).

The flue exhaust, for boiler clots installed in C configuration, can be connected to a single flue or to a multiple flue.

For B_{23} configurations, exhaust is only allowed into individual chimney or directly into the external atmosphere via a relevant terminal, unless otherwise provided by local regulations.

The multiple flues must also only be connected to type Cappliances of the same type (condensation), having nominal heat inputs that do not differ by more than 30% less with respect to the maximum that can be attached and powered by the same fuel.

The thermo-fluid dynamic features (flue flow rate, % of carbon dioxide, % humidity etc.) of the appliances attached to the same multiple flues, must not differ by more than 10% with respect to the average appliance attached.

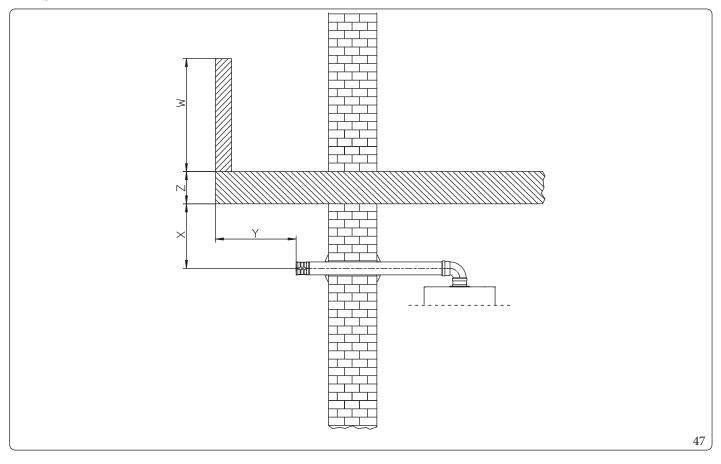
Multiple flues must be specially designed according to the calculation method and requirements of the standards (such as UNI 13384), by professionally qualified technical staff.

 $Chimney \, or \, flue \, sections \, for \, connection \, of \, the \, flue \, exhaust \, pipe \, must \, comply \, with \, requisites \, of \, technical \, standards \, in \, force.$

It is possible to replace a type C conventional device with one provided with condensation, connected to multiple flues, only if the derogation conditions established by the regulations in force have been met.

1.27 FLUES, CHIMNEYS AND CHIMNEY CAPS.

 $Chimneys\ and\ roof-installed\ exhaust\ terminals\ must\ comply\ with\ the\ outlet\ height\ and\ with\ the\ distance\ from\ technical\ volumes\ set\ forth\ by\ the\ technical\ standards\ in\ force.$



Positioning the wall flue exhaust terminals.

 $The \,wall \,flue \,exhaust \,terminals \,must:$

- be installed on external perimeter walls of the building (Fig. 47);
- be positioned according to the minimum distances specified in current technical standards.

$Combustion\ products\ exhaust\ of\ natural\ draught\ or\ fan\ assisted\ appliances\ in\ open-top\ closed\ environments.$

In spaces closed on all sides with open tops (ventilation pits, courtyards etc.), direct combustion product exhaust is allowed for natural draught or fan assisted gas appliances with a heat input range from 4 to 35 kW, provided the conditions as per the current technical standards are respected.

1.28 WATER TREATMENT PLANT FILLING

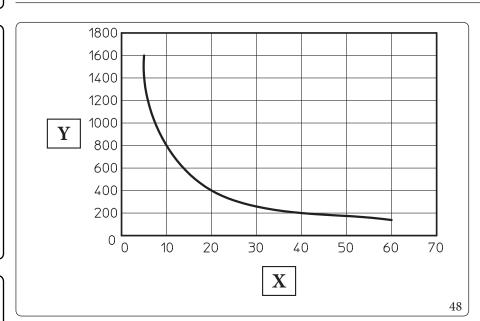
The technical standard in force requires washing and treatment of the system water of the water and DHW thermal system, following the indicated methods and provisions of local standards in force.

The parameters that influence the duration and proper operation of the heat exchanger are the water's PH, total hardness, conductivity, and oxygen, together with the system's processing residues (any welding residues), any oil present and corrosion products that can, in turn, cause damage to the heat exchanger.

In order to prevent this from happening, you are recommended to:

- Before installation on new systems as well as old ones, clean the system with clean water to eliminate solid residues.
- clean the system with a chemical treatment:
 - clean the new system with a suitable cleaning device (for example Sentinel X300, Fernox Cleaner F3 or Jenaqua 300) combined with thorough washing;
 - clean the old system with a suitable cleaning device (for example Sentinel X400 or X800, Fernox Cleaner F3 or Jenaqua 400) combined with thorough washing;
- Check the maximum total hardness and amount of filling water with reference to the graph (Fig. 48), if the contents and hardness of the water are below the indicated curve, no specific treatment is required; otherwise, to limit the content of calcium carbonate, you must provide for water-filling treatment.
- If it is necessary to provide for water treatment, it should be done through complete desalination of the filling water. As opposed to the complete softening process, desalinating the water completely not only removes hardening agents (Ca, Mg), but also eliminates all other minerals to reduce water-filling conductivity up to 10 microsiemens/cm. Given its low conductivity, desalinated water does not only prevent the formation of lime scale, but also serves as protection against corrosion.
- Insert a suitable inhibitor / passivator (for example Sentinel X100, Fernox Protector F1, or Jenaqua 100); if required, also insert appropriate antifreeze (such as for example Sentinel X500, Fernox Alphi 11 or Jenaqua 500).
- Check electrical conduction of the water, which should be higher than 2000 μs/cm in the case of treated water and lower than 600 μs/cm in the case of non-treated water.
- To prevent corrosion, the water system's PH should be between 7.5 and 9.5.
- Check the maximum content of chlorides, which should be less than 250 mg/l.
- i

The graph refers to the entire life cycle of the system. Therefore, also consider scheduled and unscheduled maintenance, which involves emptying and filling the said system.



Key (Fig. 48):

X - Total water hardness °F Y - Litres of system water



For quantities and methods of use of water-treatment products, refer to the instructions provided by their manufacturer.



1.29 SYSTEMFILLING

Once the appliance is connected, proceed with system filling via the filling cock (Det. 1 Fig. 52).

Filling is performed at low speed to ensure release of air bubbles in the water via the appliance and central heating system vents.

The pump may be noisy on start-up due to the presence of air. This noise should stop after a few minutes of functioning and however after having correctly bled the air contained in the hydraulic circuit.

The appliance incorporates an automatic vent valve positioned on the pump and one positioned on the hydraulic manifold.

Then open the radiator vent valves.

Close radiator vent valves when only water escapes from them.

The filling valve must be closed when the appliance pressure gauge indicates approximately 1.2 bar cold.



During these operations, enable the automatic vent functions on the appliance (Parag. 3.19);

1.30 FILLING THE CONDENSATE DRAIN TRAP



When the appliance is switched on for the first time, combustion products come out of the condensate drain. After a few minutes of operation, check that combustion flue gases are no longer coming out of the condensate drain; this means that the drain trap has filled to a correct condensate height that the flue gases cannot pass through.

1.31 GASSYSTEM START-UP

To start up the system, refer to the technical standards in force.

This divides the systems and, therefore, the commissioning operations, into three categories: new systems, modified systems, reactivated systems.

In particular, for new gas systems:

- open windows and doors;
- avoid presence of sparks or naked flames;
- bleed all air from pipelines;
- ensure the internal system is properly sealed according to the specifications set forth by technical regulations in force.



1.32 APPLIANCE START-UP (IGNITION)



Whenever the appliance is powered back up, it starts by default with an 8-minute deaeration function; to stop this function before it has finished, press "Reset" and confirm by pressing "Ok".



The display leaves the factory set in Italian. To change the display language, see Par. 2.8 in the "USER" chapter, under "Menu\ General settings\Language".

To commission the appliance (the operations listed below must only be performed by qualified personnel and in the presence of staff only):

- 1. check that the internal system is properly sealed according to the specifications set forth by regulations in force;
- 2. Ensure that the type of gas used corresponds to the appliance settings (the type of gas appears on the display on first electrical power supply);
- 3. check that there is no air in the gas pipe;
- 4. Check connection to a 230V~50Hz power mains, correct L-N polarity and the earthing connection;
- 5. check that the intake/exhaust terminals are not obstructed and that they are installed properly;
- 6. Check that the drain trap is full and that it prevents any passage of flue gas into the room;
- 7. check that there are no external factors that may cause the formation of fuel pockets;
- 8. Carry out the flue test (Par. 3.14);
- 9. Activate the Quick calibration function (if in the previous check it was necessary to change the flue parameters): (Par. 3.13);
- 10. Switch the appliance on and check correct ignition;
- 11. Check the activation of the main switch located upstream of the appliance.



Even if just one single safety check provides a negative result, do not commission the system.

1.33 UPM4CIRCULATION PUMP

In C.H. mode, the following operating modes can be selected in the "Menu/Service/Boiler/Pump" menu, which can be accessed by a qualified technician (Par. 3.15).

- **Delta t = 0:** automatic circulator pump speed and proportional head: The automatic circulator pump speed varies according to the power emitted by the burner; the greater the power, the greater the speed. Furthermore, the operating range of the pump can be adjusted in Menu/Support/Boiler/**Pump**, by setting the "Maximum speed" parameter (adjustable from 6 to 9) and the "Minimum speed" parameter "adjustable from 6 to max speed set).
- **Delta t** = $5 \div 25$ K: the pump speed varies to maintain the ΔT constant between the system flow and return according to set value K.
- **Fixed (6 9):** by setting the parameters "Maximum speed" and "Minimum speed" at the same value, the pump operates at constant speed (fixed speed = 9).



For the appliance to work properly, it is recommended to set the pump at maximum fixed speed=9.



In domestic hot water mode, the circulator pump always runs at full speed.

Pump symbols (Fig. 49):

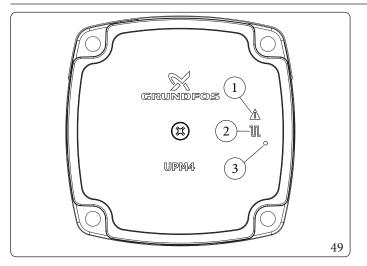
With the pump powered and the pwm control signal connected and operating (pump ON or in stand-by), the symbol 2 flashes green (-).

If the symbol 2 turns steady green (\mathbb{I}), the pump detects no command on the pwm signal and always runs at maximum speed. If the pump detects an alarm, symbol 1 lights up red (\mathbb{A}). This can mean that there is one of the following faults:

- Low power supply voltage.
- Rotor seized (Cautiously turn the screw in the centre of the head to manually release the motor shaft).
- Electrical error.



These anomalies will be signalled on the boiler display as errors "60" or "61" as indicated in par. 2.9.



Key (Fig. 49):

- 1 Alarm signal (Red)
- $2 \qquad \quad Functioning \, status \, signal \, (Steady \, green/Flashing \, green)$
- 3 Led (Not used on this model)

Pump release.

If after a long period of inactivity, the circulator is blocked, adjust the screw in the centre of the head in order to manually release the motor shaft.

Take great care during this operation to avoid damage to the motor.



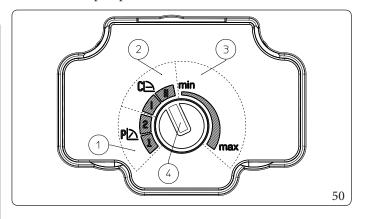
1.34 TACO CIRCULATION PUMP

The appliances are supplied with a variable speed circulator pump.

- **Proportional head**: the pump speed varies according to the power emitted by the burner, the greater the power the greater the speed.
- Constant ΔT : the pump speed varies to maintain the ΔT constant between the system flow and return according to a set value.
- **Fixed**: setting the selector at "Min" or "Max" the pump runs at fixed speed.

Pump LED

- purple LED: automatic adjustment to changes
- orange LED: constant head
- green LED: proportional head
- blue LED: fixed speed
- yellow LED: PWM signal output. External pump setpoint. (not used)
- white LED: Air detection. proceed with the venting routine.
- red LED: the pump is blocked but still live.



Key (Fig. 50):

1 - Proportional head adjustment zone 2 - Constant head adjustment zone 3 - Fixed speed adjustment zone 4 - Selector with LED

Adjustments.

Turn the selector and set it on the desired curve to adjust the pump:

- P1/P2;
- CI/CII (default);
- Min/Max.

P1/P2 programs - Proportional head (green LED).

This allows the pressure level (head) to be proportionally reduced as the system heat demand decreases (flow rate reduction). Thanks to this function, the electric power consumption of the pump is reduced further: the energy (power) used by the pump decreases according to the pressure level and flow rate.

With this setting, the pump guarantees optimal performance in most heating systems, thereby being particularly suitable in single-pipe and two-pipe installations. Any noise originating from the water flow in the pipes, valves and radiators is eliminated by reducing the head.

Optimal conditions for thermal comfort and acoustic well-being.

CI/CII programs - Constant head (orange LED).

The pump maintains the pressure level (head) constant as the system heat demand decreases (flow rate reduction). With these settings, the pump is suitable for all floor systems where all the circuits must be balanced for the same drop in head.

Min/Max programs - Fixed speed (blue LED).

The pump is distinguished by adjustable operating curves by positioning the selector in any point between the Min and Max positions, thereby satisfying any installation requirement (from a simple single-pipe to more modern and sophisticated systems) and always guarantee optimum performance.

The precise working point can be selected in the entire field of use by gradually adjusting the speed.



Diagnostics in real time.

A lit LED, in various colours, provides information regarding the pump operating status (Det. 4 Fig. 50).

Possible pump release.

The blockage of the pump is signalled by backlighting of the LED with a steady red light.

In case of motor blockage, the pump intervenes automatically by means of a routine managed within its software to attempt to remove the blockage.

The pump automatically launches a routine procedure gradually increasing rotation torque up to 12 consecutive attempts.

During this procedure, the signal of the LED knob starts flashing at a different colour than that on the curve set at red for motor blockage. The procedure indicatively lasts 2 seconds for each attempt (about 30 seconds in all).

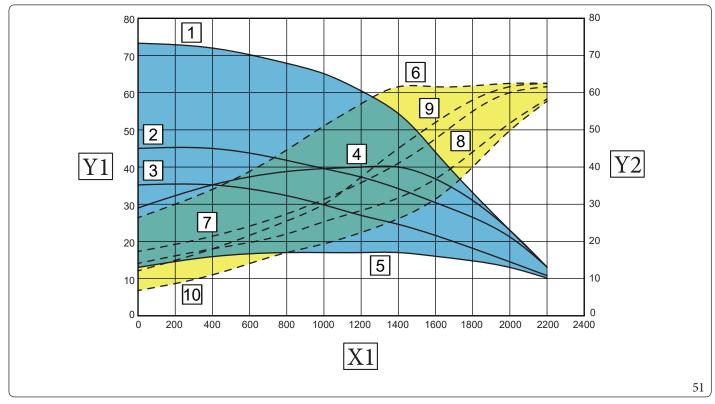
If the automatic unblock attempt fails, the colour of the LED knob remains steady red.

If the problem has not been resolved, proceed with manual unblocking as described below:

- Disconnect power to the boiler (the LED switches off).
- Close the system flow and return and let the pump cool down.
- Empty the system circuit via the relative cock.
- Remove the motor and clean the impeller.
- When unblocked, reassemble the motor, tightening the screws at a torque of 3.3 ± 0.5 Nm.
- Fill the primary circuit; restore boiler power and set the desired curve.



Head available to the Hercules Mini 35 system



Key (Fig. 51):

1 = Head available to the system at maximum speed

2 = Head available to the system in position C2

3 = Head available to the system in position C1

4 = Head available to the system in position P2

5 = Headavailable to the system in position P1 6 = Power absorbed by the pump at maximum speed

7 = Power absorbed by pump in position C2

8 = Power absorbed by pump in position C1

Power absorbed by pump in position P2

Power absorbed by pump in position P1

Power absorbed by pump in position P1

Key (Fig. 51):

X1 = Flow rate (l/h)Y1 = Head (kPa)

Y2 = Power absorbed by pump(W)

1.35 DOMESTICHOT WATER STORAGE TANK UNIT

The storage tank in Hercules Mini 35 is an accumulation type with a capacity of 54 litres.

It contains large coiled stainless steel heat exchanger pipes, which allow to notably reduce hot water production times.

These storage tank units constructed with stainless steel casing and bottoms, guarantee long duration through time.

The assembly concepts and welding (T.I.G.) are implemented to the minimum detail to ensure maximum reliability.

The upper inspection flange ensures practical control of the storage tank unit and the coiled heat exchanger and easy internal cleaning. The flange cover is provided with domestic hot water connection fittings (cold inlet and hot outlet) and a Magnesium anode holder cap including the device, which is a standard supply to protect the inner part of the storage tank from possible corrosion.



Have the efficiency of the storage tank unit's Magnesium Anode checked annually by an authorised company (e.g. Immergas Authorised Service Centre). The storage tank unit is prepared for introduction of the domestic hot water pump fitting.

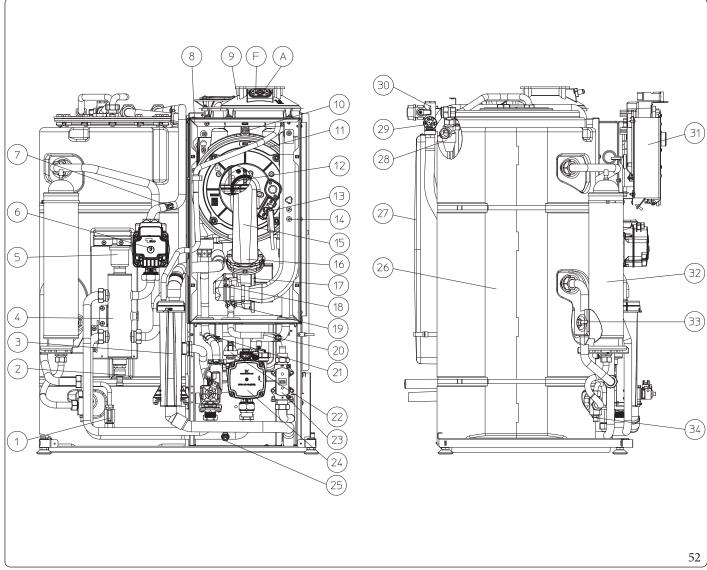
1.36 KITS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST



Check the complete list of kits available and which can be combined with the product, consult the Immergas website, the Immergas Price List or the technical-commercial documentation (catalogues and data sheets).



1.37 MAIN COMPONENTS



Kon	(Fig	52	١.

	g. v <i>=</i>)	•
1	-	System filling valve
2	-	Manifold draining valve
3	-	Condensate drain trap
4	-	Hydraulic manifold
5	-	Air vent valve
6	-	System circulator pump
7	-	System flow probe
8	-	Sealed chamber unit
9	-	Fluehood
F	-	Flue sample point
A	-	Air sample point

10	-	Double flue probe sensor
11	-	Heat exchanger
12	-	Burner
13	-	Ignition/detection electrode
14	-	Air intake pipe
15	-	Gasmanifold
16	-	Spacer with clapet
17	-	Fan
18	-	Gasmixer
19	-	Gas diaphragm
20	-	Return probe
21	-	Flowprobes
22	-	System pressure switch
		-

		52
		52_)
23	-	Gasvalve
24	-	Boiler circulating pump
25	-	System draining valve
26	-	Stainless steel storage tank
27	-	System expansion vessel
28	-	3 bar safety valve
29	-	8 bar safety valve
30	-	Tap with cold inlet manifold
31	-	Controlpanelunit
32	-	Domestic hot water expansion
		vessel
33	-	D.H.W. probe
34	-	Storage tank draining valve

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE AND MAINTENANCE

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS



The device can be used by children at least 8 years old as well as by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience or required knowledge, provided that they are under surveillance, or after they have been instructed relating to the safe use and have understood the potential dangers.

Children must not play with the appliance.

Cleaning and maintenance destined to be performed by the user can not be carried out by unsupervised children.



For safety purposes, check that the air intake/flue exhaust terminals (if fitted) are not blocked.



If temporary shutdown of the appliance is required, proceed as follows:

- a) drain the heating system if antifreeze is not used. Contact an Authorised Service Centre to perform this operation;
- b) shut-offall electrical, water and gas supplies.



In the case of work or maintenance to structures located in the vicinity of ducting or devices for flue extraction and relative accessories, switch off the appliance and on completion of operations ensure that a qualified technician checks efficiency of the ducting or other devices.



Never clean the appliance or connected parts with easily flammable substances.



Do not open or tamper with the appliance.



Never leave containers or flammable substances in the same environment as the appliance.



Do not take apart or tamper with the intake and exhaust pipes.



Do not climb on the appliance, do not use the appliance as a support base.



In the event of malfunctions, faults or incorrect operation, turn the appliance off and contact an authorised company (e.g. the Authorised Technical Assistance Centre, which has specifically trained staff and original spare parts). Do not attempt to modify or repair the appliance alone.



The use of components involving use of electrical power requires some fundamental rules to be observed such as:

- do not touch the appliance with wet or moist parts of the body; do not touch when barefoot;
- never pull electrical cables or leave the appliance exposed to atmospheric agents (rain, sunlight, etc.);
- the appliance power cable must not be replaced by the user;
- in the event of damage to the power supply cable, switch off the appliance and contact exclusively qualified staff for replacement;
- if the appliance is not to be used for a certain period, disconnect the main appliance external switch.



Water at a temperature of more than 50 °C can cause serious burns. Always check the water temperature before any use.



The temperatures indicated by the display have a tolerance of ± -3 °C due to environmental conditions that cannot be blamed on the appliance.



If you smell gas in the building:

- close the gas meter interception device or the main interception device;
- if possible, close the gas interception valve on the product;
- if possible, open doors and windows wide and create an air current;
- do not use open flames (e.g. lighters, matches);
- do not smoke;
- do not use electrical switches, plugs, door bells, telephones or intercom devices in the building;
- call an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Technical Assistance Centre).



if you smell burning or see smoke coming out of the appliance, switch it off, disconnect power, close the main gas isolation valve, open the windows and call an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Technical Assistance Centre).



At the end of its service life, the appliance must not be disposed of like normal household waste nor abandoned in the environment, but must be removed by a professionally authorised company as required by current legislation.

Contact the manufacturer for disposal instructions.

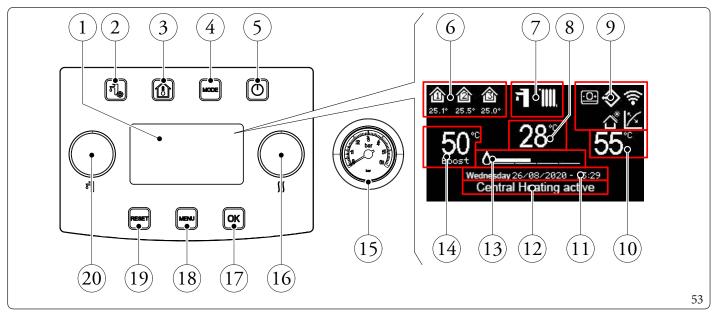


2.2 CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE



To preserve the appliance's integrity and keep the safety features, performance and reliability, which distinguish it, unchanged over time, you must execute maintenance operations on a yearly basis in compliance with what is stated in the relative point at "annual check and maintenance of the appliance", in compliance with national, regional, or local standards in force.

2.3 CONTROL PANEL



Key (Fig. 53):

- 1 Display.
- 2 Domestichot water button.
- 3 Zone button.
- 4 Functioning mode button.
- 5 ON/OFFButton.
- 6 Zones area (number and information of zone in use).
- 7 Operating mode.
- $8 \qquad \quad Anomaly code/flow temperature \, display.$
- 9 System general icon display.

- 10 Centralheating/C.H. set display.
- 11 Current date and time display.
- 12 System state.
- 13 Flame presence symbol and relative output scale.
- 14 DHW (Domestic hot water) set display.
- 15 Pressure gauge.
- 16 "Set central heating / C.H." knob.
- 17 Selection confirmation/ok button.
- 18 Menubutton.
- 19 Anomalies/esc. reset button.
- $20 \quad \quad \text{``Set DHW (Domestic hot water)''} Knob.$



2.4 USING THE APPLIANCE



Before ignition make sure the heating system is filled with water and that the pressure gauge (Fig. 53) indicates a pressure of 1 - 1.2 cold.

 $If the value is less than 1, the system \, must be filled \, by \, actuating \, the filling \, cock \, (Par. \, 1.29) \, until \, the \, indicated \, value \, is \, reached.$

Display when the appliance is switched on

The following are displayed upon ignition:

- Type of panel;
- Panel firmware version;
- Board firmware version.
- Type of selected gas

Once the device has been powered, it goes into the status prior to switch-off. Press the "MODE" button to cyclically select the desired operating mode amongst those available.

The operating mode in use is indicated by its icon at the top of the display (Fig. 54) and is unique for all zones. By pressing any button, the pushbutton panel lights up for a few seconds; in this way it is activated and ready to receive the subsequent commands. Depending on the system's configuration, the main screen displays various information regarding the system itself, amongst which:

Symbol	Description and operation
25.1°C E121	Zone identification icon. This icon reverses its colour during the central heating / C.H. demand. The values below the zone icon, respectively indicate the temperature or any errors in such zone. The temperature and any errors are displayed if the wireless room probe is configured; if CAR^{v_2} is connected, the zone 1 icon will indicate the room temperature read by the CAR^{v_2} ; if no probe is connected or CAR^{v_2} remains active, only the "home" (zone) icon remains active without any other info below.
	Remote management system connection icon (Dominus)(optional).
-0.	$Remote control presence icon (CAR^{v_2}, Smartech Plus) (optional) and control on the appliance panel is excluded.$
<u>**</u>	External probe connection (optional).
♦	Connection to wireless room probes (optional).
\(\)	Burner on with flame present (the bar at the side indicates a progressive increase of the power supplied by the burner).
∆ [‡]	Not used on this model.

Operatingmode	Description	DHW	Centralheating	Protection function (Antifreeze)
OFF	Off	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
7	Summer	Enabled	Disabled	Activated
71·III.	Winter	Enabled	Enabled	Activated
*	Stand-by	Disabled	Disabled	Activated

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2.5 OPERATINGMODE

When the appliance is connected to the mains, the display and the lighting of the buttons will be activated.

This lighting will turn off after 10 seconds of inactivity.

To activate a command, you must first activate the keyboard (by pressing any button for 0.5-20 seconds), then press the intended button to enter the specific menu.

The keyboard switches off again after 20 seconds of continuous pressure.

The actual functionality of the buttons is obtained 1 second after being pressed. A close double press will not generate any button action. The appliance can work in the following modes:

- OFF;
- STAND-BY(♠);
- SUMMER(**→**);
- WINTER(**1 + 1 | 1 | 1**).

If the appliance is at "OFF", press the button "(1)" to activate it. If this is not the case, go to the next point.

Then press the "MODE" button in sequence to set the system to stand-by (**), summer **] or winter **| position.

• "OFF" mode

By pressing button " " for at least 4", the display will show "OFF" and the system will be disabled. In this mode, the safety functions are not guaranteed and the remote devices are disconnected.

"Stand-by" Mode

Press the "MODE" button in succession until the symbol appears
In this mode, the system is able to ensure protection functions only, such as: appliance antifreeze function, antiblock function and any anomaly signals (Fig. 54).



In "Stand-by" and "Off" mode, the appliance is to be considered still live.

Summer

Press the "MODE" button in succession until the symbol appears.

In this mode the appliance allows the production of domestic hot water and ensures protection (Fig. 54).

Winter

Press the "MODE" button in succession until the symbol appears.

In this mode the system allows the production of domestic hot water and room central heating and ensures protection (Fig. 54).



Display operation

Below is a description of how to use the control panel, including:

- Enter the menus;
- Moving in the menus;
- Set a menu item;
- Confirming a change;
- Exit without saving.

• Enter the menus

The control panel menus can be accessed by pressing the buttons (Fig. 53):

- "DHW" to enter the DHW menu;
- "Zones" to enter the Zone menu;
- "Menu" to enter the general settings menu.

Moving in the menus

Simply rotate the "Set DHW (Domestic hot water)" knob to scroll the menu items.

The indication [...] next to the menu item indicates the availability of a submenu.

Press the "OK" button to access this submenu.

Pressing the "RESET" button goes back to the previous menu page.

Set menu item

Go to the menu item to be set following the instructions given previously.

Once the menu item to be set is reached, press "OK" or rotate the "Set Central heating / C.H." knob to highlight the value to be changed. Change the value by turning the "Set central heating / C.H." knob.

Confirming a change

 $At the \,end \,of \,the \,modification, press\, "OK" \,to \,confirm \,the \,change \,and \,go \,back \,to \,the \,previously \,selected \,menu \,item.$

· Exit without saving

If at the end of the modification you press ``RESET", you will return to the previously selected menu item without confirming the modification.

MAINTENANCE TECHNICIAN

Changing the display language

The display leaves the factory set in Italian, proceed as follows to change the display language:

- $\quad Enter {\color{red} Menu/Impostazioni generali/Lingua} ({\color{red} Menu/General setting/Language} if the menu is in English).$
- Select the desired language from those available and press OK.

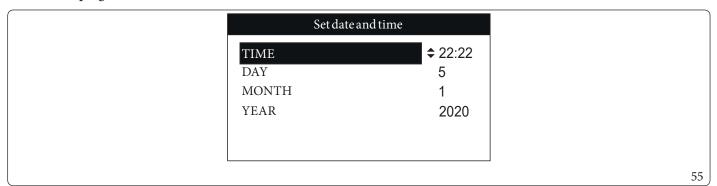
Clock and programs

 $From this \, menu, it is \, possible \, to \, set the \, system's \, date \, and \, time \, as \, well \, as \, the \, time \, slots \, for \, operation \, in \, Comfort \, and \, Economy \, mode.$

• Date and time.

The date and time can be set by modifying the parameters in the menu

Clock and programs / Set date and time



Automatic summer time

Clock and programs / Automatic summer time

The automatic adaptation of the time can be enabled or disabled when changing from winter to summer time (and vice versa).

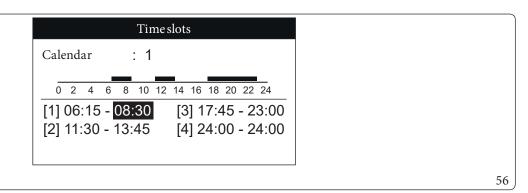
Calendars

It is possible to set 4 calendars with 4 time operating slots in system comfort mode. The system will operate in economy mode during out-of-range time fractions of these 4 time slots.

After setting these 4 calendars it is possible to associate them to the various days of the week in the zone programs, DHW (Domestic hot water) according to one's needs.

Set the time slots by modifying the menu

Clock and programs / Time slots



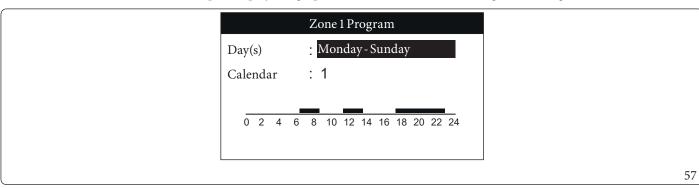
Program for Zone 1 central heating and DHW program.

In these menus the central heating and DHW time ranges (calendars from 1 to 4) are assigned to Zone 1.

You can assign the calendar to a single day or to a group of days (single day, Monday - Friday, Saturday-Sunday, Monday - Saturday, Monday - Sunday).

Therefore each day may be personalised with 4 different operating programs.

For convenient selection, the bottom part displays the graphics of the relevant calendar being selected (Fig. 57).





On the menu

Zone/Information

it is possible to identify the status of the various controls managing the central heating / C.H..

· Holiday program.

Clock and programs / Holiday Program

If required, it is possible to pause system operation for an established period.



Both the DHW (Domestic hot water) control and central heating / C.H. are stopped.

Set the number of system operation suspension days.



The day on which the holiday program is set is counted as the first day of system suspension. The program does not take into account the setting time but ends at midnight on the last day set.

The antifreeze function is still ensured during the holiday period.



In case of blackout, the holiday program is cancelled.



2.6 DHWMODE

During activation, "DHW underway" appears on the display.

It is possible to set the domestic hot water temperature adjustment in two ways: MANUAL or AUTOMATIC.

The selection is made by entering the DHW menu ("DHW" button) and setting the "Set Management" parameter.

Manual adjustment (Man)

Adjustment of the DHW temperature in MAN mode is done via the "DHW Set" knob (Fig. 53) or by changing the value "Manual set" within the "DHW" menu.

Confirmation can take place in two ways: by pressing the OK button or by waiting two minutes after changing the value.

Automatic adjustment (Auto)

The AUTOMATIC domestic hot water temperature adjustment involves setting "Comfort Set" and "Economy Set" parameters in the "DHW" menu and choosing the calendar inside the menu as indicated below.

Clock and programs / DHW Program

In the selected time slots, the DHW set will be automatically set to the "Comfort Set" value; outside these, the set DHW will be set to "Economy Set" value.

It is possible to temporarily modify the DHW (Domestic hot water) set by setting a manual value using the "Set DHW (Domestic hot water)" knob (Fig. 53).

This setting will be lost when the time slot is next changed.

The forced automatic function can be interrupted by simply pressing the "MODE" button.

Boost Function

It is also possible for Domestic hot water / D.H.W. to set the "Boost Function" function.

When the Boost is active, the word "Boost" appears in the display below the "Set DHW" temperature (Fig. 53):

To set this function, press the "DHW" button and select the "Boost Function" which has three modes (ON - OFF - AUTO):

- **Boost ON**: with Boost active, the boiler maintains the set domestic hot water temperature constant. This provides maximum comfort but with frequent burner ignitions.
- **Boost OFF**: the Boost is off and sufficient comfort is had with a few ignitions;
- **Auto**: Boost is managed simultaneously with the time slots set on the boiler DHW (Domestic hot water) program or the CAR V2 if present (active in comfort and deactivated in economy).

Anti-Legionella function

 $If the anti-legionella function is activated (disabled as a standard), the temperature inside the storage tank is brought to 65 ^{\circ}C for 30 minutes$



Water at temperatures above 50°C can cause severe burns. When the anti-legionella function is activated, always check the water temperature before any use.

2.7 CENTRALHEATINGMODE



To verify if the central heating is actually in operation, look at the Zone area icon: if the identifier icon of the zone is full it means that C.H. is active, otherwise, even when the room thermostatis open, it will be empty.

The central heating / C.H. adjustment can be set in three ways: MANUAL, AUTOMATIC, OFF.

The selection is made by entering the "Zone" menu 1.

After having selected the zone of interest, access the menu:

Settings/Operation mode

Use with Room thermostat TA (Optional)



If there is no Room thermostat, the link at the ends of terminals 40-41 must be maintained. In this conditions, a continuous request from the Room thermostat is simulated

Man functioning mode

With this setting, the central heating / C.H. is manually enabled and will be valid until the subsequent and different setting. When the room temperature (if TA present) exceeds that set on the TA, the central heating / C.H. turns off.

Auto functioning mode

By associating a calendar with the relevant zone program, it is possible to determine the time slots for activating the room central heating at a set system temperature.

When the room temperature detected by any Room thermostat is lower than required, the central heating / C.H. is activated (only if requested by the calendar program).

When the room temperature detected by any Room thermostat is higher than required, the room central heating / C.H. is deactivated.

Functioning mode Off

Central heating / C.H. always off.



With single-zone systems, the temperature setting for the central heating system is also available on the central heating knob; on multi-zone systems it can be set on the menu Zone \Configuration \Regulation

Operation with optional external probe 1/2 (optional).

It is possible to use the thermore gulation functions associated to an external probe.

The appliance is designed for use with an optional external probe.

With the external probe connected, the flow setpoint for room central heating / C.H. is managed by the system depending on the external temperature measured (Par.1.9).

It is possible to enable thermal adjustment for the individual zone. The symbol 🔀 is present if the probe is connected and working.



Use with wireless room probes (Optional)



Using Central heating / C.H. through the wireless room probes is the optimal solution for controlling the room temperature. With room probes configured and enabled, it will be possible to set on the individual zone the room temperature with which to control the central heating / C.H. ignition; the central heating / C.H. flow set at which the appliance will operate will be regulated to the ideal temperature for maintaining room comfort, with maximum energy saving.

Man functioning mode

With this setting, the central heating is always enabled (regardless of the hourly settings) and the value set on Zone\Settings\Set MAN (room temperature demand) will be valid until the subsequent and different setting.

When the room temperature exceeds the set room set, the central heating / C.H. turns off.

Auto functioning mode

There are two room temperature setpoints:

Zone/Settings/Set AUTO comfort

Zone/Settings/Set AUTO reduced

By associating a calendar with the relevant zone program, it is possible to determine the time slots when to activate the room temperature control set as Comfort (Set Auto Comfort); the reduced room temperature control (Set Auto reduced) will be active in the remaining time intervals. The flow set will be automatically calculated according to the room temperature (If the default setting "Room sensor modul." = Yes is maintained).

When the room temperature detected by any Room probe is lower than required, the central heating / C.H. is activated.

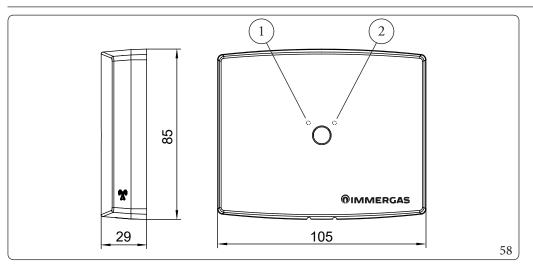
When the room temperature detected by any Room probe is higher than required, the room central heating / C.H. is deactivated.

Functioning mode Off

Central heating / C.H. always off.



The presence of the link on the TA contact is required when the central heating / C.H. demand needs to be checked using only the wireless room probes.



Key (Fig. 58):

1 - Left LED
2 - Right LED

Wireless probe LED behaviour

On the wireless probe there are two LEDs next to the button. The possible signals on these LEDs are the following:

Status	Situation	LeftLED	RightLED
	Normalfunctioning	1 Flash every 60 seconds	
Normal functioning	No association	1 Flash every 4 seconds	
	RF transmission in progress		1 Flash

Appliance operation with wireless room probes

The wireless room probe (with concentrator) allows the measurement of the room temperature and sending of this value to the appliance control panel where possible, via the display board, set a weekly program for the room temperature control. There is no manual command or adjustment of the room control on the probe.



The key on the probe and concentrator has no function for the end user. It is recommended not act on this button, on any of the devices.

Room antifreeze function with wireless room probes

The room antifreeze protection is activated when the zone operating mode is set to Off and the appliance is in Winter mode.

The antifreeze function can be deactivated through the menu with Service access.

With zone operation = Off, in case of room sensor fault, the appliance will NEVER receive any room central heating / C.H. request (not even in case of antifreeze). Only the boiler antifreeze function will remain active.

If you want to ensure the room is protected from freezing (also in the presence of any faults on the sensors), it is possible to select the zone operating mode = Manual and set the minimum room set; in these conditions, the probe flow produces a central heating / C.H. request (permanent 24h) with minimum flow set.

$\underline{Boiler flow \, temperature \, with \, wireless \, room \, probe}$

By activating the "Room sensor modul." function, the appliance will automatically manage the flow temperature making it correlated to the actual room need. The appliance flow temperature will vary between the maximum and minimum values set on the zone parameters and will proportionally decrease when the desired room temperature is reached.

By deactivating the "Room sensor modul." function, the appliance flow temperature will remain fixed at the maximum value set on the zone parameters for the entire central heating / C.H. request time; if multi-zones present with several probes, the boiler will provide the highest flow temperature among the requests from the various zones. A different maximum and minimum flow temperature value can be defined for each individual zone.

Combined operation of wireless room probe with external probe

If the "Room sensor modul." and "Outdoor sensor modul." functions are kept active, the combined wireless room probe and external probe operation makes it possible to add together the appliance flow temperature calculation actions.

Based on the outdoor temperature, the flow temperature calculation function will determine the maximum flow temperature for the zone (correlated to the temperature outside at that moment). The room probe can further decrease the value based on the rising of the room temperature.



Appliance operation in case of wireless room probe fault

Radio communication lost between room probe and concentrator

Failed data reception by the wireless probe causes the relative error to appear on the display.

Typically the error is reported after 4 minutes; the last reading on the room probe is kept active with consequent central heating mode function referring to this reading.

After 10 minutes of no communication, the appliance determines that the probe is "out of order"; two dashes appear on the display instead of Room T keeping the error signal under the icon of the zone house active.

Operation with room probe "out of order" causes a central heating / C.H. request from the appliance with minimum zone flow set in any selected program condition (permanent 24h).

The only central heating / C.H. off condition is the selection of the OFF status on the zone menu or the Summer selection.

Fault on room sensor NTC

Already at the first communication of an out of range room value (MAX after 4 minutes), the probe assumes the "out of order" condition; then proceed with the operation described above (permanent central heating / C.H. request at minimum set in any operating condition other than the OFF state).

Fault on the concentrator (receiver connected to appliance)

In case of concentrator offline error, the appliance behaves as in probe "out of order" condition.

Adjustments available on display with the presence of wireless room probes

After correct pairing, the zone menu is available to manage operation of central heating with wireless room probe; if paired to one zone only, only the menu of zone 1 will be available.

With only 1 zone, the appliance control panel central heating / C.H. adjustment knob will provide the adjustment of the maximum central heating / C.H. temperature (or offset if the external probe is present). The room temperature settings and adjustments are available by accessing the zone menu.

Adjustment of the central heating system flow temperature

Acting directly on the "Set central heating" knob, you may set the value 'A' (Fig. 9) by setting the flow temperature to the system with active request.

No external probe

Without external probe, following central heating / C.H. adjustment using the knob, the display shows the actual temperature set for central heating / C.H.; if the value is not maintained, it is because the functioning mode of the zone is set on A-ECO or OFF (20°C).

External probe present (optional)

The "Set Central heating" knob will set OFF-set 'E' (Fig. 9).

With the external probe present, the appliance calculates the central heating system temperature according to the outdoor temperature; in these conditions the user is still allowed to set a correction (offset) on the flow temperature using the "Set central heating" knob, in relation to the outdoor temperature detected by the probe.

Operation with Comando Amico Remoto^{V2} (CAR^{V2}) (optional)



In case of single-zone system, this will be managed via CAR^{v2}.

When the Car V2 is connected, the display will no longer show any setting concerning zone 1, while maintaining the main information. The or symbol will appear on the display. The appliance regulation parameters can be set via the CAR^{v2} control panel, all the buttons remain active on the appliance control panel (except the MODE button) and the display where the functioning state is shown.



If the appliance is put into "off" mode, the "ERR>CM" connection error symbol will appear on the CAR^{v_2} . The CAR^{v_2} is howeverer powered constantly so as not to lose memorised programs.



The presence of the jumper on the TA contact is required when the central heating / C.H. demand needs to be checked using only CAR_{V2}.



2.8 PARAMETERS AND INFORMATION MENU

There are 3 Settings menus (Fig. 53):

DHW: accessible from the DHW button (2);

Zones: accessible by pressing the zone button (3);

General settings menu: accessible by pressing the menu button (18).



 $Some \,menu\,settings\,appear\,only\,when\,the\,options\,are\,actually\,connected\,and\,working\,and\,if the\,appliance\,settings\,allow\,it.$

"DHW (Domestic hot water)" Menu.

Press the "DHW (Domestic hot water)" button to access a list of variables that enable you to customise use of the DHW (Domestic hot water).

Hereunder is a list of all available menus:

DOMESTICHOT WATER				
Menu item	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
DHW control	Boiler = informs that the DHW control is managed from the boiler panel			
DH W Control	Remote = informs that the DHW control is managed by CAR v2			
Temperature	Temperature read by the DHW probe			
	Sets the DHW (Domestic hot water) boost function management:			
	Off=always deactivated			
Boost function (*)	On = always on	Off-On-Auto	On	
	Auto = managed as required by the DHW (Domestic hot water) program			
	Sets the DHW (Domestic hot water) set control mode:			
Set management (*)	Auto = the DHW (Domestic hot water) set will be controlled at two levels, according to the DHW (Domestic hot water) program.	Auto-Man Man		
	Man = the DHW (Domestic hot water) set will always be fixed at the manual value (regardless of the DHW (Domestic hot water) program)			
Set comfort	Sets comfort set (comfort set will be active during the active time slots of the DHW (Domestic hot water) program if "Set management = Auto" is selected)		50°C	
Seteconomy	Sets reduced set (economy set will be active during the NON active time slots of the DHW (Domestic hot water) program if "Set management = Auto" is selected)	10÷60°C	30°C	
Set manual	Sets manual set (manual set will be active 24 hours a day if "Set management = Man" is selected)	10÷60°C	10°C	

 $^{(\}hbox{\rm *})\,See\,the\,DHW\,paragraph\,(Parag.2.6).$

Zones Menu.

Press the "Zones" BUTTON to access a list of variables that enable you to customise use of the zones.

Below is the complete list of available menus, some of which are only visible after enabling the component or activating the specific associated function:

ZONES		
Menuitem	Description	
Zone 1	Defines the operating parameters to manage zone 1 (or the entire system if single-zone).	
Zone 2 (*)	Defines the operating parameters to manage the zone 2 (if present).	
Zone 3 (*)	Defines the operating parameters to manage the zone 3 (if present).	

(*) if present.

ZONES/Zone1		
Menuitem	Description	
Information	This displays the system operating data	
Settings	Defines the operating parameters to manage zone 1	
Definition	Defines any further operating parameters to manage zone 1	



ZONES/ZONE 1/Information			
Menuitem	Description	Range	
Room temperature (***)	Room temperature read on zone 1	0°C÷50°C	
Room Set (**) (***)	Room temperature set on zone 1	5°C ÷ 35°C	
Function Mode	Mode set on zone 1	Off/A-ECO/A-COMF/Man	
Room thermostat status	Status of the room thermostat on zone 1	Open/Close	
Set CH	This displays the zone 1 flow set	25°C ÷ 85°C	
Plant	Information related to the type and presence or absence of a room probe		



 $Zone \ 1 \ Information \ Menu \ is \ always \ present \ regardless \ of \ whether \ or \ not \ a \ CAR^{v_2} \ is \ connected.$

(**) not displayed when the "Enable room probe" is set to No

(***) displayed when the zone of interest is associated with a room probe (RF probe,...)

Zone menu description/Information

Operation status

- Off=off;
- A-ECO = means that the zone is in the time slot where the central heating has been programmed to be deactivated;
- A-COMF = means that the zone is in the time slot where the central heating has been programmed to be activated and running if the room thermostat is closed;
- Man = central heating is always active and the relative time program is not considered.

Room thermostat status

- if open, there is no central heating / C.H. request in progress (until it is closed);
- if closed, it will go in combination with the appliance programming.

Centralheating/C.H.set

- info on the actual active set in real time (depends on the central heating / C.H. programming or any external probe).

ZONES/Zone 1/Information/ Plant			
Menuitem	Description	Range	
	This displays or not the presence of the room probe	Off = No probe	
D		WIRED = Not used	
Room probe		RF=Probe present	
		OT = CAR V2 presence	
Water circuit	If zone board is present, it informs about the type of system in use in the zone.	DIR=Direct circuit	
		MIX=Mixed circuit	
Flowtemperature	Zone board absent: the temperature read is the one to the boiler outlet		
	Zones control unit present + information request relating to mixed zone: the temperature read is that at the mixing valve outlet.	0°C÷99°C	

ZONES/Zone 1/Information (1)					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value	
Function Mode (1)	Sets the zone 1 operating mode	Off / Man / Auto	Man		
Set AUTO comfort (2)	Zone 1 room temperature correlated to the active time slots of the zone 1 calendar	10°C ÷ 35°C	20°C		
Set AUTO reduced (2)	$Zone1roomtemperaturecorrelatedtotheNONactivetimeslotsofthe\\zone1program$	5°C÷30°C	16°C		
Set MAN(3)	Zone 1 room temperature that can be activated by selecting the operating mode = manual	5°C÷35°C	20°C		
Weather comp. offset (4)	Zone 1 flow temperature correction in relation to external probe detection	-9°C÷9°C	0°C		
Maximum flow set (5)	Maximum zone 1 flow temperature	20°C÷85°C	85°C		

(1) **The zone 1 Settings menu is not displayed** if there is a remote device, but the menu will remain available on other zones not remote-controlled

(2) Not displayed when:

- the parameter "Operation mode" is set at "Man" or "Off" lack or unavailability of room probes

(3) Not displayed when:

- the parameter "Operation mode" is set at "Auto" or "Off" lack or unavailability of room probes

(4) Not displayed when:

- the external probe is missing
- the parameter "Operation mode" is set at "Off"
- (5) Not displayed when:
- the external probe is present
- aroom probe is configured
- the parameter "Enable room sensor" is set at "Yes"

ZONES/Zone 1/Definition/Regulation				
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Weather comp. offset (1)	With external probe present, the offset value can be set with respect to the climatic curve.	-9°C÷9°C	0°C	
Maximum flow set	Defines the maximum flow temperature of central heating / C.H. system operation	20°C÷85°C	85°C	

$(1) \, \textbf{Not displayed} \, \text{when:} \\$

- the external probe is missing
- the parameter "Operation mode" is set at "Off"



Main Menu

 $Press the "MENU" button to access a list of variables that enable you to customise use of the system. \\ Hereunder is a list of all available menus:$

	MENU			
Menuitem	Description			
Clock and programs	Defines the date/time and time operating slots			
Information	Display system operating data			
Anomalies log	Displays the list of the last 10 anomalies			
General settings Allows selecting the panel operating language, the display operating mode and to access the password-protected dedicated to a qualified technician.				

MENU/ Timeand program					
Menuitem	Menuitem Description Range		Default	Customised value	
Settings date and time	Current date and time setting				
Auto switch to DST	Automatic time setting when changing from winter to summer time (and vice versa).	Yes - No	Yes		
Calendars	Defines the time range for operation in Comfort and Economy mode				
Zone 1 program	Zone 1 time scheduling		CAL3		
Zone 2 program	Zone 2 time scheduling (if present)		CAL3		
Zone 3 program	Zone 3 time scheduling (if present)		CAL3		
DHW Program	DHW operation time programming		CAL3		
Holiday program	Defines the period during which the system disables both hot water heating and room central heating functions. At the end of the set days, the previously active functions will be reset.	Off - 1 ÷ 30 Day/s	Off		

Menu/Information					
Menuitem	Description				
Gastype	Gas type display: NG (Methane), LG (L.P.G.), AP (propane air)				
Flowtemperature	Flow temperature display				
DHW temperature	Displays the DHW outlet temperature				
Set CH	This displays the set central heating / C.H. temperature set				
Set DHW	Set DHW (Domestic hot water) temperature display				
Outside temperature	View the external temperature, if the external probe is present (optional)				
Input DHW temperature	Not used on this model				
Return temperature	Return temperature display				
CH2 temperature	Safety flow probe display				
Flowtemperature	Displays the temperature read on the system flow probe				
Dutypumpcommand	Displays the pump speed command				
Flowpump	Displays the central heating circuit flow rate inside the boiler				
Flowrate	Not used on this model				
Fanspeed	Fan speed display (rpm)				
Boiler exhaust temp.	Flue gas temperature display				
Solar storage temp.	Not used on this model				
Solar collector temp.	Not used on this model				
Maintenancewithing	This displays the number of days within which maintenance must be carried out. After the days or with the function deactivated, the line is not displayed				
Main board rev. SW	Boiler board sw version display				
Firmware version	Display board sw version display				

	MENU/Anomalieslog		
Menuitem Description			
Boiler Allows the selection of the boiler anomaly history.			
Room probe Allows the selection of the room probe anomaly history (if present).			



MENU/Anomalieslog/Boiler				
Menuitem	Description			
Showalarm	This displays the boiler anomaly history. The size of the anomaly history is equal to 10 anomalies and they are displayed in decreasing order of appearance (no.1 is the most recent). The displayed anomalies are accompanied by the time and date of the anomaly being generated.			

	MENU/Anomalieslog/ Room probe
Menuitem	Description
Showalarm	Displays the room probe anomaly history (if present). The size of the anomaly history is equal to 10 anomalies and they are displayed in decreasing order of appearance (no.1 is the most recent). The displayed anomalies are accompanied by the time and date of the anomaly being generated.

MENU/General settings					
Menu item	Description	Range	Default	Customised value	
Language	Defines the remote panel operation language		ENG		
Display	It is possible to adjust the contrast and lighting of the display. The lighting (available on two levels) can be automatically selected as fixed or variable during the boiler operation or user access to the display		Contrast: 5 Display lighting: Min		
Accesslevel	Allows the entry of an access code to access the parameter customisation menus according to ones needs (dedicated to a qualified technician)				
Factorysetting	Resets the user parameters to default state				

In case the user restores the factory conditions through "Menu/General settings/User factory settings", the menu will appear in English. Proceed in the following way to restore the desired display language:

- Enter Menu/General setting/Language.
- $Select the \, desired \, language \, from \, those \, available \, and \, press \, OK.$

2.9 FAULT AND ANOMALY SIGNALS

The appliance indicates a possible anomaly through a code flanked by the symbol of a key " $\prescript{/\!/}$ " in the centre of the display and the message "boiler anomaly" at the bottom of the display itself (Fig. 53).

Number of allowed resets already performed. Number of allowed resets already performed. Number of allowed resets already performed. hour. One attempt is gained every hour for a maximum of 5 attempts. switching the appliance on and off again, the 5 attempts are re-acquire Water pressure inside the central heating circuit that is	Error Code	Anomalysignalled	Cause	Appliance status / Solution
block (overheating safety device) Press the Reset button (1) Press the Reset button (1)	01	No ignition block	hot water production, the boiler does not switch on within the preset time. Upon appliance commissioning or after extended downtime, it may be necessary to eliminate the	Press the Reset button (1)
thermostat block Gontacts resistance block The P.C.B. detects a fault on the gas valve supply. Check its connection. (the anomaly is detected and displayed only in the event of a request). Delivery probe fault The board detects an anomaly on the flow NTC probe. The appliance does not start (1) The anomaly can be reset 5 times consecutively, after which the function is inhibited for at least one hour. One attempt is gained every hour for a maximum of 5 attempts. switching the appliance on and off again, the 5 attempts are re-acquire Water pressure inside the central heating circuit that is Contacts resistance to the Reset button (1) The P.C.B. detects a fault on the gas valve supply. Check its connection. (1) The anomaly can be reset 5 times consecutively, after which the function is inhibited for at least one hour. One attempt is gained every hour for a maximum of 5 attempts. switching the appliance on and off again, the 5 attempts are re-acquire. Water pressure inside the central heating circuit that is Check the appliance pressure gauge.	02	block (overheating		Press the Reset button (1)
connection. (the anomaly is detected and displayed only in the event of a request). Delivery probe fault Chimney sweep function Maximum N° of resets Number of allowed resets already performed. Maximum N° of resets Connection. (the anomaly is detected and displayed only in the event of a request). The appliance does not start (1) The appliance does not start (1) The anomaly can be reset 5 times consecutively, after which the function is inhibited for at least one hour. One attempt is gained every hour for a maximum of 5 attempts. It is switching the appliance on and off again, the 5 attempts are re-acquire. Water pressure incide the central heating circuit that is Check the appliance pressure gauge.	03			Press the Reset button (1)
Chimney sweep function The boiler is in chimney sweep function or complete/ quick calibration. The anomaly can be reset 5 times consecutively, after which the function is inhibited for at least one hour. One attempt is gained every hour for a maximum of 5 attempts. switching the appliance on and off again, the 5 attempts are re-acquire Water pressure inside the central heating circuit that is Check the appliance pressure gauge	04		connection. (the anomaly is detected and displayed only	Press the Reset button (1)
function quick calibration. The anomaly can be reset 5 times consecutively, after which the function is inhibited for at least one hour. One attempt is gained every hour for a maximum of 5 attempts. switching the appliance on and off again, the 5 attempts are re-acquire Water pressure inside the central heating circuit that is Check the appliance pressure gauge	05	Delivery probe fault	The board detects an anomaly on the flow NTC probe.	The appliance does not start (1)
Maximum N° of resets Number of allowed resets already performed. Switching the appliance on and off again, the 5 attempts are re-acquire Check the appliance pressure gauge	07	1 -	, , ,	(3)
Water pressure inside the central heating circuit that is Check the appliance pressure gauge	08		Number of allowed resets already performed.	consecutively, after which the function is inhibited for at least one hour. One attempt is gained every hour for a maximum of 5 attempts. By switching the appliance on and off
Insufficient system pressure Valid pressure Water pressure inside the central fleating effect that is sufficient to guarantee the correct operation of the boiler is not detected. ensure the system pressure is between the correct operation of the boiler is not detected. 1-1.2 bar and restore the correct operation of the boiler is not detected.	10	•		Check the appliance pressure gauge to ensure the system pressure is between 1-1.2 bar and restore the correct
(1) If the shutdown or fault persists, contact an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Service Centre)	(1) If the s			
(2) The anomaly can only be verified in the list of errors in the "Information" menu				

⁽³⁾ Error displayed only on CAR^{V2}

Error Code	Anomalysignalled	Cause	Appliance status / Solution
12	Storage tank probe anomaly	The board detects an anomaly on the storage tank probe.	The appliance cannot produce domestic hot water (1)
15	Configurationerror	If the board detects an anomaly or incongruity on the electric wiring, the boiler will not start.	If normal conditions are restored, the appliance restarts without having to be reset. Check that the boiler is configured correctly (1)
16	Fananomaly	This occurs if the fan has a mechanical or electrical fault.	Press the Reset button (1)
20	Parasite flame block	This occurs in the event of a leak on the detection circuit or anomaly in the flame control unit.	Press the Reset button (1)
23	Return probe anomaly	The board detects an anomaly on the return NTC probe.	The appliance always works with the pump at maximum speed (1)
29	Flueprobeanomaly	The board detects an anomaly on the flue gas probe.	The appliance does not start (1)
30	Combustion model setting request	The combustion model identification parameter setting is incorrect or does not support the firmware evolution of the combustion control board.	(1)
31	Loss of communication with remote control (optional)	This occurs if an incompatible remote control is connected, or if communication between the boiler and the remote control is lost or incorrect connection to the terminals.	Disconnect and reconnect the power to the appliance. If the Remote Control is still not detected on re-starting, the appliance will switch to local operating mode, i.e. using the controls on the control panel. Check the correct connection to the terminals (1).
32	Low temperature zone 2 probe anomaly (optional)	The zone 2 low temperature flow probe has an out of range resistive value.	(1)
33	Low temperature zone 3 probe anomaly (optional)	The zone 3 low temperature flow probe has an out of range resistive value.	(1)
34	Low-temperature Zone 2 safety thermostat intervention (optional)	Safety thermostat positioned on low temperature zone 2 intervention.	(1)

⁽¹⁾ If the shutdown or fault persists, contact an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Service Centre)

⁽²⁾ The anomaly can only be verified in the list of errors in the "Information" menu

 $[\]textbf{(3)}\,Error\,displayed\,only\,on}\,CAR^{v_2}$

Error Code	Anomaly signalled	Cause	Appliance status / Solution
35	Low-temperature Zone 3 safety thermostat intervention (optional)	Safety thermostat positioned on low temperature zone 3 intervention.	(1)
36	IMGBus communication loss	Communication between the various components is interrupted due to an anomaly on the boiler control unit, on the zone control unit or on the IMG Bus.	The appliance does not satisfy the central heating requests (1)
37	Low power supply voltage value	This occurs when the power supply voltage is lower than the allowed limits for the correct boiler operation.	If normal conditions are restored, the appliance restarts without having to be reset (1)
38	Loss of flame signal	This occurs when the boiler is ignited correctly and the burner flame switches off unexpectedly; a new attempt at ignition is performed and if normal conditions are restored, the boiler does not have to be reset.	If normal conditions are restored, the appliance restarts without having to be reset (1) (2)
43	Block due to loss of flame signal	This occurs if the "Flame signal loss" error occurs many times in a row within a preset period (38).	Press the Reset button, before restarting, the appliance will run a post-ventilation cycle. (1)
44	Block for exceeding gas valve frequent maximum opening time	This occurs if the gas valve remains open for longer than required for normal operation, without the boiler switching on.	Press the Reset button (1)
45	High T Delta	The boiler detects a sudden, unexpected increase in the ΔT between the flow probe and the system return probe.	The power of the burner is limited to prevent damage to the condensation module and once the right ΔT is restored, the appliance resumes regular operation. Make sure there is water circulating in the boiler, that the pump is configured according to system requirements and that the return probe works properly (1)

 $⁽¹⁾ If the shutdown or fault persists, contact an authorised company (e.g.\,Authorised\,Service\,Centre)$

⁽²⁾ The anomaly can only be verified in the list of errors in the ``Information'' menu

⁽³⁾ Error displayed only on $CAR^{\rm V2}$

Error Code	Anomaly signalled	Cause	Appliance status / Solution	
46	Intervention of DIM v2 safety thermostat or Low temperature safety thermostat outside the boiler (optional)	During normal operation, if an anomaly causes excessive overheating of the flow temperature in low temperature conditions, the boiler blocks.		
47	Burner power limitation	Should flue high temperature be detected, the boiler reduces power supplied so as not to damage it.	(1)	
48	System flow probe anomaly	The board detects an anomaly on the system flow probe.	The appliance works with possible system temperature oscillations (1)	
49	High temperature block on return probe	The temperature measured by the return probe is above 90°C. The block is with manual reset.	The error disappears when the temperature detected by the return probe drops below 70°C. Press the Reset button (1)	
51	RF communication failure towards CAR v2RF (optional)	If there is no communication between the boiler and Wireless version CAR, an anomaly is signalled. From this moment, it is only possible to control the system by means of the control panel of the boiler itself.	Check operation of the Wireless CAR check the battery charge (refer to the relative instructions booklet).	
59	Electric power supply mains frequency anomaly	The board detects a main supply voltage frequency anomaly.	The appliance does not start (1)	
60	Anomaly pump blocked	The boiler pump is stopped due to one of the following causes: Impeller blocked, electrical fault.	Try to unblock the pump as described in the relative section. If normal conditions are restored, the appliance restarts without having to be reset (1)	
61	Air in circulator pump anomaly	Air is detected inside the boiler pump; the pump cannot work	Vent the pump and the central heating circuit. If normal conditions are restored, the appliance restarts without having to be reset (1)	
62	Complete calibration required	Missing calibration is detected by the P.C.B. It may occur in the event the P.C.B. is replaced or if the parameters are altered in the air / gas section, thus requiring "complete calibration".	The appliance does not start (1)	
(1) If the shutdown or fault persists, contact an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Service Centre)				
	(2) The anomaly can only be verified in the list of errors in the "Information" menu			
3) Error displayed only on CAR ^{v2}				

Code Anomaly signalled	Cause	Appliance status / Solution	
Fast calibration required	The P.C.B. detects that some parameters have been altered, thus requiring "fast calibration".	The appliance does not start (1)	
High deviation between flow probe and safety flow probe	Faulty flow sensor or not correctly inserted.	If normal conditions are restored, the appliance restarts without having to be reset (1)	
Safety flow probe anomaly	The board detects an anomaly on the NTC safety flow probe.	The appliance does not start (1)	
77 Combustion control anomaly	Out of range current is detected on the gas valve.	The appliance does not start (1)	
78 Combustion control anomaly	High current on the gas valve is detected.	The appliance does not start (1)	
79 Combustion control anomaly	Reduced current on the gas valve is detected.	The appliance does not start (1)	
80 Block-gas valve driver issue	This occurs in the event of malfunctions of the P.C.B. that controls the valve.	Press the Reset button (1)	
Combustion anomaly 84 (Power reduction in progress)	A low supply pressure is detected on the gas line. As a result the appliance power is limited and the anomaly is reported.	If normal conditions are restored, the appliance restarts without having to be reset (1) (2)	
87 Block-gas valve control	A malfunction of one of the components that controls the gas valve has been detected.	The appliance does not start (1)	
88 Block-gas valve control	A malfunction of one of the components that controls the gas valve has been detected.	The appliance does not start (1)	
Combustion signal unstable	The flame is unstable due to: presence of flue gas recirculation, wind, unstable gas pressure, unstable fan speed, or due to system malfunction.	The appliance keeps working (1) (2)	
90 Combustion signal beyond limit	The combustion signal is beyond the adjustment range required for an extended period of time.	The appliance keeps working (1) (2)	
91 Incorrect ignition block	The board has exhausted all possible actions in order to obtain optimal ignition of the burner.	Press the Reset button (1)	
Fan revs correction limit	The system has exhausted all possible corrections of the number of fan revs.	The appliance keeps working (1) (2)	
(1) If the shutdown or fault persists, contact an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Service Centre)			
(2) The anomaly can only be verified in the list of errors in the "Information" menu			

⁽³⁾ Error displayed only on CAR^{v2}

Error Code	Anomaly signalled	Cause	Appliance status / Solution
93	Combustion signal beyond limit	The combustion signal is beyond the adjustment range required for a limited period of time.	The appliance keeps working (1) (2)
94	Combustion anomaly	A problem is detected on the combustion control, which may be due to: gas low pressure, flue recirculation, defective gas valve or P.C.B.	If normal conditions are restored, the appliance restarts without having to be reset (1) (2)
95	Combustion signal discontinuous	The system detects a discontinuous combustion signal.	The appliance keeps working (1) (2)
96	Clogged flue	This occurs in the event an obstruction is detected in the flue system.	The appliance does not start (1). If normal conditions are restored the boiler restarts without having to be reset If error 96 appears after the Technician has made changes on the "flue" parameters, it is necessary to perform a "quick calibration".
98	Block-maximum no. of software errors	The maximum number of software errors possible has been reached.	Press the Reset button (1)
99	Generalblock	A boiler anomaly has been detected.	Press the Reset button (1)
121*	Zone 1 device offline alarm (optional)	Low quality or no radio communication between the zone 1 wireless probe and the concentrator.	Check receiver/sensor positioning Check probe battery (1)
122*	Zone 2 device offline alarm (optional)	Low quality or no radio communication between the zone 2 wireless probe and the concentrator.	Check receiver/sensor positioning Check probe battery (1)
123*	Zone 3 device offline alarm (optional)	Low quality or no radio communication between the zone 3 wireless probe and the concentrator.	Check receiver/sensor positioning Check probe battery (1)
125*	Zone 1 room temperature probe fault (optional)	Faulty room sensor (resistor open or short circuit).	Replace room probe (1)
126*	Zone 2 room temperature probe fault (optional)	Faulty room sensor (resistor open or short circuit).	Replace room probe (1)
	_	s, contact an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Service	eCentre)
2) The an	omaly can only be verifie	ed in the list of errors in the "Information" menu	

⁽³⁾ Error displayed only on CARv2

 $^{(\}begin{tabular}{ll} (\begin{tabular}{ll} (\begin$

Error Code	Anomalysignalled	Cause	Appliance status / Solution
127*	Zone 3 room temperature probe fault (optional)	Faulty room sensor (resistor open or short circuit).	Replace room probe (1)
138	Screed heater in progress	Signalling to remote screed heater function devices (except CAR ^{v2}).	(1)
139	Deaeration in progress	Signalling to remote venting function devices (except CAR ^{v2}).	(1)
141	Alarm due to connection to outdated zones control unit	The zones control unit does not have suitable firmware for communicating with the boiler.	Update zones control unit fw (or replace the board with the latest version) (1)
142	Dominus Offline Alarm (optional)	The Dominus is disconnected or not powered. No communication between Dominus and the boiler.	Check that the Dominus is correctly connected and powered Replace the Dominus or the display board (1)
144*	BMS Offline Alarm (optional)	The BMS interface has lost communication with the master	(1)
145*	Conflict alarm on Master definition	The settings made on the parameters and the external connections generate a conflict between them on the unique definition of Master device for system control (e.g. activation of the BMS or Dominus Superior dialogue together with the presence of CARv2)	(1)
177	DHW maximum timealarm	The DHW request was made exceeding a preset maximum time.	(1)
178	Anti-legionella cycle not successful	The anti-legionella cycle was not completed successfully within a preset time.	Check the set anti-legionella time. Check the thermal exchange to the storage tank. The error is reset by changing the operating mode, or by pressing the ON - OFF button (1).
(1) If the shutdown or fault persists, contact an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Service Centre)			

⁽²⁾ The anomaly can only be verified in the list of errors in the "Information" menu

 $[\]textbf{(3)} \, Error \, displayed \, only \, on \, CAR^{v_2}$

^(*) Errors visible below zone area icons.

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Error Code	Anomaly signalled	Cause	Appliance status / Solution
300*	RF address 0 concentrator offline alarm (optional)	Lack of communication on BUS (wires) between concentrator with address "0" and boiler.	Check concentrator-boiler-display board connection wiring Check correct association Replace concentrator board or display board (1)
301*	RF address 1 concentrator offline alarm (optional)	Lack of communication on BUS (wires) between concentrator with address "1" and boiler.	Check concentrator-boiler-display board connection wiring Check correct association Replace concentrator board or display board (1)
302*	RF address 2 concentrator offline alarm (optional)	Lack of communication on BUS (wires) between concentrator with address "2" and boiler.	Check concentrator-boiler-display board connection wiring Check correct association Replace concentrator board or display board (1)

- (1) If the shutdown or fault persists, contact an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Service Centre)
- (2) The anomaly can only be verified in the list of errors in the "Information" menu
- (3) Error displayed only on CAR^{v_2}
- (*) Errors visible below zone area icons.



The reset of the error signal (following a solving operation) can take up to 10 minutes. It is recommended to "force" the communication between the probe and concentrator by briefly pressing the probe button; in this way the RF communication between the two devices will be forced and the error signal will be quickly cancelled.

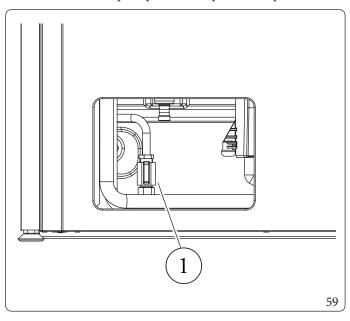
2.10 APPLIANCESWITCH-OFF

Switch the appliance off by putting it in "off" mode, disconnect the main switch outside of the appliance and close the gas isolation valve upstream of the appliance.

Never leave the appliance switched on if left unused for prolonged periods.

2.11 RESTORE CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEM PRESSURE

- $1. \ \ Periodically check the system water pressure (the appliance's pressure gauge hand must indicate a cold value between 1 and 1.2 bar).$
- 2. If the pressure falls below 1 bar (with the system cold) restore normal pressure via the system filling valve located behind the door at the lower front part of the appliance (Det. 1, Fig. 59).
- 3. Close the valve after the operation.
- 4. If the pressure reaches values around 3 bar, there is a risk of tripping the safety valve (in this case, remove water from a radiator air vent valve until a pressure of 1 bar is achieved, or ask for assistance from professionally qualified personnel).
- 5. In the event of frequent pressure drops, contact qualified staff for assistance to eliminate the possible system leakage.



Key (Fig. 59):

1 - System filling valve

2.12 EMPTYING THE D.H.W. CIRCUIT

To do this, always close the domestic cold water inlet upstream of the appliance. Open any domestic hot water tap to discharge the pressure from the circuit.



2.13 ANTIFREEZEPROTECTION

The appliance has an antifreeze function that switches the burner on automatically when the temperature drops below 4° C (standard protection to minimum temperature of 0° C).

2.14 PROLONGED INACTIVITY

In case of prolonged inactivity (e.g. second home), we recommend:

- 1. close the gas;
- 2. to switch off the power supply;
- 3. Contact an Authorised Service Centre to empty the central heating circuit. This operation must be avoided if there is glycol inside the system;
- 4. Contact an Authorised Service Centre to empty the storage tank;
- 5. to empty the DHW circuit of the appliance, proceed as described in Par. 2.12.

2.15 CLEANING THE CASE

1. Use damp cloths and neutral detergent to clean the appliance casing.



Never use abrasive or powder detergents.

2.16 PERMANENT SHUTDOWN

In the event of permanent shutdown of the appliance, contact professional staff for the procedures and ensure that the electrical, water and gas supply lines are shut off and disconnected.

2.17 AUTOMATICVENTMODE

When the function is enabled, every time the boiler is electrically powered, the system automatic Vent function is activated (lasting 8 minutes). This function is displayed on the main screen from text:

"De-aeration underway".

During this period the DHW and CH functions are not active.

It is possible to cancel the "Automatic vent" function by pressing the Reset button.

3

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND INITIAL CHECK

3.1 GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS



Operators who install and service the appliance must wear the suitable personal protective equipment (PPE) required by applicable law.



The list of possible PPE is not all-comprehensive as it is indicated and chosen by the Employer of the authorised company (installer or maintenance).



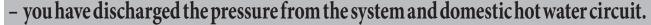
Before carrying out any maintenance work, make sure that:



- you have disconnected the power to the appliance;



- you have closed the gas isolation valve;





 $If additional \, documentation \, needs \, to \, be \, consulted \, for \, extraordinary \, maintenance, \, contact \, the \, Authorised \, After-Sales \, Service.$



Supply of spare parts

The device's warranty shall be rendered null and void if unapproved or unsuitable parts are used for maintenance or repairs. These will also compromise the product's compliance, and the said product may no longer be valid and fail to meet the current regulations. in regard to the above, only use original Immergas spare parts when replacing components.



3.2 INITIAL CHECK

Commissioning the appliance requires you to:

- ensure that the type of gas used corresponds to the appliance settings (the type of gas appears on the display on first electrical power supply, on the data nameplate or, with the display already on, with the following sequence: MENU Information Ok);
- check connection to a 230V-50Hz power mains, correct L-N polarity and the earthing connection;
- make sure the central heating system is filled with water and the cooling appliance pressure gauge reads a pressure of 1-1.2 bar;
- check that the air vent valve caps open and that the system is well deaerated;
- switch the appliance on and check correct ignition;
- check the CO₂ flow rate in the flue:
- maximum
- intermediate
- minimum
- the values comply with the relevant tables (Par. 3.3);
- fill in and affix the installation information sticker on the appliance next to the data nameplate, with the same data as in this instruction manual (Par. 1.2) on the facsimile of the sticker;
- check activation of the safety device in the event of no gas, as well as the relative activation time;
- check the activation of the main switch located upstream of the appliance;
- check that the intake and/or exhaust terminals are not blocked;
- ensure activation of all adjustment devices;
- ensure production of domestic hot water;
- check the tightness of the hydraulic circuits;
- check ventilation and/or aeration of the installation room where provided;



Even if just one single safety check provides a negative result, do not commission the system.

3.3 YEARLY APPLIANCE CHECK AND MAINTENANCE



The following checks and maintenance should be performed once a year to ensure operation, safety and efficiency of the appliance over time.

- Clean the flue side of the heat exchanger.
- Clean the main burner.
- Check the correct positioning, integrity and cleanliness of the detection and ignition electrode; remove any oxide present.
- If deposits are detected in the combustion chamber they must be removed and the heat exchanger coils must be cleaned using nylon or broomcorn brushes; it is forbidden to use brushes made of metal or other materials that may damage the combustion chamber. It is also forbidden to use alkaline or acid detergents.
- Check the integrity of the insulating panels inside the combustion chamber and if damaged replace them.
- Visually check for water leaks or oxidation from/on connections and traces of condensate residues inside the sealed chamber.
- Check the contents of the condensate drain trap.
- Visually check that the siphon is properly filled with condensate and top it up if necessary.
- Check that there are no material residues in the condensate drain siphon clogging the condensate passage; also check that the entire condensate drainage circuit is clear and efficient.
- In the event of obstructions (dirt, sediment, etc.) with consequent leakage of condensate in the combustion chamber, one must replace the insulating panels.
- Check that the burner and gas manifold seal gaskets are intact and perfectly efficient, otherwise replace them. In any case the gaskets must be replaced at least every two years, regardless of their state of wear.
- Check that the burner is intact, that it has no deformations or cuts and that it is properly fixed to the combustion chamber lid; otherwise it must be replaced.
- Visually check that the water safety drain valve is not blocked.
- Check, after discharging the system pressure and bringing it to zero (read on boiler pressure gauge), that the expansion vessel system charge is at 1.0 bar.
- Check that the domestic hot water expansion vessel charge is at a pressure between 3 and 3.5 bar.
- Check that the system static pressure (with system cold and after refilling the system by means of the filling valve) is between 1 and 1.2 bar
- Visually check that the safety and control devices have not been tampered with and/or shorted, in particular, the system pressure switch.
- Check the integrity of the storage tank Magnesium Anode.
- Check the condition and integrity of the electrical system and in particular:
- The power cables must be inside the cable fixings;
- There must be no traces of blackening or burning.
- Check correct lighting and operation.
- Check the CO2 by using the chimney sweep function at the three reference heat outputs, using the parameters in the table below. Should values out of the indicated tolerance range be detected, check the integrity of the ignition / detection electrode and, if required, change it, also changing the relative gasket. At this point, activate the "complete calibration" function.
- Check correct operation of control and adjustment devices and in particular:
 - system regulation probes intervention;
 - DHW regulation probe intervention.
- Check sealing efficiency of gas circuit and the internal system.
- Check the intervention of the device against no gas ionisation flame control. Intervention time must be 5 seconds.
- Check the flue gas non-return valve at the fan outlet (inside the unit).
- $\quad Check and if necessary, clean the siphon of the flue gas non-return valve in the flue in installations \ C_{(10)} C_{(12)}.$



If the flue gas non-return valve in the flues must be removed to inspect and clean it, temporarily plug the exhaust pipe connected to the collective flue. This prevents the return of fumes from the other appliances connected to the flue itself.



Hercules Mini 35

Gastype	CO2 to Nominal Q.	CO ₂ to ignition Q.	${ m CO_2}$ to Minimum Q.
G20	8,8 (8,3 ÷ 9,3) %	8,8 (8,3 ÷ 9,3) %	8,8 (8,3 ÷ 9,3) %
G31	10,3 (9,8 ÷ 10,8) %	10,5 (10,0 ÷ 11,0) %	10,3 (9,8 ÷ 10,8) %

Gastype	O₂at Nominal Q.	O ₂ at Ignition Q.	O ₂ at Minimum Q.
G20	5,1 (6,0 ÷ 4,2) %	5,1 (6,0 ÷ 4,2) %	5,1 (6,0 ÷ 4,2) %

<u>^</u>

In the case of an annual inspection of the device, the max CO must be less than 700 ppm (0% O_2). If the CO value is higher, the device requires maintenance/repair.

If a Hydrogen ready installation is planned for H_2 percentages up to 20%, (referring to the gas distributed in the network) all calibration of the gas valve must refer to the O_2 values in the table above.

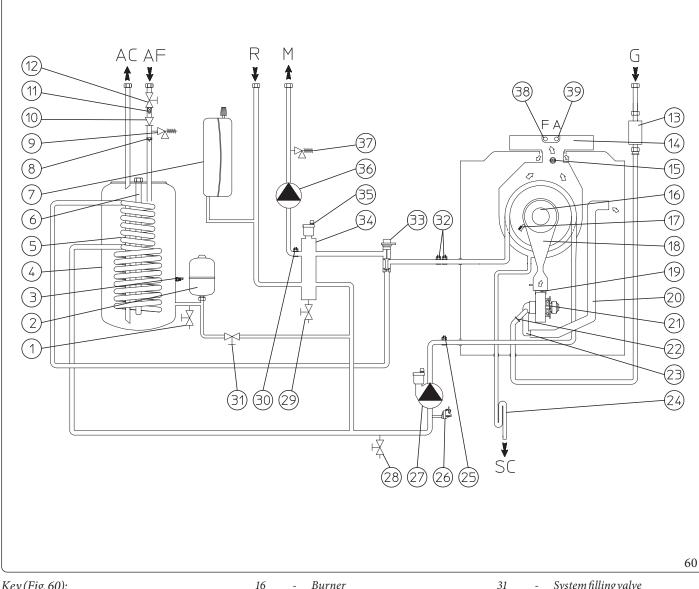
•

In addition to yearly maintenance, one must also check the energy efficiency of the thermal system, with frequency and procedures that comply with the indications of the technical regulations in force.

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 $In the setting at Q. \ Nominal \ and \ at Q. \ Minimum, if the O_2 values \ are not reached, the full Calibration procedure must be repeated. If after this operation the values \ are still not within the indicated ranges, no further adjustments are necessary.$

HYDRAULICDIAGRAM



T/	(Fig.	10	١
K 011	$I H_{1} \alpha$	611	١.

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2 Domestic hot water expansion vessel 3 DHW probe 4 Stainless steel storage tank 5 Stainless steel coil for storage tank 6 Magnesium anode 7 System expansion vessel 8 Flowlimiter 9 8 bar safety valve 10 Cold water inlet non-return valve

Storage tank draining valve

- 11 Cold water inlet filter Cold water inlet valve 12
- 13 Gasvalve 14 Flue hood
- Double flue probe sensor 15
- 19 Non-return valve on flue gas 20 Air intake pipe 21 **Fan assembly** 22 Gasnozzle 23 Air/gas mixer 24 Condensate drain trap 25 Return probe 26 System pressure switch 27 Boiler circulating pump System draining valve 28 29 Manifold draining valve 30 System control probe

Air/gas manifold

Ignition/detection/electrode

17

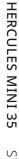
18

- 31 System filling valve 32 Flow probe 33 Motorised 3-way valve 34 Hydraulic manifold 35 Air vent valve CH pump36 37 3 bar safety valve 38 Air sample point (A) Flue sample point (F) 39
- System flow M G Gassupply ACDomestic hot water outlet AFDomestic cold water inlet SCCondensate drain

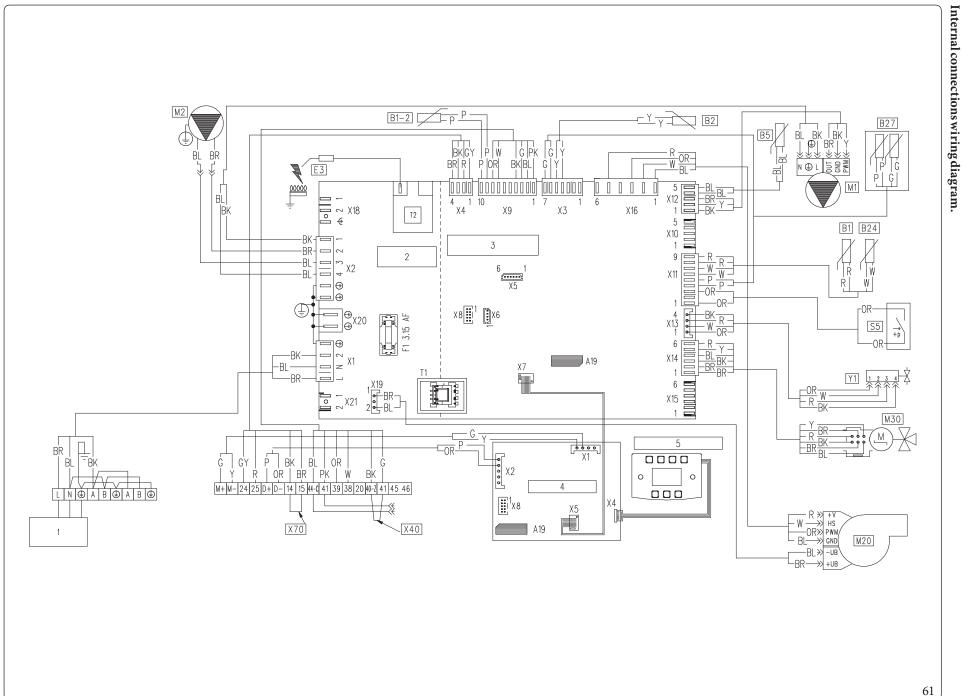
System return



R







System flow probe B1-2 -D.H.W. probe

Return probe *B*5 Safety flow probe B24

Double flue probe sensor E3 Ignition and detection electrode

Boiler circulating pump M1

CHpumpM2

M20 -Fan

M30 -Three-way stepper motor System pressure switch T1Boiler P.C.B. transformer *T2* Ignition transformer Room thermostat link X40

Safety thermostat (low temperature) link

Gasvalve

Colour code key (Fig. 61):

BK- Black BLBlue BRBrown G Green GYGrey Orange Purple

PΚ Pink Red RW White

Y

Yellow

Key (Fig. 61):

230 Vac 50Hz Power supply

230 V connections

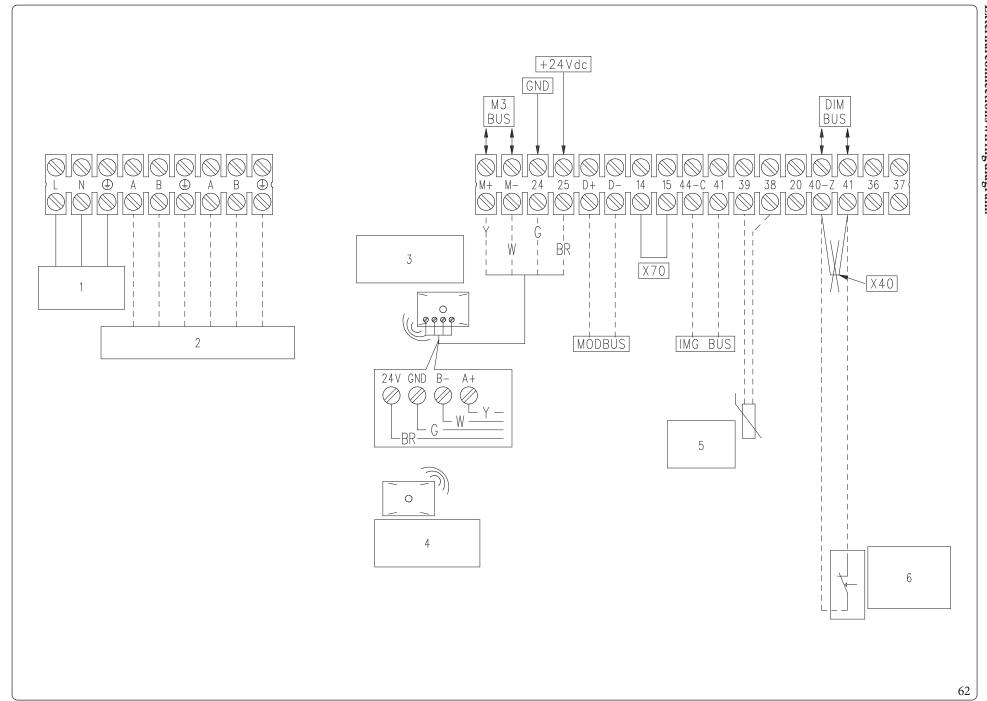
Low voltage connections

Display board

Capacitive keyboard

Any room thermostator ON-OFF must be connected to terminals 40-Z and 41 eliminating jumper X40. $Any CAR^{v_2} must be connected to terminals 44-C and 41 complying with the polarity {\color{red} without eliminating jumper X40}.$





X40

X70

Key (Fig. 62):		Colourc	ode l	key (Fig. 62):
DIMBUG		BK	-	Black
DIMBUS	- possible connections, or else between them to:	BL	-	Blue
	• Zone 1 Room thermostat;	BR	-	Brown
	• DIM ErP/Zones control unit.	G	-	Green
IMGBUS	- possible connections, or else between them to:	GY	-	Grey
	• CAR ^{V2} ;	OR	-	Orange
	• Trade remote controls.	P	-	Purple
Ma DITIC	D :11	PK	-	Pink
M3 BUS	- Possible connections to:	R	-	Red
	• Wireless room probes.	W	-	White
MODBUS	- possible connections, or else between them to:	Y	-	Yellow
	• Dominus;			
	 BMS/System Manager. 			

- Safety thermostat (low temperature) link

- Room thermostat link

Key (*Fig.* 62): 230 Vac 50Hz Power supply

230 Vac power supply outlet for optional Wireless concentrator (optional) Wireless room probes (optional) External probe (optional) Zone 1 room thermostat (optional)

If BMS or System Manager present, do NOT connect wireless or DIM room probes.

The requests for activation of central heating on DIM BUS are affected by the Central Heating Program set on the boiler Zones Menu.

For all possible connections on DIM BUS (40 and 41), jumper X40 must be ELIMINATED.

All possible connections on IMG BUS (44 and 41) require the presence of jumper X40.



TECHNICAL DATA

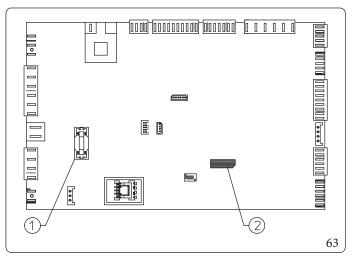
3.6 REMOVABLE MEMORY



Replacing the memory must be carried out after disconnecting all electrical connection of the P.C.B.

P.C.B.

The P.C.B. is equipped with a removable memory (Ref. 2 Fig. 63) which records all operation parameters and appliance customisations. Should the P.C.B. be replaced, you can use the memory of the replaced board again, so it is not necessary to reconfigure the appliance.



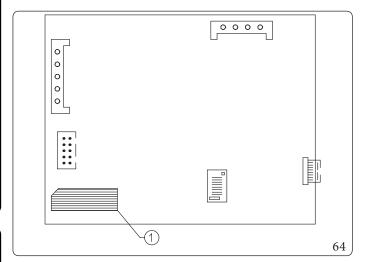
Key (Fig. 63):

1 - Quickfuse 3.15 A 250 V Type F 2 - Grey removable memory (A19)

Display board

 $The display board is equipped with a removable memory (Ref.\,1\,Fig.64) which records all operation parameters and customisations of the display, wireless probes, Dominus and timer maintenance.$

Should the display board be replaced, you can use the memory of the replaced board again so it is not necessary to reconfigure the appliance.



Key (Fig. 64):
1 - Black removable memory (A19)

3.7 TROUBLESHOOTING



Maintenance operations must be carried out by an authorised company (e.g. Authorised After-Sales Technical Assistance Centre).

Trouble	Possible causes	Solutions
Smellofgas	Caused by leakage from gas circuit pipelines.	Check sealing efficiency of gas intake circuit.
Repeated ignition blocks	No gas. Condensate drain clogged.	Check the presence of pressure in the network and that the gas adduction valve is open. Restore the function of the condensate drain, checking that the condensate has not affected: combustion components, fan and gas valve.
Irregular combustion or noisiness	Dirty burner, clogged primary heat exchanger, incorrect combustion parameters, intake-exhaust terminal not correctly installed.	Check the indicated components.
Non-optimal ignition of first ignitions of the burner.	The first ignitions of the burner (after calibration) may not be optimal.	The system automatically adjusts the burner ignition until the best ignition conditions are found.
Frequent trips of the overheating safety device thermostat function.	Lack of water in the appliance, little water circulation in the system or blocked pump (Par. Circulation pump).	Check on the pressure gauge that the system pressure is within established limits. Check that the radiator valves are not closed and also the functionality of the pump.
Siphon blocked	Dirt or combustion products deposited inside.	Check that there are no residues of material blocking the flow of condensate.
Heat exchanger blocked.	This may be caused by the drain trap being blocked.	Check that there are no residues of material blocking the flow of condensate.
Abnormal noises in the system	Air in the system.	Check opening of the special air vent valve cap (Par.1.37). Make sure the system pressure and expansion tank factory-set pressure values are within the set limits. The factory-set pressure values of the expansion vessel must be 1.0 bar, the value of system pressure must be between 1 and 1.2 bar.
Poor production of D.H.W.	Clogged condensing module or D.H.W. exchanger.	Contact After-Sales Assistance Service that has procedures to clean the module or D.H.W. heat exchanger.

3.8 ACCESS RESERVED TO SERVICE

To enter the appliance menu reserved for Service:

MENU/General settings/Access level

To activate the access reserved to "Service", follow the above path; upon "Access code request", enter code 1122 (using the "DHW set" and "Central heating set" knobs) and press "Ok", then the "Access levell" menu will open where it is possible to select the "Service" access type. The authentication as "Service" gives access to the parameters reserved for a qualified Technician.



As long as you continue navigating the menu, access as Service remains active.

Returning to the main screen, the Service access will remain active for 4 minutes, then it will automatically go back to User level. To manually go back to User level, simply type the password following the procedure described above and set User again. If the appliance turns off and on again, the menu will automatically go back to User level.

3.9 CONVERTING THE APPLIANCE TO OTHER TYPES OF GAS



The gas conversion operation must be carried out by an authorised company (e.g. Authorised Technical Assistance Service).

To convert to another type of gas the following operations are required:

MENU/Support/Boiler/Combustion

- In window "Combustion" modify and confirm the type of gas on row "Gas type": "NG" for methane gas, "LG" for LPG and "AP" for propane air (Parag. 3.15).
- Perform complete calibration (Parag. 3.11): during which, check and, if necessary, correct the CO₂ value.
- Upon completing the conversion, apply the sticker regarding the modified gas content onto the data nameplate in the connection box.



The pressure testers used for calibration should be perfectly closed and there should be no leaks from the gas circuit.

Checks following conversion to another type of gas.

 $These \, adjust ments \, must \, be \, made \, with \, reference \, to \, the \, type \, of \, gas \, used, following \, that \, given \, in \, the \, table \, (Parag. \, 4.2).$

 $After having \, made \, sure \, that \, the \, conversion \, is \, complete \, and \, that \, the \, calibration \, has \, been \, successful, \, you \, must \, make \, sure \, that: \, and \, conversion \, is \, complete \, and \, that \, the \, calibration \, has \, been \, successful, \, you \, must \, make \, sure \, that: \, and \, conversion \, is \, complete \, and \, that \, the \, calibration \, has \, been \, successful, \, you \, must \, make \, sure \, that: \, and \, conversion \, is \, complete \, and \, that \, the \, calibration \, has \, been \, successful, \, you \, must \, make \, sure \, that: \, and \, conversion \, is \, complete \, and \, conversion \, is \, convers$

- there is no flame in the combustion chamber;
- the burner flame is not too high or low and that it is stable (does not detach from burner);

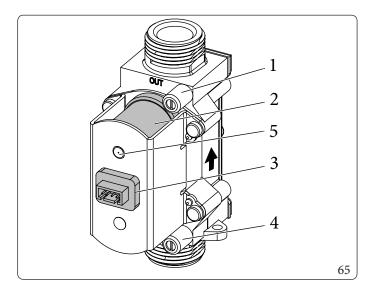


 $Maintenance\ operations\ must\ be\ carried\ out\ by\ an\ authorised\ company\ (e.g.\ Authorised\ After-Sales\ Technical\ Assistance\ Centre).$



Risk of material damage after using sprays and liquids to search for leaks

Leak sprays and liquids clog the reference hole P.Ref. (Fig. 65) of the gas valve, damaging it irreparably. During installation and maintenance, do not use spray or liquids on the gas valve (electric connections side).



Key (Fig. 65):

1 - Gas valve outlet pressure point

2 - Coi

3 - Wiring connector

Gas valve inlet pressure point
 P. Ref. (Reference pressure)



3.10 CALIBRATION TYPE INVOLVING THE REPLACEMENT OF A COMPONENT.

When performing extraordinary maintenance on the appliance, involving the replacement of a component, such as the P.C.B. (if the removable memory is not put into the replacement board) or components in the air, gas and flame control circuits, the appliance will need to be calibrated.

 $Select the type \, of \, calibration \, to \, be \, carried \, out \, according \, to \, the \, table \, below.$

Component replaced	Type of calibration required
Gasvalve	Quick calibration
Fan	Quick calibration
Burner	Complete calibration with CO ₂ check
Ignition/detection electrode	Complete calibration with CO ₂ check
P.C.B. (New virgin P.C.B. without removable memory recovery)	Reset the parameters Complete calibration with CO ₂ check
P.C.B. (Recovery of the removable memory with the boiler parameters set from the replaced board)	No calibration required.

3.11 COMPLETE CALIBRATION



Before carrying out complete calibration, ensure that all the requirements indicated in par.1.29 and 1.30).

In the event of anomaly "62" or "72" (Par. 2.9) the appliance cancels any requests by itself.

During the various calibration stages, the CO_2 value can be checked and possibly corrected as described in Par. 3.12.

The energy produced during the function is disposed of on the central heating circuit / C.H. circuit if a DHW (Domestic hot water) request is not activated; check that any valves on the system not managed by the appliance are open.

To dispose of all the energy on the domestic hot water, open the hot water tap and set the DHW (Domestic hot water) set to maximum before activating the function.

The calibration procedure involves various stages:

- nominal heat output calibration;
- intermediate heat output ignition calibration;
- minimum heat output calibration;

The complete calibration function offers a maximum time of stay within the Calibration Menu of 20 minutes counted after the last action on the display keyboard.

After this time, the function ends, showing the message "Calibration completed".

The Calibration completed window will be automatically abandoned after 60 seconds (to display the main window); if you want to exit the "CCalibration completed" message in advance, press the "OK" button.

Complete calibration activation

Select the Summer or Winter mode and enable the function by accessing the menu as "Service" access level:

Menu/Support/Special function/Complete calibration



 $If Antifreeze \, mode \, is \, selected, the \, function \, cannot \, be \, activated.$

In the attempt of activating the function under impossible conditions, the text "Incompatible mode" will be displayed.

Complete calibration	
Calibration Phase Combustion Set Power perc.	Max ♦ 23 0%
Flowtemperature	25°C
Flame	Off
CHunderway	

- Calibration Phase: indicates the phase of calibration in progress and the stability connection on the combustion;
- Combustion Set: indicates the combustion set value in progress; if the text is highlighted, the value can be changed using the "Set Central heating" knob;
- Power perc.: indicates (from 0 to 100%) the power supplied by the burner;
- Flow temperature: indicates the thermal module outlet temperature;
- Flame: indicates the presence of a flame (thus the ignition of the burner)

The text indicating the circuit on which the energy produced is discharged appears at the bottom of the display ("CH underway" or "DHW underway").



Nominal heat

The Calibration function is automatically activated when entering the menu window.

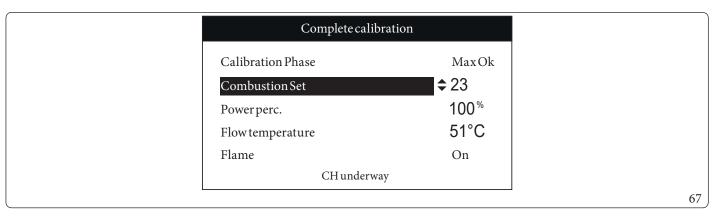
Initially "Calibration Phase Max" appears, meaning that the appliance is performing the nominal power calibration phase.

After the first moments of burner ignition, "Calibration Phase Max <" appears meaning that the appliance has detected and stored the minimum parameters necessary for appliance ignition (it is possible to force the end of calibration by pressing "RESET").

To check and correct the CO_2 values, continue waiting for the combustion set for nominal power to be engaged. After the engaging is complete, "Calibration Phase Max Ok" appears and the below line "Combustion Set" is highlighted at the same time.



Under these conditions, the combustion value (CO₂) linked to the supply of maximum nominal power can be measured (Par.3.12).



If the CO_2 value is not that indicated in the table (Par. 4.2), change the value, as described in the paragraph (Par. 3.12). When the combustion value measured on the nominal power is correct, request the advancement of the procedure to the next phase (intermediate ignition power) by pressing the "OK" button "Calibration Phase Max Ok".

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Ignition intermediate heat output

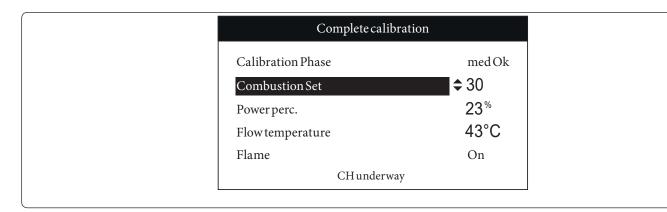
Once the nominal heat output calibration is confirmed, the appliance is calibrated with the intermediate heat output (or ignition heat output).

The beginning of the intermediate phase is displayed with "Calibration Phase med" it means that the appliance is adjusting the intermediate power.

 $To check and correct the CO_2 values, continue\ waiting\ for\ the\ combustion\ set\ for\ intermediate\ power\ to\ be\ engaged.\ After\ the\ engaging\ is\ complete, "Calibration\ Phase\ med\ Ok"\ appears\ and\ the\ below\ line\ "Combustion\ Set"\ is\ highlighted\ at\ the\ same\ time.$



Under these conditions, the combustion value linked to the supply of intermediate power can be measured (Par. 3.12). Any corrections to the intermediate combustion are linked to the same actions illustrated for the nominal power.



If the CO_2 value is not that indicated in the table (Par. 4.2), change the value, as described in the paragraph (Par. 3.12). When the combustion value measured on the intermediate power is correct, request the advancement of the procedure to the next phase (minimum power) by pressing OK "Calibration Phase med Ok".

Minimum heat output

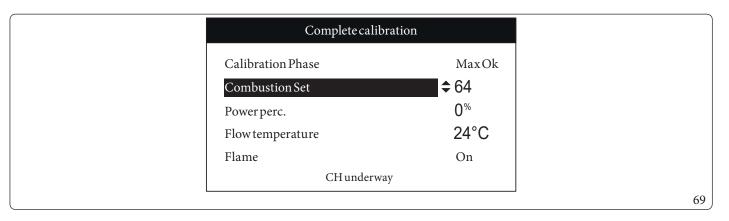
After confirming the intermediate power calibration, the appliance is calibrated at minimum power.

The beginning of the minimum phase is displayed with "Calibration Phase Min" it means that the appliance is adjusting the minimum power.

To check and correct the CO_2 values, continue waiting for the combustion set for minimum power to be engaged. After the engaging is complete, "Calibration Phase Min Ok" appears and the below line "Combustion Set" is highlighted at the same time.



Under these conditions, the combustion value linked to the supply of minimum power can be measured (Par.3.12). Any corrections to the minimum combustion are linked to the same actions illustrated for the nominal power.



If the CO₂ value is not that indicated in the table (Par. 4.2), change the value, as described in the paragraph (Par. 3.12).

When the combustion value measured on the minimum power is correct, request the end of the procedure by pressing the "OK" "Calibration Phase Min Ok" button.

The end of the function is accompanied by the window "Calibration completed"



If the message "Max Err" on the "Calibration Phase" item appears, it means that something was not successful during the calibration process. In which case, the operation must be repeated from the beginning.

3.12 CO₂ADJUSTMENT



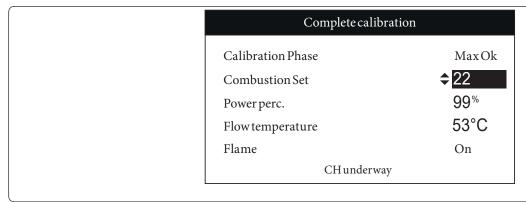
During complete calibration (Par. 3.11) the CO₂ values can be adjusted.

 $To have an exact value of CO_2 in the flue, the technician must insert the sampling probe to the bottom of the sample point.\\$



In case of calibration for propane air, select the analyser in LPG gas mode.

Check that the CO_2 value is that indicated in the table (Par.4.2), (with maximum tolerance equal to \pm 0.2 %), otherwise, modify the value as described below:



The modification takes place only if the line "Combustion Set" is highlighted; using the "Set flow" knob, change the "Combustion Set" value then press "Ok" to confirm the new value.



Wait for the text "Max Ok" "med Ok" or "Min Ok" to appear before checking the combustion linked to the new value based on the phase in which the change is made.



3.13 QUICK CALIBRATION

This function allows you to calibrate the appliance automatically without requiring or giving the possibility to alter the parameters. Typically, the "quick calibration" is used after changing the flue type parameters in the menu, which creates the "72" anomaly or is necessary in case of component replacement (Par. 3.10).



Before performing quick calibration, ensure that all the requirements indicated in (Par.1.29 - 1.30) have been met.

The energy produced during the function is disposed of on the central heating circuit / C.H. circuit if a the storage tank is at temperature; check that any valves on the system not managed by the appliance are open.

To dispose of all the energy on the domestic hot water, open the hot water tap and set the DHW (Domestic hot water) set to maximum before activating the function.

Select the Summer or Winter mode and enable the function by accessing the menu as "Service" access level:

Menu/Support/Special function/Fast calibration



 $If Antifreeze \, mode \, is \, selected, the \, function \, cannot \, be \, activated.$

In the attempt of activating the function under impossible conditions, the text "Incompatible mode" will be displayed.

Once the function is active, the appliance sequentially carries out the procedures required to calibrate the appliance with the nominal, intermediate and minimum heat output values.

Fast cali	oration
Calibration Phase	Max
Combustion Set	
Power perc.	0%
Flowtemperature	26°C
Flame	Off
CHund	erway

- $Calibration \ Phase: indicates \ the \ phase \ of \ calibration \ in \ progress \ and \ the \ stability \ connection \ on \ the \ combustion;$
- Combustion Set: value not compiled during quick calibration;
- Power perc.: indicates (from 0 to 100%) the power supplied by the burner;
- Flow temperature: indicates the thermal module outlet temperature;
- Flame: indicates the presence of a flame (thus the ignition of the burner)

The text indicating the circuit on which the energy produced is discharged appears at the bottom of the display ("CH underway" or "DHW underway").

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The Calibration function is automatically activated when entering the menu window.

Initially "Max procedure phase..." appears, meaning that the appliance is performing the nominal power calibration phase.

After the first moments of burner ignition, "Max procedure phase <" appears meaning that the appliance has detected and stored the minimum parameters necessary for its ignition (it is possible to force the end of calibration by pressing "RESET").

The advancement is automatic; however, the quick calibration window makes the various phases known:

- Calibration Phase Max
- Calibration Phase med
- Calibration Phase Min

The "Combustion Set" line is not managed, as it is not possible to operate to modify its value.

The end of the function is accompanied by the window "Calibration completed"



If the message "Max Err" on the "Calibration Phase" item appears, it means that something was not successful during the calibration process. In which case, the operation must be repeated from the beginning.

3.14 FLUETEST



Before performing the test, ensure that the condensate drain trap has been filled correctly and check that there are no obstructions in the air intake circuit and flue exhaust and that the sealed chamber is perfectly closed and the flue has already been installed.

The Flue Test activation command is available in the Menu (with Service reserved access) at the following address:

Menu/Support/Special function/Test flue

To activate the flue test, enter the "Test flue" page and on the first line, activate the Test by selecting "Start".

 $To \,end \,the \,flue \,test, select \,the \, ``Stop" \,item \,on \,the \,first \,line.$

To define the value to set in the "Length Flue parameter, detect the parameters during the "Test flue".

The appliance remains in this mode for a maximum period of 15 minutes, keeping the fan speed constant.

The function ends after 15 minutes, or by selecting "Stop".

Check the ΔP between two pressure tests (Par. 1.37) and set the parameter "Length Flue" according to the values below:

Hercules Mini 35	
Menu/Service/Boiler/Flue	Pressure
min	<153 Pa
med	153 ÷ 242 Pa
max	>242 Pa
Value detected on first check	



Examinations are carried out by sealing the holes provided to analyse the flues, making them pneumatically sealed.



Should there be a appliance malfunction, you can carry out a flue test to check that there are no obstructions in the flue system. Different values to those indicated in the previous tables indicate a flue system malfunction, especially a flue system with excessive load losses or obstructed system.



3.15 PARAMETERS AND INFORMATION MENU

There are 3 Settings menus (Fig. 53):

DHW: accessible from the DHW button (2);

Zones: accessible by pressing the zone button (3);

General settings menu: accessible by pressing the menu button (18).



 $Some \,menu\,settings\,appear\,only\,when\,the\,options\,are\,actually\,connected\,and\,working\,and\,if the\,appliance\,settings\,allow\,it.$

"DHW (Domestic hot water)" Menu.

Press the "DHW (Domestic hot water)" button to access a list of variables that enable you to customise use of the DHW (Domestic hot water).

Hereunder is a list of all available menus:

DOMESTIC HOT WATER				
Menu item	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
DHW control	Boiler = informs that the DHW control is managed from the boiler pane	el		
DH W Control	Remote = informs that the DHW control is managed by CAR v2			
Temperature	Temperature read by the DHW probe			
	Sets the DHW (Domestic hot water) boost function management:			
	Off=always deactivated			
Boost function (*)	On=always on	Off-On-Auto	On	
	Auto = managed as required by the DHW (Domestic hot water) program			
	Sets the DHW (Domestic hot water) set control mode:			
Set management (*)	Auto = the DHW (Domestic hot water) set will be controlled at two levels, according to the DHW (Domestic hot water) program.	Auto-Man	Man	
	Man = the DHW (Domestic hot water) set will always be fixed at the manual value (regardless of the DHW (Domestic hot water) program)			
Set comfort	Sets comfort set (comfort set will be active during the active time slots of the DHW (Domestic hot water) program if "Set management = Auto" is selected)		50°C	
Seteconomy	Sets reduced set (economy set will be active during the NON active time slots of the DHW (Domestic hot water) program if "Set management = Auto" is selected)	10 ÷ 60 °C	30°C	
Set manual	Sets manual set (manual set will be active 24 hours a day if "Set management = Man" is selected)	10÷60°C	10°C	

^(*) See the DHW paragraph (Parag.2.6).

Zones Menu.

After accessing as ``SERVICE", the zone menu is enriched with additional parameters with respect to user access.

 $Press the "Zones" BUTTON \label{eq:BUTTON} \textbf{ (a)} to access a list of variables that enable you to customise use of the zones.$

Below is the complete list of available menus, some of which are only visible after enabling the component or activating the specific associated function:

ZONES		
Menuitem	Description	
Zone 1	Defines the operating parameters to manage zone 1 (or the entire system if single-zone).	
Zone 2 (*)	Defines the operating parameters to manage the zone 2 (if present).	
Zone 3 (*)	Defines the operating parameters to manage the zone 3 (if present).	

(*) if present.

ZONES/Zone 1		
Menuitem	Description	
Information	This displays the system operating data	
Settings	Defines the operating parameters to manage zone 1	
Definition	Defines any further operating parameters to manage zone 1	

ZONES/ZONE 1/Information		
Menu item	Description	Range
Room temperature (***)	Room temperature read on zone 1	0°C ÷ 50°C
Room Set (**) (***)	Room temperature set on zone 1	5°C ÷ 35°C
Function Mode	Mode set on zone 1	Off/A-ECO/A-COMF/Man
Room thermostat status	Status of the room thermostat on zone 1	Open/Close
Set CH	This displays the zone 1 flow set	25°C ÷ 85°C
Plant	Information related to the type and presence or absence of a room probe	



 $Zone\ 1\ Information\ Menu\ is\ always\ present\ regardless\ of\ whether\ or\ not\ a\ CAR^{v_2}\ is\ connected.$

(**) not displayed when the "Enable room probe" is set to No

(***) displayed when the zone of interest is associated with a room probe (RF probe,...)



	ZONES/Zone 1/Information/Plant		
Menuitem	Menuitem Description Range		
		Off=No probe	
D	This displays or not the presence of the room probe	WIRED = Not used	
Room probe		RF=Probe present	
		OT = CAR V2 presence	
Water circuit	If zone board is present, it informs about the type of system in use in the zone.	DIR = Direct circuit	
watercircuit		MIX = Mixed circuit	
	Zone board absent: the temperature read is the one to the boiler outlet		
Flowtemperature	Zones control unit present + information request relating to mixed zone: the temperature read is that at the mixing valve outlet.	0°C÷99°C	

	ZONES/Zone 1/Information (1)			
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Function Mode (1)	Sets the zone 1 operating mode	Off / Man / Auto	Man	
Set AUTO comfort (2)	Zone 1 room temperature correlated to the active time slots of the zone 1 calendar	10°C ÷ 35°C	20°C	
Set AUTO reduced (2)	Zone 1 room temperature correlated to the NON active time slots of the zone 1 program	5°C÷30°C	16°C	
Set MAN (3)	$Zone \ 1 \ room \ temperature \ that \ can be \ activated \ by \ selecting \ the \ operating \ mode = manual$	5°C ÷ 35°C	20°C	
Weather comp. offset (4)	Zone 1 flow temperature correction in relation to external probe detection	-9°C÷9°C	0°C	
Maximum flow set (5)	Maximum zone 1 flow temperature	20°C÷85°C	85°C	

(1) **The zone 1 Settings menu is not displayed** if there is a remote device, but the menu will remain available on other zones not remote-controlled

(2) Not displayed when:

- the parameter "Operation mode" is set at "Man" or "Off" lack or unavailability of room probes

(3) Not displayed when:

- the parameter "Operation mode" is set at "Auto" or "Off" lack or unavailability of room probes

(4) **Not displayed** when:

- the external probe is missing
- the parameter "Operation mode" is set at "Off"

(5) Not displayed when:

- the external probe is present
- aroom probe is configured
- the parameter "Enable room sensor" is set at "Yes"

	ZONES/Zone 1/Definition/Regulation			
Menu item	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Enable room sensor	With room probe associated, its control can be disabled (No) or enabled again (Yes)	Yes - No	Yes	
Room sensor modul.	With the room probe associated, it is possible to disable the modulation on the flow temperature (No) or enable it again (Yes)	Yes-No	Yes	
Outdoor sensor modul.	With the external probe present, it is possible to disable the modulation on the outdoor temperature (No) or enable it again (Yes) for the selected zone	Yes - No	Yes	
Weather comp. offset	With external probe present, the offset value can be set with respect to the climatic curve.	-9°C÷9°C	0°C	
Reduced	Without any association with room probes, it is possible to set a zone flow temperature reduction during the "reduced" bands of the central heating / C.H. calendars	Off÷40°C	Off	
Backlash offtemp.	With room probe associated, and "Modul. with room probe" function = The hysteresis cannot be set on the room On-Off control	0,1°C÷1°C	0,2°C	
System inertia	It sets the system reaction speed based on the type of system present; for example: -5: fan-coil system10: Radiator system20: floor system	1÷20	10	
External temperat. max	Defines the maximum outdoor temperature at which to operate the central heating system with minimum flow	-5°C ÷ 45°C	25°C	
External temperat. min	Defines the minimum outdoor temperature at which to operate the central heating system with maximum flow	-25°C ÷ 15°C	-5°C	
Maximum flow set	Defines the maximum flow temperature of central heating / C.H. system operation	20°C÷85°C	85°C	
Minimum flow set	Defines the minimum central heating / C.H. system operation flow temperature (if external probe is present, it will be correlated to the maximum outdoor temperature)	20°C÷85°C	20°C	

ZONES/Zone 1/Definition/NoFrost function				
Menu item	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
NoFrostenable	If the wireless room probe is installed, it is possible to activate or not the room antifreeze function when the Zone operating mode is 'Off'	No - Yes	Yes	
NoFrosttemperature	If wireless room probe is installed and the antifreeze function is enabled, it is possible to define the room antifreeze trigger temperature	0,5°C÷10°C	5°C	

	ZONES/Zone 1/Definition/Room probe			
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
		OFF = No probe		
Туре	Makes it possible to select the type of probe to	WIRED = Not used	OFF	
1,70	be associated with the zone in question	RF = Configuration to activate association with a wireless room probe	OFF	
Address M3	During the association, it is necessary to enter the concentrator acknowledgement address (see dip-switch on concentrator)			
	This displays the association status with wire-	Err = Association procedure failed		
Chahara		No-Link = Probe cannot be reached via RF		
Status	less probe (Parag. 3.18)	(in config) = Probe association in progress		
		Ok = Probe correctly associated		

Main Menu

Press the "MENU" button to access a list of variables that enable you to customise use of the system. Hereunder is a list of all available menus:

	MENU	
Menuitem	Description	
Clock and programs	Defines the date/time and time operating slots	
Information	Display system operating data	
Anomalieslog	Displays the list of the last 10 anomalies	
Meters	This displays the number of ignitions and the hours of operation of the burner	
General settings	Allows selecting the panel operating language, the display operating mode and to access the password-protected menus dedicated to a qualified technician.	
Support	Gives access to the functions exclusive for Service	

	MENU/ Timeand program			
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Settings date and time	Current date and time setting			
Auto switch to DST	Automatic time setting when changing from winter to summer time (and vice versa).	Yes - No	Yes	
Calendars	Defines the time range for operation in Comfort and Economy mode			
Zone 1 program	Zone 1 time scheduling		CAL3	
Zone 2 program	Zone 2 time scheduling (if present)		CAL3	
Zone 3 program	Zone 3 time scheduling (if present)		CAL3	
DHW Program	DHW operation time programming		CAL3	
Holiday program	Defines the period during which the system disables both hot water heating and room central heating functions. At the end of the set days, the previously active functions will be reset.	Off - 1 ÷ 30 Day/s	Off	

	MENU/Information
Menuitem	Description
Gastype	Gas type display: NG (Methane), LG (L.P.G.), AP (propane air)
Flamesignal	Flame signal display
Flowtemperature	Views central heating system flow temperature
DHW temperature	Storage tank/DHW (Domestic hot water) outlet temperature display
Set CH	This displays the set central heating / C.H. temperature set
SetDHW	Set DHW (Domestic hot water) temperature display
Outside temperature	View the external temperature, if the external probe is present (optional)
Input DHW temperature	Not used on this model
Return temperature	Return temperature display
CH2 temperature	Safety flow probe display
System flow temp.	Displays the temperature read on the system flow probe
Duty pump command	Views the control of the pump duty PWM
Flowpump	Displays the central heating circuit flow rate inside the boiler
Flowrate	Not used on this model
Fanspeed	Fan speed display (rpm)
Boiler exhaust temp.	Flue gas temperature display
Solar storage temp.	Not used on this model
Solar collector temp.	Not used on this model
Maintenancewithing	This displays the number of days within which maintenance must be carried out. After the days or with the function deactivated, the line is not displayed
Main board rev. SW	Boiler board sw version display
Firmware version	Display board sw version display

MENU/Anomalies log	
Menuitem Description	
Boiler	Allows the selection of the boiler anomaly history.
Room probe	Allows the selection of the room probe anomaly history (if present).

MENU/Anomalies log/Boiler	
Menuitem	Description
Showalarm	This displays the boiler anomaly history. The size of the anomaly history is equal to 10 anomalies and they are displayed in decreasing order of appearance (no.1 is the most recent). The displayed anomalies are accompanied by the time and date of the anomaly being generated.
Resetanomalies	Resets the list of anomalies

MENU/Anomalies log/Room probe	
Menu item Description	
Showalarm	Displays the room probe anomaly history (if present). The size of the anomaly history is equal to 10 anomalies and they are displayed in decreasing order of appearance (no.1 is the most recent). The displayed anomalies are accompanied by the time and date of the anomaly being generated.
Reset anomalies	Resets the list of anomalies



MENU/Counters			
Menuitem Description			
Burner ignitions number	Number of burner ignitions counter		
Burnerworkinghours	Burner operating hours meter		

MENU/General settings				
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Language	Defines the remote panel operation language		ITA(*)	
Display	It is possible to adjust the contrast and lighting of the display. The lighting (available on two levels) can be automatically selected as fixed or variable during the boiler operation or user access to the display		Contrast: 5 Display lighting: Min	
Access level	Allows the entry of an access code to access the parameter customisation menus according to ones needs (dedicated to a qualified technician)			
User factory settings	Resets the user parameters to default state			
Service factory settings	Resets the service parameters to default state: the boiler parameters are excluded (hydraulic and combustion setting)			

 $The P.C.B. \ defines the operating mode and the boiler output according to the combination of several parameters.$

The correct parameters to obtain the correct operating power of the appliance are defined from the combination of parameters "Model", "Gas type", "Flue length". This is why it is advised not to modify the "Fan rpm" parameters (Fan rpm min-Fan rpm max-Fan rpm acc...).

- Enter Menu/General setting/Language.
- Select the desired language from those available and press OK.

Assistance menu access

To enter the appliance menu reserved for Service:

MENU/General settings/Access level

To activate the access reserved to "Service", follow the above path; upon "Access code request", enter code 1122 (using the "DHW set" and "Central heating set" knobs) and press "Ok", then the "Access levell" menu will open where it is possible to select the "Service" access type. The authentication as "Service" gives access to the parameters reserved for a qualified Technician.



As long as you continue navigating the menu, access as Service remains active.

Returning to the main screen, the Service access will remain active for 4 minutes, then it will automatically go back to User level. To manually go back to User level, simply type the password following the procedure described above and set User again. If the appliance turns off and on again, the menu will automatically go back to User level.

MENU/Support

**
Boiler
DHW
C.H.
Inputs
Modbus
Special function
Maintenance

MENU/Support/Boiler/ Hydraulic					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value	
		Istan. = not used on this model	Herc.=with		
		Bol. = not used on this model	domestic hot		
Hydraulic	Defines the type of boiler hydraulics	Herc. = with domestic hot water production and central heating system pump control	water production and central heating system		
		Herc. Sol.= not used on this model	pump control		

	MENU/Service/Boiler/Combustion					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value		
Model	Set the heat generator type	1÷30	3			
		NG = operation with Methanegas				
Gastype	Defines the type of gas:	LG=operation with LPG gas	NG = Methane			
		AP = operation with Propane Air gas				
Fan rpm min	Setting of minimum fan speed (absolute)	450 - 3500 (rpm)	2350 rpm			
Fan rpm max	Setting of maximum fan speed (absolute)	3500 ÷ 8300 (rpm)	6950 rpm			
Fanrpmign.	Sets burner ignition fan speed	2000 ÷ 4500 (rpm)	3500 rpm			
Maximum calibr. range	Activates a greater combustion set adjustment range	No = normal combustion set adjustment range	No			
	during complete calibration	Yes = extended combustion set adjustment range	INO			

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A change in values of this table will cause a appliance block with E62 appearing and consequent request for complete calibration.

	MENU/Service/Boiler/ Powers					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value		
Power max DHW	Defines the maximum heat output percentage of the boiler during the D.H.W. phase compared to the maximum heat output available	0 ÷ 100 (%)	100			
Power min DHW	Defines the minimum heat output percentage of the boiler during the D.H.W. phase compared to the minimum heat output available	0 ÷ 100 (%)	0			
Power max CH	Defines the maximum heat output percentage of the boiler during the central heating mode com- pared to the maximum heat output available	0 ÷ 100 (%)	75			
Power min CH	Defines the minimum heat output percentage of the boiler during the central heating mode com- pared to the minimum heat output available	0 ÷ 100 (%)	0			
Correction flow DHW	Not used on this model	-9÷9(kw)	0			



The P.C.B. defines the operating mode and the boiler output according to the combination of several parameters. The correct parameters to obtain the correct operating power of the appliance are defined from the combination of parameters "Model", "Gas type", "Length Flue". This is why it is advised not to modify the "Fan rpm" parameters (Fan rpm min-Fan rpm max-Fan rpm ign.).

	MENU/Service/Boiler/External relays					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value		
		Off=relay always Off				
		Zone 1 = Zone 1 control				
		Allarm = General alarm				
	The boiler is set-up for functioning	CH active = Central heating mode / C.H. mode active				
Relay 1	with the relay board (optional), which can be configured on relay 1	Gas valve = External gas valve power supply	Zone 1			
		Three-way = Active together with three-way position in central heating / C.H.				
		DHW active = Domestic hot water mode/DHW mode active				
		Off = relay always Off	- On			
	The boiler is set-up for functioning with the relay board (optional), which can be configured on relay 2	Allarm = General alarm				
		CH active = Central heating mode / C.H. mode active				
Relay 2		Gas valve = External gas valve power supply				
	eur de comigarea on reia, 2	Zone 2 = not used on this model				
		PdC = not used on this model				
		DHW active = Domestic hot water mode/DHW mode active				
		Off=relay always Off				
		CHL active = not used on this model				
		Allarm = General alarm				
		CH active = Central heating mode / C.H. mode active				
Relay3	The boiler is set-up for functioning with the relay board (optional), which	Gas valve = External gas valve power supply				
reday 5	can be configured on relay 3	PdC = not used on this model				
		*DHW recirc. = Storage tank recirculation pump active when Boost is active				
		Zone 1 = Zone 1 control				
		DHW active = Domestic hot water mode/DHW mode active				

(*) To activate recirculation using an external pump (not supplied as optional), in addition to configuring the relay, the Boost function must be activated. With Boost On, recirculation is always running. With Boost Auto, recirculation works according to the time slots set on the DHW (Domestic hot water) program (on in comfort and off in economy).

MENU/Support/Boiler/Flue					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value	
Length	Setsfluelength	Min/med/ Max	Min		
Enable klapet valve	Set the preset parameters on the board software to allow installation in configuration $C_{(10)}$ - $C_{(12)}$	No/Yes	Yes		



A change in these parameters will cause the appliance block signalled with E72; to reset E72, a quick calibration must be activated.

MENU/Support/Boiler/ Timers				
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Anti heating cycles	Central heating anti-cycle timer set.	0 ÷ 840	180 seconds	
Heatingramp	Set central heating ramp timer.	0÷840	180 seconds	
RT request delay	Set delay timer requested by TA.	0÷600	0 seconds	
Solar delay	Not used on this model.	-	-	
Waiting time priority	Not used on this model.	-	-	
Antilegionellastop	Sets the maximum time for the anti-legionella function. Once this time elapses, an error is indicated and the function is forced to terminate.	0 ÷ 255	180 minutes	
Boiler end of precedence	Set the maximum time allowed to finish heating of the storage tank. When this time elapses, the appliance signals error 177.	0 ÷ 255	240 minutes	

	MENU/Support/Boiler/ Pump					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value		
Mode	Sets the boiler pump operation mode	Interm. = in winter "mode" the pump is managed according to the room control request.	- Interm.			
Mode	in central heating	Cont. = in winter mode the pump is always powered and so functions continuously				
Maxpumpspeed	Sets the boiler pump maximum operating speed in central heating	1÷9	9			
Min pump speed	Sets the boiler pump minimum operating speed in central heating	1÷9	9			
Deltat	This defines the type of speed control	Delta t = 0: head proportional to the power supplied by the burner	15°C			
	of the boiler pump in central heating	Delta t = 525: constant Delta t operation (at the set value)	13 C			

		rice/Domestic Hot Water	D (1:	Customised
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	value
		nts = storage tank control performed via NTC probe		
Boiler control input	Set the type of board input on which to	dig. = storage tank control performed via contact (not used on this model)		
boner contrormput	activate the storage tank control	ntc+dig = storage tank control per- formed by summing the probe reading and the enabling contact (not used on this model)	ntc	
		hyster.0:3k control hysteresis and flow correlated to the DHW setting (set +25K)		
		hyster. 1: 3k control hysteresis and flow correlated to boiler power		
DHW hysteresis	and temperature	hyster. 2: 10k control hysteresis and flow correlated to set	,	
		hyster. 3: 5k control hysteresis and flow fixed at 85°C		
		hyster. 4: hysteresis and flow settable on parameters below the item		
Boil.water temp. hyster. 4	Set the storage tank flow temperature for hysteresis type 4	35 ÷ 85	70°C	
Diff. prec. with hyster. 4	Set the storage tank control hysteresis for type 4 hysteresis	2 ÷ 15	15°C	
DHW flow regulator	Not used on this model	-	-	
DHW min set	Set minimum DHW (Domestic hot water) set limit available to user	10 ÷ 65	10°C	
DHW max set	Set maximum DHW (Domestic hot water) set limit available to user	10 ÷ 65	60°C	
Antilegionella	Anti-legion.cycle time: Sets the anti-legionella function intervention time	00:00 ÷ 24:00	02:00	
	Anti-legion.cycle day: Sets the day(s) of activation of the anti-legionella function		None	

MENU/Support/C.H.					
Menuitem Description		Range	Default	Customised value	
CH min set	Set minimum central heating / C.H. set limit available	20÷85	20°C		
CH max set	Set maximum central heating / C.H. set limit available	20÷85	85°C		
Editexternal probe	Sets correction factor on external probe reading	-9÷9	0°C		
Sys.flowprobe max cur.	Sets the maximum limit for boiler flow set correction from system flow probe reading (Optional)	0 ÷ 15	5°C		

MENU/Support/Inputs					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value	
Configurable input	Enables management of system flow probe	Disable / Flow temp / Photovol.	Flowtemp		
Remote control	Sets the dialogue protocol with remote device	IMG BUS: select this mode when connecting an Immergas remote control (e.g. CARv2) to terminals 44-41			
		1: select this mode when a commercial remote is connected to terminals 44-41 (with this selection, the control of the domestic hot water adjustments is available on the boiler panel, rather than on the remote device)	IMGBUS		
		2: not used on this model			

MENU/Support/ Modbus				
Menu item	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Туре	Enables dialogue in Dominus app or Domotics system	Off - Dominus -*BMS	Off	

BMS mode (Building Management System)

When the BMS is activated and functioning, the control panel behaves like when the CAR^{v_2} is connected.

 $This \, condition \, is \, specified \, by \, the \, appearance \, of \, the \, word \, "BMS" \, under \, the \, zone \, identification \, icon.$

The appliance connected to the BMS must only be controlled by it and not by other external devices, such as the CAR^{V2} , the zone control unit, etc.

If the BMS is activated and these devices are present simultaneously, a conflict will be generated and will appear on the display with the text "Incompatible mode".

* When the BMS parameter is selected, the parameters already set and ready to communicate with the Immergas system manager will appear and be visible in the following table:

MENU/Support/Modbus/BMS					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value	
Slaveaddress	Items displayed when Modbus parameter is set = BMS type.	1÷247	1		
Baudrate		1200 - 2400 - 4800 - 9600 - 19200 - 38400 (bps)	9600		
Paritybit		None / Even / Odd	Even		
Stop bits		1 - 2	1	_	



 $If the BMS \ must be integrated into an existing home automation \ system \ or \ other \ than \ the \ Immergas \ system \ manager, the \ Authorised \ Technical \ Assistance \ Centre \ must be contacted for the configuration of the \ correct \ parameters.$

MENU/Support/Special function/Deaeration				
Menu item	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Enable vent	Vent enabled: to activate automatic venting at each power-on	No-Yes	Yes	
Deaeration comand	Activates/deactivates the deaeration control with a command	Stop - Start		
Function duration in hours	This displays the time remaining until the end of the function	0 - 255 (h)		
Anomaly	This displays any current anomaly			

MENU/Service/Special function/Test flue					
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default		
En. test flue	Activate the flue test function	Stop-Start	Stop		
Status	Notifies the function status	Off-On			
Fanspeed	Fan speed display (rpm)	(rpm)			
Fault	This displays any current anomaly				

	MENU/Service/Special function/Complete calibration				
Menuitem	Description	Range			
Complete calibration	Activates the complete calibration function (Access to the calibration window with activation of the complete calibration command: makes it possible to change the combustion set)				

MENU/Service/Special function/Fast calibration				
Menuitem	Description	Range		
Fast calibration	Activates the quick calibration function (Access to the calibration window with activation of the quick calibration command			

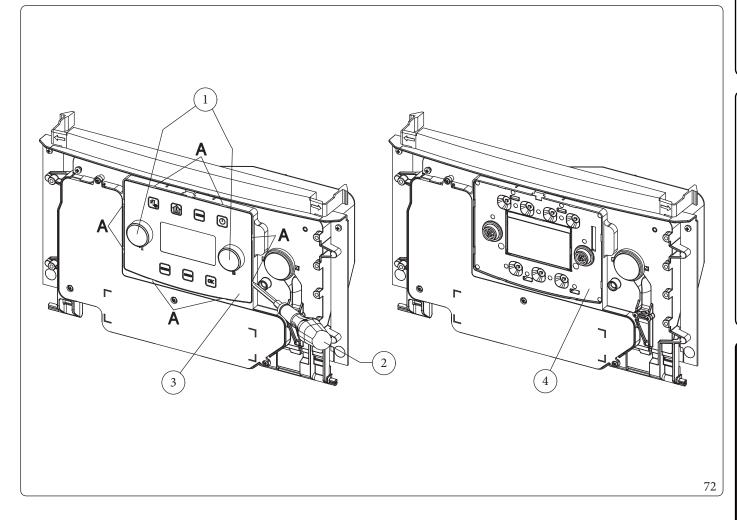
MENU/Service/Special function/Screed heater				
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
En. screed heater	Activates the function with Yes selected and the advanced end if No is selected	No - Yes	No	
Minimum flow set	It is possible to set the minimum flow temperature at screed heater function start	20÷45 (°C)	25°C	
Maximum flow set	It is possible to set the maximum flow temperature delivered during the screed heater function	25 ÷ 55 (°C)	45°C	
Time spent set min	It is possible to set the days of stay at minimum flow set during the screed heater function	1 ÷ 7 (Day/s)	3 Day/s	
Climbgradient	It is possible to set the ascent variation speed from minimum flow set to maximum flow set during the screed heater function	3÷30 (°C/Day)	30°C/Day	
Time spent set max	It is possible to set the days of stay at maximum flow set during the screed heater function	1 ÷ 10 (Day/s)	4 Day/s	
Descent gradient	It is possible to set the descent variation speed from maximum flow set to minimum flow set during the screed heater function	3÷30 (°C/Day)	30°C/Day	
		Off = deactive function		
		Min = function active with stay time at minimum flow set		
Status	This displays the screed heater func-	up = function active with increase from minimum flow set to maximum flowset		
	tionprogress	Max = function active with stay time at maximum flow set		
		down = function active with decrease from maximum flow set to minimum flowset		
Holding time T max	Tis displays the stay time at maximum screed heater temperature (h)	(h)		
Function duration in days	This displays the time remaining until the end of the function in days	(Day/s)		
Function duration in hours	This displays the time remaining in hours until the end of the function (to be added to the days of the previous item)	(h)		

	MENU/Service/ Maintenance			
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	Customised value
Select number of months	Sets the number of months for scheduled maintenance	Off-36	Off	

3.16 REPLACING THE CONTROL PANEL KEYBOARD

When replacing the keyboard due to a fault or malfunction, proceed as follows:

- 1. Disconnect power to the appliance.
- 2. Open the control panel (see Par. 3.28 e Fig. 75; 76) and disconnect the pin strip which connects the keyboard to the display by accessing the internal parts of the control panel, under the Integrated P.C.B.
- 3. Remove the knobs (1)
- $4. \quad Use a flat head screwdriver (2) to remove the keyboard (3), actuating under the surface in the various points indicated with (A).$
- 5. Pulirand the surface (4) of the control panel by removing any residue of the double-sided adhesive.
- 6. Glue the new keyboard to the control panel by applying finger pressure along the entire perimeter of the keyboard.



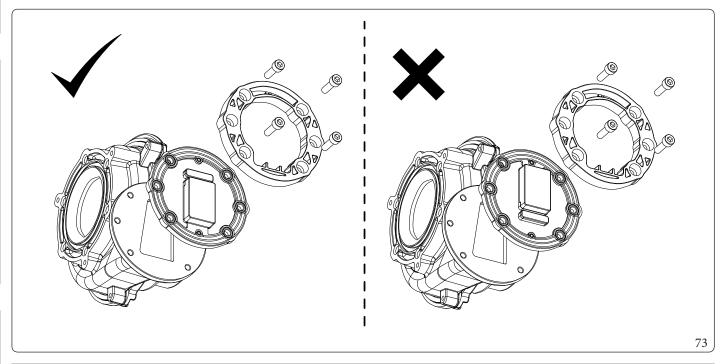
3.17 SPECIFIC INFORMATION FOR CORRECT APPLIANCE INSTALLATION IN COMMON PRESSURISED FLUE SYSTEMS $(C_{(10)} - C_{(12)})$



The appliance is factory equipped with a flue gas non-return valve located downstream of the fan, this device, given the importance of its correct operation, must have its installations $C_{(10)}$ and $C_{(12)}$ checked on an annual basis, and the active rubber element must be replaced in case of cuts in the moving parts.



For safety reasons, the flue gas non-return valve (inside the appliance) must be replaced after 10 years of operation.



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Before removing the sealing elements of the sealed chamber, using the flue gas analyser and with the appliance off, check that there are no traces of combustion products in the flue gas sample point.

The presence of combustion products indicates that the non-return valve on the flue gas (in appliance exhaust) is not properly closed, in which case it is appropriate to check the absence of flue gas even in the sealed chamber (analysis via air sample point).



If malfunctions are detected on the flue gas non-return valves, especially on the discharge valve, in the absence of a shut-off flue adjusting device at the coupling point of the flue in the pressurised collective flue, it will be necessary to turn off all the boilers connected to the pressurised collective flue itself, or make sure to intercept the connection point to avoid the dispersion of combustion products into the environment.

Only then proceed to verify the components, making sure that the non-return valve siphon on the flue gas (on the exhaust) (Fig. 36) is full and replacing them if malfunctioning or damaged.

3.18 APPLIANCE COUPLING WITH WIRELESS ROOM PROBES

The kit concentrator with probe consists of two devices capable of communicating together via radio frequency. The radio association between the two devices **is not factory set**.

It is necessary to perform the following operations at the time of installation, in order to activate radio acknowledgement and assign room control to the correct zone.

The room probe will be positioned in the room where temperature control is required.

The room probe works with the use of two 1.5V AA batteries and does not require electrical connection via wires.

The concentrator must be connected to the appliance by wiring (supplied with the kit) and positioned near the appliance.

If necessary it can be placed away from the appliance; in this case, it is necessary to provide a suitable electrical connection (not supplied with the kit).



Both the probe and the concentrator are suitable for indoor operation; they cannot be used outdoors and/or in environments subject to atmospheric agents.

Association procedure:

Insert the batteries on the probe and press the button on the probe for 5 sec.



If the probe is already previously associated, the LH and RH LEDs will flash alternately, therefore it is necessary to proceed with the RF disassociation (see RF Disassociation operations);

if it is **not associated** the LHLED will start to flash (RHLED off), then continue with the next step of this procedure.

Zone assignment to wireless room probe:

- 1. make sure to have correctly made the electrical connections between concentrator and appliance and to have inserted the batteries on the wireless probe;
- 2. feed the appliance and access the Menu. For more details on menu navigation and access controls, see (Par. 2.8);
- 3. access with the "Service" credentials;
- 4. access the Zones Menu;
- 5. select the zone to which the room probe refers;
- 6. enter the menu Configuration/Room probe;
- 7. select Type = RF;
- 8. set the M3 address of the concentrator to which to associate the wireless probe (the M3 address is defined by the position of the switches on the board inside the concentrator, default 0);
- 9. press OK (a confirmation window will be displayed with the text "Confirm operation"?);
- 10. accept the confirmation request by pressing OK; then the display will show "Status ..." (association in progress) and Lh LED will flash on the concentrator (pending association);
- 11. move to the probe to be associated within 30 seconds and press the central button for 5 seconds. When the LH LED flashes, briefly press the button again (1 second);
- 12. once the operation has been completed correctly, the 2LH and RH LEDs will flash alternately on the probe for 10 sec. to then indicate on the LH LED the number of the associated zone by flashing, with the RH LED steady. If the operation is not completed correctly, the two LEDs will flash synchronously for 5 seconds and the display will show the text "Status No-Link" (the operation needs to be repeated);
- 13. on Display, when the operation is completed correctly, the room probe status appears as "Ok".

Indications displayed on the "Status Room probe" menu

The following items appear in the Room probe association window:

- Status = Err: configuration error; the association sequence on the concentrator was not successful. Repeat the association sequence.
- **Status = No-Link**: error on RF association between probe and concentrator; it may also appear with probe battery flat. Check wireless probe operation and repeat the association sequence.
- **Status** = --: indicates the wait for configuration; if it is maintained for a long time during the association sequence, check the connection between the concentrator and appliance.
- **Status** = ...: indicates the mode of association in progress.
- $\quad \textbf{Status} = \textbf{Ok}: indicates the correct association between the wireless probe and the zone to be controlled.$



RF disassociation on wireless room probe

Should it be necessary to reset a previous assignment made on the room probe, proceed with the following operation on the room probe:

- 1. Press and hold the RF Probe button for at least 5s, if it is associated the LH-LEDs and the RH-LEDs will start to flash alternately;
- 2. At this point, press the button again for 5s and release it when only the LH-LED starts flashing while the RH-LED remains off;
- 3. Wait until the LH LED stops flashing before making a new association.

By using optional kits such as the concentrator kit for wireless room probes (if necessary to manage a single zone) and any wireless room probe kit (to manage any other zones up to a maximum of 3), it is possible to activate a room control in central heating / C.H. managed directly by the appliance.

The central heating / C.H. program will manage two room temperatures (comfort and reduced) in combination with the slots requested on the central heating / C.H. program (possibly diversified for the 3 zones).

Under these conditions, it will be possible to activate a system flow temperature modulating control so as to limit consumptions (enter any temperature control class, see table below).

To complete the room control via wireless probes, it is possible to connect the external probe (optional) and activate the control via the Dominus App (optional).

Remember that the central heating / C.H. demand, in addition to being subject to the central heating / C.H. program and to the temperature detected by the room probe, it will also be controlled by the contact set up for limit switch micro (terminals 40-41 for single zone). For the electrical connection, configuration and correct management of the room probes (+ concentrator), see the kit instruction sheet.

Class	Contribution to room central heating seasonal energy efficiency	Description
I	1%	Using up to 2 Wireless room probes with modulating function excluded
V	3%	Using up to 2 Wireless room probes with modulating function active
VI	4%	Using up to 2 Wireless room probes with modulating function active on room and on external temperature (+ external probe connected to boiler)
VIII	5%	Using 3 Wireless room probes with modulating function active

3.19 AUTOMATICVENT

The De-aeration setting and activation control is available in the Menu (with Service recognition) at the following path:

Menu/Support/Special function/Deaeration

Once in the "Deaeration" page, the window allows the first line to activate automatic de-aeration each time the appliance is powered by selecting "Enable vent = Yes" (standard setting).

This function lasts 8 minutes and it can be ended both by setting "Enable vent = No", and by pressing the "Reset" button on the main screen control panel.

On the second line of the "Deaeration" page it is possible to activate the manual de-aeration by selecting "Deaeration = Start".

This function lasts 18 hours and it can be ended by setting "Deaeration = Stop" and by pressing the "Reset" button on the control panel.

3.20 CHIMNEYSWEEP

Activate the chimney sweep function by enabling the mode as described below.

With the display set on the main screen (if not, go to the main screen by pressing the Menu key

- 1. Activate the keyboard by pressing any key (if it is not already active, i.e. with the backlit keys);
- $2. \ \ Press the "RESET" key and keep it pressed for about 4-6.5 seconds until the message Chimney sweeper appears, then release the key;$
- 3. When the "RESET" key is released, the following list will appear on the display:

Chimney sweeper				
Menuitem	Description	Range	Default	
En. chimney sweeper	Chimney sweep function active	Stop-Start	Stop	
Status	Notifies the function status	Off-On		
Set power level	Set power level	0 ÷ 100%		
Flowtemperature	Flow temperature display	0÷99°C		
Flame	This displays the flame status	Off-On		
Circuit CH	Notification if central heating / C.H. is activated	Off-On		
Circuit DHW	Notification if DHW (Domestic hot water) is activated	Off-On		
Anomaly	This displays any current anomaly			



If the key is released after the time limit of 6.5 seconds, no function is activated.



In this state, all adjustments are excluded and the safety thermostat and the limit thermostat functions remain active.

Activate the function in the first line by selecting "Start".

This function makes it possible for the technician to check the combustion parameters in the working range that goes from minimum central heating / C.H. Q. to Nominal central heating / C.H. Q.

It is possible to select whether to make the check in CH status or DHW status by opening any hot water valve.

The power supplied by the burner can be adjusted within the chimney sweep menu on the "Set power level" parameter.

The central heating or D.H.W. operating mode is displayed on the chimney sweep window.

After completing the checks, disable the function by selecting "Stop".

If an anomaly with a manual release command is active when this function is started, the prolonged pressure described above will be followed by the message "Chimney sweeper: Fault active".

If the Antifreeze mode is set at start-up, the prolonged pressure described above will be followed by the message "Chimney sweeper: Incompatible mode".

Once activated from the Chimney sweeper window, the function remains active until the "En. chimney sweeper=Stop" command is given, or after the chimney sweep function has lasted for 20 minutes after the last action on the buttons and/or encoder.



With the function active, it is possible to return to the initial screen and then re-enter the Chimney sweeper window with a long press on the reset button, keeping the function always active.



3.21 SCREED HEATER

The appliance is equipped with a function to perform the thermal shock on new radiant panel systems, as required by the applicable standard.

The function can only be activated when the appliance is in antifreeze mode.



 $Contact the \, manufacturer \, of \, the \, radiant \, panels \, for \, the \, thermal \, shock \, characteristics \, and \, its \, correct \, execution.$



To be able to activate the function there must be no remote control connected, while in case of system divided into zones it must be properly connected, both hydraulically and electrically.

Menu/Support/Special function/Screed heater

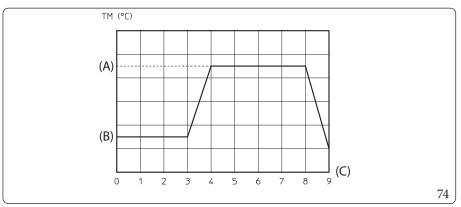
The active zone pumps are those with ongoing requests, made via the room thermost at input.

The standard function lasts in total 8 days - 3 days at the lowest temperature set and 4 days at the highest temperature selected plus the time necessary for the ascent and descent variations (Fig. 74).

Duration can be changed by changing the value of parameters, see (Par. 2.8).

At this point, "Screed heater underway" appears on the display.

In case of failure, the function is suspended and will resume when normal operating conditions are reset from the point where it was interrupted.



Key (Fig. 74): (A) - Top set (B) - Lower set (C) - Days

3.22 PUMPANTI-BLOCK

The appliance has a function that starts up the pump at least once every 24 hours for 30 seconds in order to reduce the risk of the pump locking up due to prolonged inactivity.

3.23 THREE-WAY ANTI-BLOCK

In both phase "DHW", and "DHW-C.H.", the appliance has a function that activates the motorised 3-way unit 24 hours after the last time it operated by running a complete cycle in order to reduce the risk of the 3-way blocking due to prolonged inactivity.

3.24 RADIATOR ANTIFREEZE

 $If the \, system \, return \, water \, is \, below \, 4^{\circ}C, the \, appliance \, starts \, up \, until \, reaching \, 42^{\circ}C.$

3.25 P.C.B. PERIODICAL SELF-CHECK

During functioning in Central heating mode or with appliance in Standby, the function activates every 18 hours after the last appliance check/power supply. In case of functioning in domestic hot water mode the self-check starts within 10 minutes after the end of the withdrawing in progress, for duration of approx. 10 seconds.



During the self-check, the appliance remains off. Warnings included.

3.26 DRAINING THE SYSTEM

Empty the appliance by actuating the specific draining valve (Det. 25 Fig. 52).

Before draining, ensure that the filling valve is closed.

In systems that are drained frequently, filling must be carried out with suitably treated water to eliminate hardness that can cause lime-scale.



If fluid containing glycol was added to the system circuit, make sure it is recovered and disposed of in accordance with standard EN 1717.

3.27 STORAGETANK DRAINING

To drain the storage tank, use the relevant storage tank draining valve (Det. 34 Fig. 52).



Before performing this operation, close the boiler cold water inlet valve and open any DHW system hot water valve in order to allow the inlet of air into the storage tank.

3.28 CASINGREMOVAL

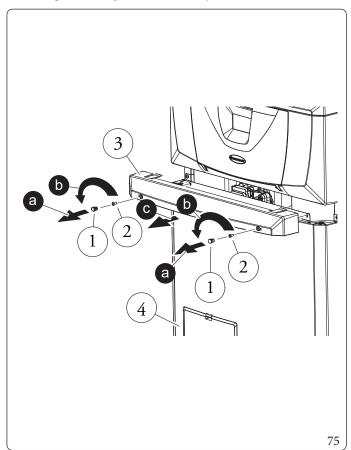
To facilitate appliance maintenance the casing can be completely removed as follows:

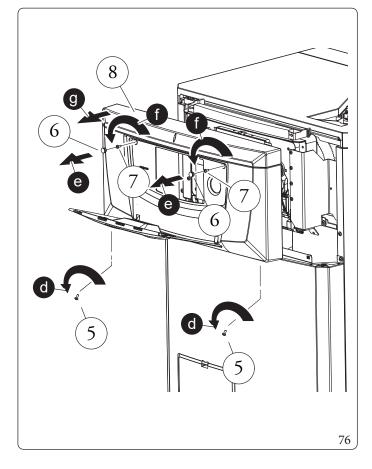
Lower aesthetic profile (Fig. 75).

- 1. Remove (a) the caps (1).
- 2. Unscrew (b) the two screws (2).
- 3. Slip off (c) the bottom aesthetic profile (3) from the boiler (4).

Front (Fig. 76)

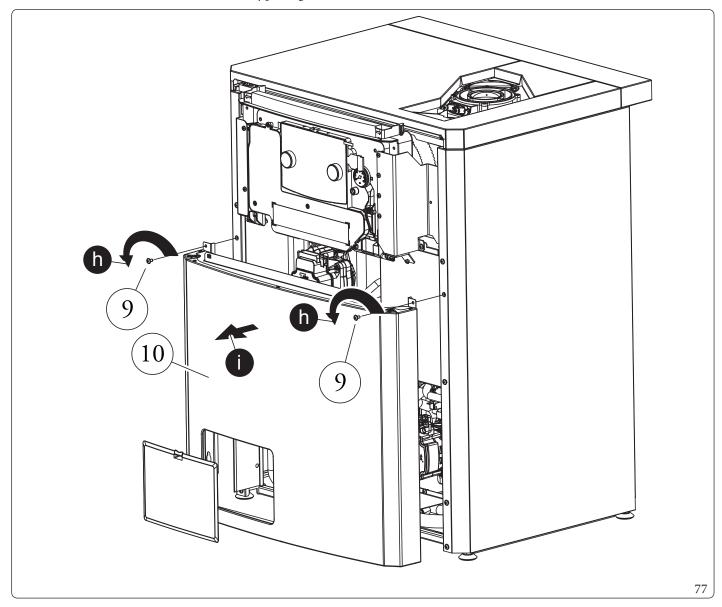
- 4. Unscrew (d) the screws (5).
- 5. Remove (e) the cover caps (6) and unscrew (f) the screws (7).
- 6. Pull (g) the front panel (8) towards you and release it from its lower seat.





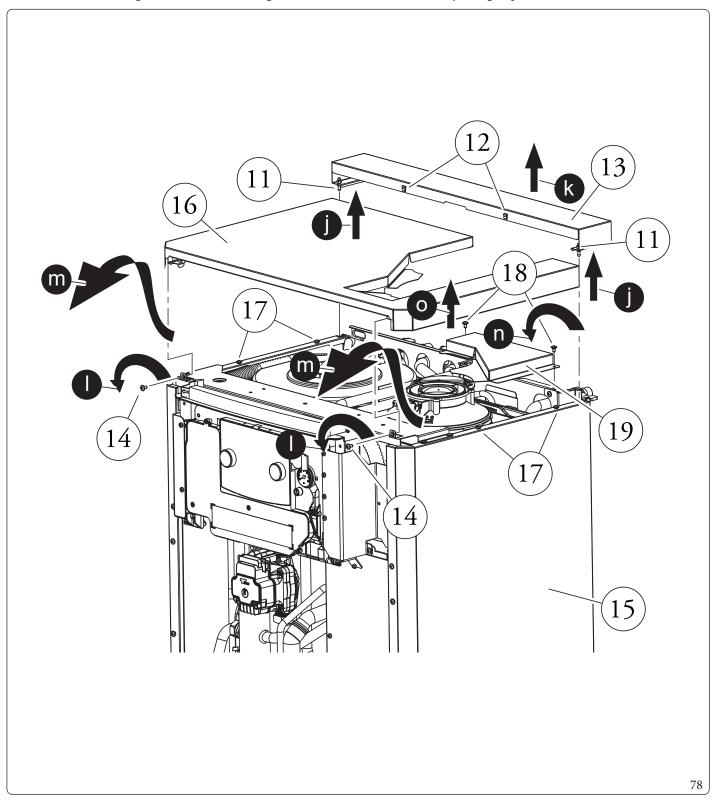
Front panel (Fig. 77)

- 7. Unscrew(h) the fixing screws (9) of the front door (10).8. Remove the front door (10) from the boiler by pulling it outwards.



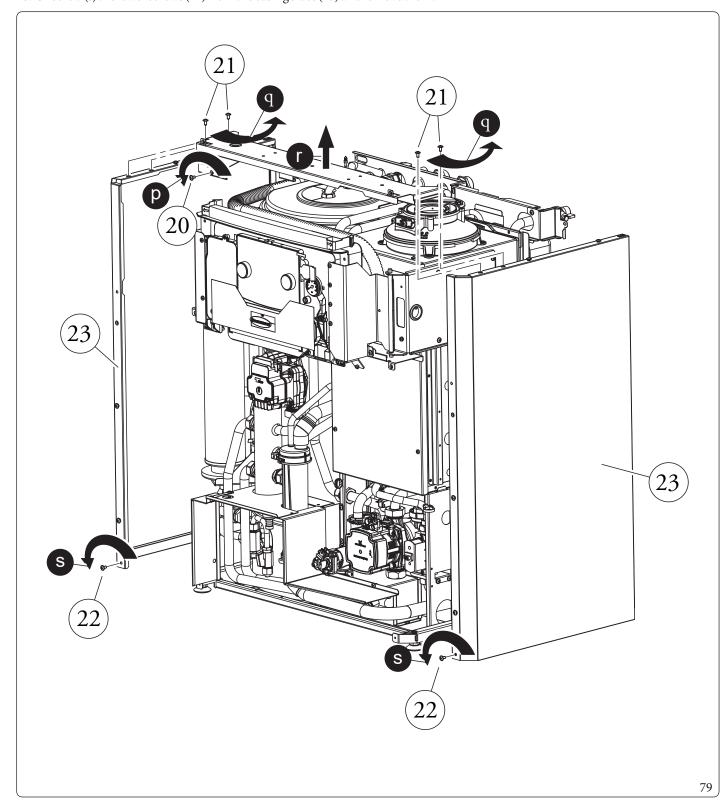
Upper panel (Fig. 78)

- 9. Remove (j) the pins (11) and guides (12) from the slots of the boiler sides (15) by pulling them upwards.
- 10. Lift (k) the lower casing (13) and remove it.
- 11. Unscrew(l) the fixing screws (14) of the upper door (16).
- $12. \ Pulloutwards \ and \ lift \ (m) \ the \ front \ panel \ (16) \ to \ remove \ it \ from \ the \ boiler \ (15) \ pulling \ it \ out \ of \ the \ screws \ (17) \ fixed \ on \ the \ sides.$
- $13. \ Unscrew (n) the fixing screws of the rear closing of the cover (19) and remove it (o) by lifting it up.$



Sides (Fig. 79)

- $14.\ Unscrew{\,(p)\,the\,screw}{\,(20)\,from\,the\,bracket}.$
- $15.\ Unscrew \ (q)\ the\ sides\ screws\ (21)\ from\ the\ bracket\ and\ remove\ it\ by\ lifting\ it\ up\ (r).$
- 16. Unscrew (s) the lower screws (22) from the casing sides (23) and remove them.





4

TECHNICAL DATA

4.1 VARIABLE HEAT OUTPUT



The power data in the table has been obtained with intake-exhaust pipe measuring $0.5\,\mathrm{m}$ in length. Gas flow rates refer to net calorific value below a temperature of $15^\circ\mathrm{C}$ and at a pressure of $1013\,\mathrm{mbar}$.

$Hercules\,Mini\,35$

			METHANE (G20)			PROPANE (G31)		
FLOW RATE OUTPUT	HEAT OUTPUT		FAN	REVS	GAS FLOW RATE BURNER	FAN	REVS	GASFLOW RATE BURNER
(kW)	(kW)		(rpm)	(%)	(m3/h)	(rpm)	(%)	(kg/h)
34,9	33,9	D.H.W.	6950	100	3,69	6650	100	2,71
29,0	28,2		5775	75	3,07	5450	73	2,25
27,5	26,7		5575	71	2,91	5275	69	2,14
26,0	25,3		5375	66	2,75	5075	64	2,02
24,0	23,3		5125	61	2,54	4825	59	1,86
22,5	21,9		4925	56	2,38	4650	55	1,75
21,0	20,4		4725	52	2,22	4475	51	1,63
19,5	19,0		4525	48	2,06	4275	46	1,51
17,5	17,0	HEAT.+	4250	42	1,85	4025	41	1,36
16,0	15,6	D.H.W.	4075	38	1,69	3850	37	1,24
14,5	14,1] D.11.vv.	3875	33	1,53	3675	33	1,13
13,0	12,6		3675	29	1,38	3475	28	1,01
11,0	10,6		3400	23	1,16	3225	22	0,85
9,5	9,1		3200	19	1,01	3050	18	0,74
8,0	7,6]	3000	14	0,85	2875	14	0,62
6,5	6,2		2800	10	0,69	2675	10	0,50
4,5	4,3]	2550	4	0,48	2425	4	0,35
3,0	2,8		2350	0	0,32	2250	0	0,23

4.2 COMBUSTION PARAMETERS

 $Combustion\ parameters:\ measuring\ conditions\ of\ useful\ efficiency\ (flow\ temperature/return\ temperature=80/60\ ^{\circ}C),\ ambient\ temperature\ reference=20\ ^{\circ}C.$

Hercules Mini 35

Gastype		G20	G31
Supplypressure	mbar	20,0	37,0
Gas nozzle diameter	mm	5,70	5,70
Ignition fan speed	rpm	3500	3375
Post ventilation fan speed	rpm	3500	3375
Flue flow rate at D.H.W. nominal heat output	kg/h	59	58
Flue flow rate at heating nominal heat output	kg/h	49	47
Flue flow rate at min heat output	kg/h	5	5
CO ₂ at Nominal Q.	%	8,8 (8,3 ÷ 9,3)	10,3 (9,8 ÷ 10,8)
*O_2 at Nominal Q.	78	5,1 (6,0 ÷ 4,2)	- (- ÷ -)
CO_2 at Ignition Q.	%	8,8 (8,3 ÷ 9,3)	10,5 (10,0 ÷ 11,0)
*O_2 at Ignition Q.	78	5,1 (6,0 ÷ 4,2)	- (- ÷ -)
CO_2 at Minimum Q.	%	8,8 (8,3 ÷ 9,3)	10,3 (9,8 ÷ 10,8)
*O_2 at Minimum Q.	78	5,1 (6,0 ÷ 4,2)	- (- ÷ -)
CO with 0% O_2 at Nom./Min. Q .	ppm	141/3	227/3
NO_x with $0\% O_2$ at Nom./Min. Q.	mg/kWh	22/15	34/25
Flue temperature at nominal output	°C	71	70
Flue temperature at minimum output	°C	66	66
Max air combustion temperature	°C	50	50
Maximum flue gas circuit temperature	°C	120	120

 $^{^*}$ O_2 values refer to gas 20% H2NG



4.3 TECHNICAL DATA TABLE

		HERCULESMINI 35
Domestic hot water nominal heat input	kW	34,9
Central heating nominal heat input	kW	29,0
Minimum heat input	kW	3,0
DHW nominal heat input with 20%H2NG gas	kW	32,7
PoCentral heating nominal heatinput with 20%H2NG gas	kW	27,3
Minimum heat input with 20% H2NG gas	kW	3,0
Domestic hot water nominal heat output (useful)	kW	33,9
Central heating nominal heat output (useful)	kW	28,2
Minimum heat output (useful)	kW	2,8
*Effective thermal efficiency 80/60 Nom./Min.	%	97,1/94,3
*Effective thermal efficiency 50/30 Nom./Min.	%	105,0/103,7
*Effective thermal efficiency 40/30 Nom./Min.	%	106,5/108,0
Efficiency at 100% heat output (η100) ref. UNIEN 15502-1	%	97,3
Efficiency at partial heat load (η30) ref. UNI EN 15502-1	%	109,7
Casing losses with burner On/Off	%	0,61/0,63
Chimney losses with burner Off/On	%	0,01/2,27
Maximum heating temperature	°C	90
Adjustable central heating temperature (min. operating field)	°C	20
Adjustable central heating temperature (max operating field)	°C	85
System expansion vessel total volume	1	10,8
Expansion vessel pre-charged pressure	bar	1,0
Appliance water content	1	7,5
Domestic hot water adjustable temperature	°C	10/60
Central heating circuit max. operating pressure	bar	3,0
Domestic hot water circuit min. pressure (dynamic)	bar	0,3
Domestic hot water circuit max. operating pressure	bar	8,0
Flow rate capacity in continuous duty (ΔT 30°C)	l/min	19,0
Weight of full boiler	kg	145,5
Weight of empty boiler	kg	78,0
Electrical connection	V/Hz	230/50
Nominal absorbed current	A	1,2
Installed electric power	W	150
Equipment electrical system protection	IP	X5D
Ambient operating temperature range	°C	0÷40
NO _x class	-	6
*Weighted NO _x G20	mg/kWh	21
Weighted CO G20	mg/kWh	16
Weighted NO _x G31	mg/kWh	-
Weighted CO G31	mg/kWh	-
Type of appliance	-	$\begin{array}{c} B_{23}B_{23p}B_{33}B_{53}B_{53p}C_{13}C_{33}C_{43}C_{53}C_{63}C_{83}C_{93}C_{13X}C_{33X}\\ C_{43X}C_{53X}C_{63X}C_{83X}C_{93X}C_{(10)3}C_{(12)3}C_{(10)3X}C_{(12)3X}C_{(15)3}\\ C_{(15)3X} \end{array}$
Market		IE
Category		II2H3P

^{*} Efficiencies and weighted NOx refer to the net calorific value.

The data relevant to domestic hot water performance refer to a dynamic inlet pressure of 2 bar and an inlet temperature of 15°C; the values are measured directly at the appliance outlet considering that to obtain the data declared mixing with cold water is necessary.

 $Configurations\,C_{(10)}\,and\,C_{(12)}\,are\,only\,permitted\,with\,original, approved\,flue\,system$

 $The appliance is suitable for operation in a \ C_{(10)} \ or \ C_{(12)} \ system \ only \ with the supply of methane gas \ (2H \ and \ 2E \ categories).$

For type C_{63} it is forbidden to install the appliance as it came out of the factory, in configurations that require shared flues in positive pressure.

4.4 TECHNICAL PARAMETERS FOR COMBINATION BOILERS (IN COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATION 813/2013)

The efficiencies and NO_x values in the following tables refer to the gross calorific value.

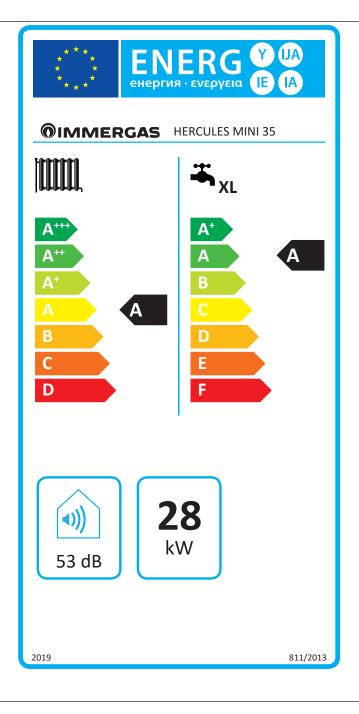
Model	HERCULES MINI 35				
Condensing Boiler	YES				
Low temperature boiler	NO				
Boiler type B1	NO				
Co-generation appliance for central heating		NO			
Mixed heating appliance		YES			
Nominal heat output	P _n	28	kW		
Seasonal energy efficiency of central heating	η_{S}	94	%		
For central heating only and combination boilers: useful heat output					
At nominal heat output in high temperature mode (*)	P_4	28,2	kW		
At 30% of nominal heat output in a low temperature mode (**)	P_1	9,5	kW		
For central heating only and combination boilers: useful efficiency					
At nominal heat output in high temperature mode (*)	η_4	87,6	%		
At 30% of nominal heat output in a low temperature mode (**)	η_1	98,8	%		
Auxiliary electricity consumption					
Atfullload	$\mathrm{el}_{\mathrm{max}}$	0,020	kW		
At partial load	$\mathrm{el}_{\mathrm{min}}$	0,015	kW		
In standby mode	P_{SB}	0,005	kW		
Otheritems					
Heat loss in standby	P_{stby}	0,088	kW		
Ignition burner energy consumption	P_{ign}	0,000	kW		
Emissions of nitrogen oxides	NO _x	19	mg\kWh		
For mixed central heating appliances					
Stated load profile	XL				
Domestic hot water production efficiency	$\eta_{ m WH}$	80	%		
Daily electrical power consumption	Q _{elec}	0,222	kWh		
Annual electrical power consumption	AEC	49	kWh		
Daily gas consumption	Q _{fuel}	24,510	kWh		
Annualgasconsumption	AFC	19	GJ		
(*) High temperature mode means 60°C on return and 80°C on flow	•	•			

 $^{(\}begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \be$

^(**) Low temperature mode for condensation Boilers means 30°C, for low temperature boilers 37°C and for other appliances 50°C of return temperature.

4.5 PRODUCT FICHE (IN COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATION 811/2013)

Hercules Mini 35



Parameter	Value	
Annual energy consumption for the central heating mode (QHE)	GJ	48
Annual electricity consumption for the domestic hot water function (AEC)	kWh	55
Annual fuel consumption for the domestic hot water function (AFC)	GJ	19
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency (ηs)	%	94
Water heating energy efficiency (nwh)	%	82

80

 $For proper installation of the appliance refer to chapter 1 of this booklet (for the installer) and current installation regulations. \\ For proper maintenance refer to chapter 3 of this booklet (for the maintenance technician) and adhere to the frequencies and methods set out herein.$

4.6 PARAMETERS FOR FILLING IN THE PACKAGE FICHE

If an assembly is to be made from this device, use the assembly sheets shown in (Fig. 82 and 84).

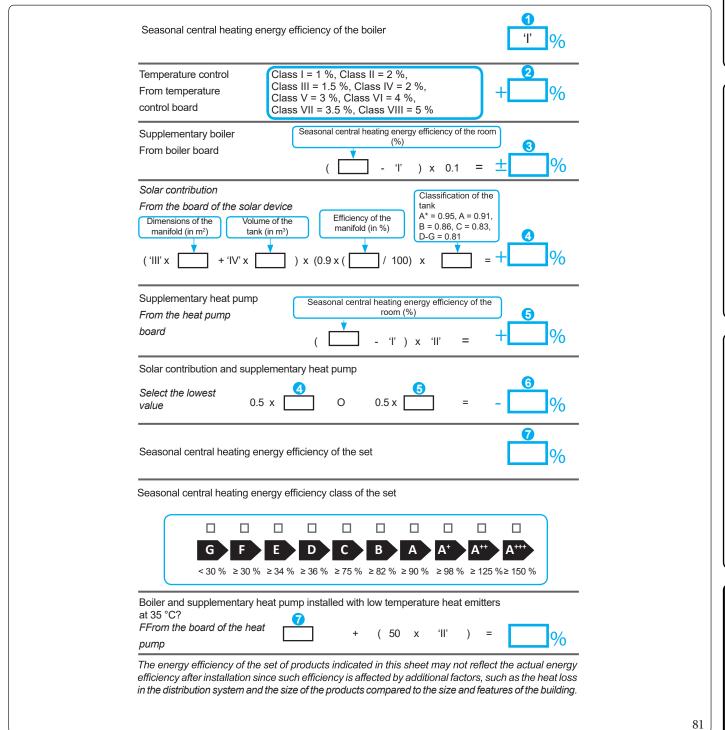
For the correct compilation, insert into the appropriate spaces (as shown in the facsimile package fiche (Fig. 81 and 83) the values set out in the tables "Parameters for compiling package fiche" and "Parameters for compiling DHW package fiche".

The remaining values must be obtained from the technical data sheets of the products used to make up the assembly (e.g. solar devices, integration heat pumps, temperature controllers).

Use sheet (Fig. 82) for "assemblies" related to the heating function (e.g.: boiler + temperature controller).

Use sheet (Fig. 84) for "assemblies" related to the domestic hot water function (e.g.: boiler + solar thermal system).

Facsimile for filling in the package fiche for room central heating systems.

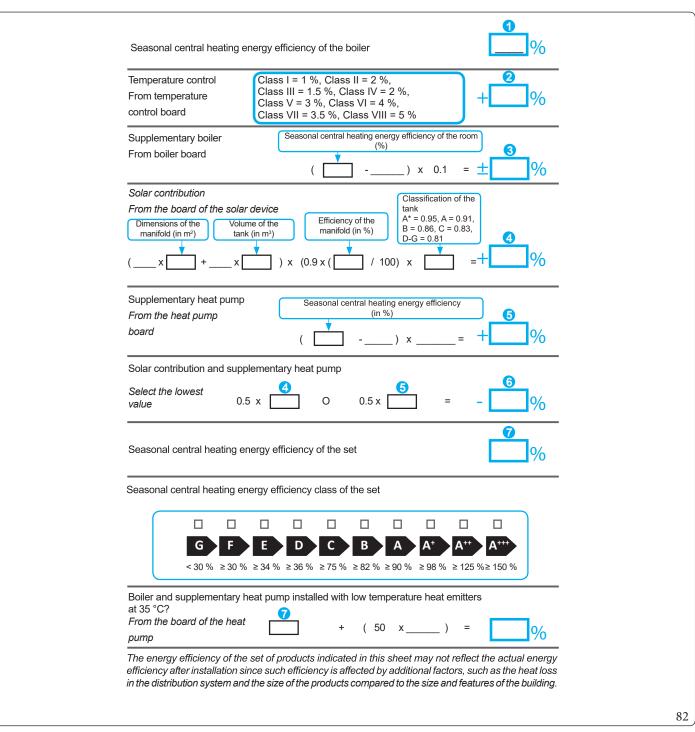


Parameters for filling in the assembly chart

Parameter	HERCULES MINI 35
"I"	94
"II"	*
"III"	0,95
"IV"	0,37

^{*} to be established by means of table 5 of Regulation 811/2013 in case of "assembly" including a heat pump to integrate the boiler. In this case the boiler must be considered as the main appliance of the assembly.

Room central heating system package fiche.



Facsimile for filling in the domestic hot water production system package fiche

Water heating energy efficiency of combination boiler

1' %

Stated load profile:

Solar contribution

From the board of the solar device

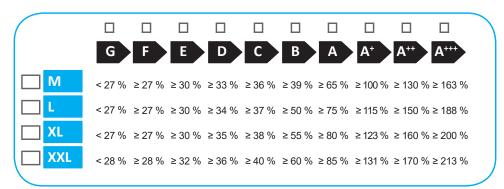




Water heating energy efficiency of the assembly in average climate conditions



Water heating energy efficiency class of the assembly in average climate conditions



Auxiliary electricity

'III'

Water heating energy efficiency class in colder and hotter climate conditions

The energy efficiency of the set of products indicated in this sheet may not reflect the actual energy efficiency after installation since such efficiency is affected by additional factors, such as the heat loss in the distribution system and the size of the products compared to the size and features of the building.

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Parameters for filling in the DHW package fiche

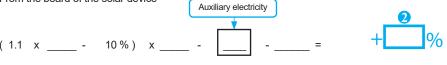
Parameter	HERCULES MINI 35
"I"	80
"II"	*
"III"	*

 $^{^*}$ to be determined according to Regulation 811/2013 and transient calculation methods as per Notice of the European Community no. 207/2014.

Domestic hot water production system package fiche.

Water heating energy efficiency of combination boiler Stated load profile: Solar contribution

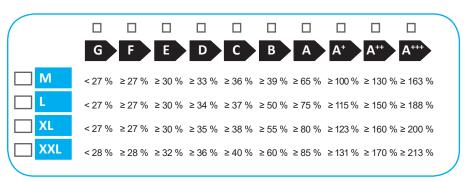
From the board of the solar device



Water heating energy efficiency of the assembly in average climate conditions



Water heating energy efficiency class of the assembly in average climate conditions



Water heating energy efficiency class in colder and hotter climate conditions

The energy efficiency of the set of products indicated in this sheet may not reflect the actual energy efficiency after installation since such efficiency is affected by additional factors, such as the heat loss in the distribution system and the size of the products compared to the size and features of the building.

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immergas.com



Design, manufacture and post-saleassistance of gas boilers, gas water heaters andrelatedaccessories















 $This \, instruction \, booklet \, is \, made \, of \,$ ecological paper.

